

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549**

Form 10-Q

(Mark One)

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED June 30, 2020**

OR

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM TO
Commission file number: 001-35733**

Silvercrest Asset Management Group Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or Other Jurisdiction
of Incorporation or Organization)

45-5146560
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

1330 Avenue of the Americas, 38th Floor
New York, New York 10019
(Address of Principal Executive Offices and Zip Code)

(212) 649-0600
(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Class A common stock, \$0.01 par value per share	SAMG	The Nasdaq Global Market

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act:

Large accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Emerging growth company	<input type="checkbox"/>		

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Securities Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

The number of outstanding shares of the registrant's Class A common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, and Class B common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, as of July 29, 2020 was 9,520,416 and 4,851,922, respectively.

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Except where the context requires otherwise and as otherwise set forth herein, in this report, references to the “Company”, “we”, “us” or “our” refer to Silvercrest Asset Management Group Inc. (“Silvercrest”) and its consolidated subsidiary, Silvercrest L.P., the managing member of our operating subsidiary (“Silvercrest L.P.” or “SLP”). SLP is a limited partnership whose existing limited partners are referred to in this report as “principals”.

Forward-Looking Statements

This report contains, and from time to time our management may make, forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, each as amended. For those statements, we claim the protection of the safe harbor for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. In some cases, you can identify these statements by forward-looking words such as “may”, “might”, “will”, “should”, “expects”, “intends”, “plans”, “anticipates”, “believes”, “estimates”, “predicts”, “potential” or “continue”, the negative of these terms and other comparable terminology. These forward-looking statements, which are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions, may include projections of our future financial performance, future expenses, anticipated growth strategies, descriptions of new business initiatives and anticipated trends in our business or financial results. These statements are only predictions based on our current expectations and projections about future events. Important factors that could cause actual results, level of activity, performance or achievements to differ materially from those indicated by such forward-looking statements include but are not limited to: declines in the financial markets and/or disruption in our operations caused by the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic, incurrence of net losses, fluctuations in quarterly and annual results, adverse economic or market conditions, our expectations with respect to future levels of assets under management, inflows and outflows, our ability to retain clients from whom we derive a substantial portion of our assets under management, our ability to maintain our fee structure, our particular choices with regard to investment strategies employed, our ability to hire and retain qualified investment professionals, the cost of complying with current and future regulation, coupled with the cost of defending ourselves from related investigations or litigation, failure of our operational safeguards against breaches in data security, privacy, conflicts of interest or employee misconduct, our expected tax rate, and our expectations with respect to deferred tax assets, adverse effects of management focusing on implementation of a growth strategy, failure to develop and maintain the Silvercrest brand and other factors disclosed under “Risk Factors” in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019 which is accessible on the SEC’s website at www.sec.gov. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or review any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise, except as required by law.

Part I – Financial Information

Item 1. Financial Statements

Silvercrest Asset Management Group Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition
(Unaudited)
(In thousands, except share and par value data)

	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 37,679	\$ 52,832
Investments	777	1,781
Receivables, net	8,751	8,958
Due from Silvercrest Funds	1,098	1,697
Furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements, net	5,816	6,015
Goodwill	63,675	63,675
Operating lease assets	32,138	33,485
Finance lease assets	232	198
Intangible assets, net	27,880	29,286
Deferred tax asset—tax receivable agreement	11,694	13,190
Prepaid expenses and other assets	3,771	3,132
Total assets	\$ 193,511	\$ 214,249
Liabilities and Equity		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 15,096	\$ 18,527
Accrued compensation	14,717	32,252
Borrowings under credit facility	14,400	16,200
Operating lease liabilities	38,369	39,848
Finance lease liabilities	233	196
Deferred tax and other liabilities	10,278	9,419
Total liabilities	93,093	116,442
Commitments and Contingencies (Note 10)		
Equity		
Preferred Stock, par value \$0.01, 10,000,000 shares authorized; none issued and outstanding, as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019	—	—
Class A common stock, par value \$0.01, 50,000,000 shares authorized; 9,520,416 and 9,329,879 issued and outstanding, as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively	95	93
Class B common stock, par value \$0.01, 25,000,000 shares authorized; 4,851,922 and 5,031,017 issued and outstanding, as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively	47	49
Additional Paid-In Capital	50,146	49,246
Retained earnings	18,627	15,648
Total Silvercrest Asset Management Group Inc.'s equity	68,915	65,036
Non-controlling interests	31,503	32,771
Total equity	100,418	97,807
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 193,511	\$ 214,249

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Silvercrest Asset Management Group Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations
(Unaudited)
(In thousands, except share and per share data)

	<u>Three months ended June 30,</u>		<u>Six months ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Revenue				
Management and advisory fees	\$ 23,018	\$ 22,879	\$ 50,406	\$ 44,468
Family office services	1,003	1,018	1,980	2,001
Total revenue	<u>24,021</u>	<u>23,897</u>	<u>52,386</u>	<u>46,469</u>
Expenses				
Compensation and benefits	13,367	14,018	29,075	27,381
General and administrative	9,297	5,449	9,340	10,659
Total expenses	<u>22,664</u>	<u>19,467</u>	<u>38,415</u>	<u>38,040</u>
Income before other (expense) income, net	<u>1,357</u>	<u>4,430</u>	<u>13,971</u>	<u>8,429</u>
Other (expense) income, net				
Other (expense) income, net	8	8	15	15
Interest income	4	79	10	149
Interest expense	(134)	(8)	(325)	(16)
Total other (expense) income, net	<u>(122)</u>	<u>79</u>	<u>(300)</u>	<u>148</u>
Income before provision for income taxes	<u>1,235</u>	<u>4,509</u>	<u>13,671</u>	<u>8,577</u>
Provision for income taxes	453	1,158	3,199	2,181
Net income	<u>782</u>	<u>3,351</u>	<u>10,472</u>	<u>6,396</u>
Less: net income attributable to non-controlling interests	<u>(292)</u>	<u>(1,487)</u>	<u>(4,450)</u>	<u>(2,823)</u>
Net income attributable to Silvercrest	<u>\$ 490</u>	<u>\$ 1,864</u>	<u>\$ 6,022</u>	<u>\$ 3,573</u>
Net income per share:				
Basic	<u>\$ 0.05</u>	<u>\$ 0.22</u>	<u>\$ 0.64</u>	<u>\$ 0.42</u>
Diluted	<u>\$ 0.05</u>	<u>\$ 0.22</u>	<u>\$ 0.64</u>	<u>\$ 0.42</u>
Weighted average shares outstanding:				
Basic	<u>9,511,767</u>	<u>8,584,614</u>	<u>9,451,567</u>	<u>8,552,017</u>
Diluted	<u>9,520,655</u>	<u>8,587,156</u>	<u>9,458,363</u>	<u>8,555,181</u>

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Silvercrest Asset Management Group Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity
(Unaudited)
(In thousands)

	Class A Common Stock Shares	Class A Common Stock Amount	Class B Common Stock Shares	Class B Common Stock Amount	Additional Paid-In Capital	Retained Earnings	Total Silvercrest Asset Management Group Inc.'s Equity	Non- controlling Interest	Total Equity
January 1, 2019	8,518	\$ 85	4,934	\$ 48	\$ 43,584	\$ 12,330	\$ 56,047	\$ 26,352	\$ 82,399
Distributions to partners	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(2,285)	(2,285)
Repayment of notes receivable from partners	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	291	291
Equity-based compensation	—	—	—	—	6	—	6	836	842
Issuance of Class B shares	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	20	20
Net Income	—	—	—	—	—	1,709	1,709	1,336	3,045
Deferred tax, net of amounts payable under tax receivable agreement	—	—	—	—	9	—	9	—	9
Accrued interest on notes receivable from partners	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(3)	(3)
Share conversion	17	—	(17)	—	97	—	97	(97)	—
Dividends paid on Class A common stock - \$ 0.15 per share	—	—	—	—	—	(1,278)	(1,278)	—	(1,278)
March 31, 2019	8,535	\$ 85	4,919	\$ 48	\$ 43,696	\$ 12,761	\$ 56,590	\$ 26,450	\$ 83,040
Distributions to partners	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(3,474)	(3,474)
Repayment of notes receivable from partners	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Equity-based compensation	2	—	1	—	6	—	6	873	879
Net Income	—	—	—	—	—	1,864	1,864	1,487	3,351
Deferred tax, net of amounts payable under tax receivable agreement	—	—	—	—	28	—	28	—	28
Accrued interest on notes receivable from partners	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(3)	(3)
Share conversion	87	1	(87)	(1)	458	—	458	(458)	—
Dividends paid on Class A common stock - \$ 0.15 per share	—	—	—	—	—	(1,293)	(1,293)	—	(1,293)
June 30, 2019	8,624	\$ 86	4,833	\$ 47	\$ 44,188	\$ 13,332	\$ 57,653	\$ 24,875	\$ 82,528

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Silvercrest Asset Management Group Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity
(Unaudited)
(In thousands)

	Class A Common Stock Shares	Class A Common Stock Amount	Class B Common Stock Shares	Class B Common Stock Amount	Additional Paid-In Capital	Retained Earnings	Total Silvercrest Asset Management Group Inc.'s Equity	Non- controlling Interest	Total Equity
January 1, 2020	9,330	\$ 93	5,031	\$ 49	\$ 49,246	\$ 15,648	\$ 65,036	\$ 32,771	\$ 97,807
Distributions to partners	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(2,226)	(2,226)
Repayment of notes receivable from partners	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	300	300
Equity-based compensation	—	—	—	—	9	—	9	100	109
Net Income	—	—	—	—	—	5,532	5,532	4,158	9,690
Deferred tax, net of amounts payable under tax receivable agreement	—	—	—	—	(364)	—	(364)	—	(364)
Accrued interest on notes receivable from partners	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(2)	(2)
Share conversion	176	2	(176)	(2)	1,149	—	1,149	(1,149)	—
Dividends paid on Class A common stock - \$ 0.15 per share	—	—	—	—	—	(1,520)	(1,520)	—	(1,520)
March 31, 2020	<u>9,506</u>	<u>\$ 95</u>	<u>4,855</u>	<u>\$ 47</u>	<u>\$ 50,040</u>	<u>\$ 19,660</u>	<u>\$ 69,842</u>	<u>\$ 33,952</u>	<u>\$ 103,794</u>
Distributions to partners	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(2,798)	(2,798)
Repayment of notes receivable from partners	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Equity-based compensation	2	—	9	—	10	—	10	147	157
Net Income	—	—	—	—	—	490	490	292	782
Deferred tax, net of amounts payable under tax receivable agreement	—	—	—	—	8	—	8	—	8
Accrued interest on notes receivable from partners	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(2)	(2)
Share conversion	12	—	(12)	—	88	—	88	(88)	—
Dividends paid on Class A common stock - \$ 0.16 per share	—	—	—	—	—	(1,523)	(1,523)	—	(1,523)
June 30, 2020	<u>9,520</u>	<u>\$ 95</u>	<u>4,852</u>	<u>\$ 47</u>	<u>\$ 50,146</u>	<u>\$ 18,627</u>	<u>\$ 68,915</u>	<u>\$ 31,503</u>	<u>\$ 100,418</u>

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Silvercrest Asset Management Group Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(Unaudited)
(In thousands)

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Net income	\$ 10,472	\$ 6,396
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used in operating activities:		
Equity-based compensation	263	1,721
Depreciation and amortization	2,027	1,243
Deferred income taxes	1,958	1,160
Non-cash interest on notes receivable from partners	(4)	(6)
Non-cash lease expense	1,347	—
Distributions received from investment funds	1,004	1,477
Cash flows due to changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Receivables and Due from Silvercrest Funds	806	(613)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(638)	(864)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(2,687)	(699)
Accrued compensation	(17,535)	(17,902)
Operating lease liabilities	(1,479)	—
Deferred and other liabilities	40	—
Net cash used in operating activities	(4,426)	(8,087)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities		
Acquisition of furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements	\$ (360)	\$ (2,816)
Acquisition of Neosho Capital, LLC	—	(399)
Net cash used in investing activities	(360)	(3,215)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities		
Earn-outs paid related to acquisitions completed on or after January 1, 2009	\$ (741)	\$ (425)
Repayments of notes payable	(1,800)	—
Principal payments on financing leases	(59)	(53)
Operating lease liabilities	—	1,413
Distributions to partners	(5,024)	(5,759)
Dividends paid on Class A common stock	(3,043)	(2,571)
Payments from partners on notes receivable	300	291
Net cash used in financing activities	(10,367)	(7,104)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(15,153)	(18,406)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	52,832	69,283
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 37,679	\$ 50,877

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information		
Net cash paid during the period for:		
Income taxes	\$ 1,640	\$ 2,590
Interest	308	4
Supplemental Disclosures of Non-cash Financing and Investing Activities		
Recognition of deferred tax assets as a result of share conversions	\$ 623	\$ 306
Earnout accrual for acquisition of Neosho Capital, LLC	—	1,686
Assets acquired under finance lease	—	26
Operating lease assets (ASC 842 adoption)	—	35,220
Operating lease liabilities (ASC 842 adoption)	—	41,768
Finance lease assets (ASC 842 adoption)	—	157
Finance lease liabilities (ASC 842 adoption)	—	160

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Silvercrest Asset Management Group Inc.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 and for the Three and Six Months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019
(Unaudited)
(Dollars in thousands, except per share and par value data and as otherwise indicated)

1. ORGANIZATION AND BUSINESS

Silvercrest Asset Management Group Inc. (“Silvercrest”), together with its consolidated subsidiary, Silvercrest L.P., a limited partnership, (collectively the “Company”), was formed as a Delaware corporation on July 11, 2011. Silvercrest is a holding company that was formed in order to carry on the business of Silvercrest L.P., the managing member of our operating subsidiary, and its subsidiaries. Effective on June 26, 2013, Silvercrest became the sole general partner of Silvercrest L.P. and its only material asset is the general partner interest in Silvercrest L.P., represented by 9,520,416 Class A units or approximately 66.2% of the outstanding interests of Silvercrest L.P. Silvercrest controls all of the businesses and affairs of Silvercrest L.P. and, through Silvercrest L.P. and its subsidiaries, continues to conduct the business previously conducted by these entities prior to the reorganization.

Silvercrest L.P., together with its consolidated subsidiaries (collectively “SLP”), provides investment management and family office services to individuals and families and their trusts, and to endowments, foundations and other institutional investors primarily located in the United States of America. The business includes the management of funds of funds and other investment funds, collectively referred to as the “Silvercrest Funds”.

Silvercrest L.P. was formed on December 10, 2008 and commenced operations on January 1, 2009.

On March 11, 2004, Silvercrest Asset Management Group LLC (“SAMG LLC”) acquired 100% of the outstanding shares of James C. Edwards Asset Management, Inc. (“JCE”) and subsequently changed JCE’s name to Silvercrest Financial Services, Inc. (“SFS”). On December 31, 2004, SLP acquired 100% of the outstanding shares of the LongChamp Group, Inc. (now SAM Alternative Solutions, Inc.) (“LGI”). Effective March 31, 2005, SLP entered into an Asset Contribution Agreement with and acquired all of the assets, properties, rights and certain liabilities of Heritage Financial Management, LLC (“HFM”). Effective October 3, 2008, SLP acquired 100% of the outstanding limited liability company interests of Marathon Capital Group, LLC (“MCG”) through a limited liability company interest purchase agreement dated September 22, 2008. On November 1, 2011, SLP acquired certain assets of Milbank Winthrop & Co. (“Milbank”). On April 1, 2012, SLP acquired 100% of the outstanding limited liability company interests of MW Commodity Advisors, LLC (“Commodity Advisors”). On March 28, 2013, SLP acquired certain assets of Ten-Sixty Asset Management, LLC (“Ten-Sixty”). On June 30, 2015, SLP acquired certain assets of Jamison, Eaton & Wood, Inc. (“Jamison”). On January 11, 2016, SLP acquired certain assets of Cappicille & Company, LLC (“Cappicille”). On January 15, 2019, SLP acquired certain assets of Neosho Capital LLC (“Neosho”). On July 1, 2019, SLP acquired substantially all of the assets and assumed certain liabilities of Cortina Asset Management, LLC (“Cortina”). See Notes 3, 7 and 8 for additional information related to the acquisition, goodwill and intangible assets arising from these acquisitions.

Tax Receivable Agreement

In connection with the Company’s initial public offering (the “IPO”) and reorganization of SLP that were completed on June 26, 2013, Silvercrest entered into a tax receivable agreement (the “TRA”) with the partners of SLP that requires it to pay them 85% of the amount of cash savings, if any, in U.S. federal, state and local income tax that it actually realizes (or is deemed to realize in the case of an early termination payment by it, or a change in control) as a result of the increases in tax basis and certain other tax benefits related to entering into the TRA, including tax benefits attributable to payments under the TRA or attributable to exchanges of shares of Class B common stock for shares of Class A common stock. The payments to be made pursuant to the tax receivable agreement are a liability of Silvercrest and not Silvercrest L.P. As of June 30, 2020, this liability is estimated to be \$9,936 and is included in deferred tax and other liabilities in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition. Silvercrest expects to benefit from the remaining 15% of cash savings realized, if any.

The TRA was effective upon the consummation of the IPO and will continue until all such tax benefits have been utilized or expired, unless Silvercrest exercises its right to terminate the TRA for an amount based on an agreed upon value of the payments remaining to be made under the agreement. The TRA will automatically terminate with respect to Silvercrest’s obligations to a partner if a partner (i) is terminated for cause, (ii) breaches his or her non-solicitation covenants with Silvercrest or any of its subsidiaries or (iii) voluntarily resigns or retires and competes with Silvercrest or any of its subsidiaries in the 12-month period following resignation of employment or retirement, and no further payments will be made to such partner under the TRA.

For purposes of the TRA, cash savings in income tax will be computed by comparing Silvercrest’s actual income tax liability to the amount of such taxes that it would have been required to pay had there been no increase in its share of the tax basis of the tangible and intangible assets of SLP.

Estimating the amount of payments that Silvercrest may be required to make under the TRA is imprecise by nature, because the actual increase in its share of the tax basis, as well as the amount and timing of any payments under the TRA, will vary depending upon a number of factors, including:

- the timing of exchanges of Silvercrest's Class B units for shares of Silvercrest's Class A common stock—for instance, the increase in any tax deductions will vary depending on the fair market value, which may fluctuate over time, of the depreciable and amortizable assets of SLP at the time of the exchanges;
- the price of Silvercrest's Class A common stock at the time of exchanges of Silvercrest's Class B units—the increase in Silvercrest's share of the basis in the assets of SLP, as well as the increase in any tax deductions, will be related to the price of Silvercrest's Class A common stock at the time of these exchanges;
- the extent to which these exchanges are taxable—if an exchange is not taxable for any reason (for instance, if a principal who holds Silvercrest's Class B units exchanges units in order to make a charitable contribution), increased deductions will not be available;
- the tax rates in effect at the time Silvercrest utilizes the increased amortization and depreciation deductions; and
- the amount and timing of Silvercrest's income—Silvercrest will be required to pay 85% of the tax savings, as and when realized, if any. If Silvercrest does not have taxable income, it generally will not be required to make payments under the TRA for that taxable year because no tax savings will have been actually realized.

In addition, the TRA provides that, upon certain mergers, asset sales, other forms of business combinations or other changes of control, Silvercrest's (or its successors') obligations with respect to exchanged or acquired Silvercrest Class B units (whether exchanged or acquired before or after such transaction) would be based on certain assumptions, including that Silvercrest would have sufficient taxable income to fully utilize the deductions arising from the increased tax deductions and tax basis and other benefits related to entering into the TRA.

Decisions made by the continuing partners of SLP in the course of running Silvercrest's business, such as with respect to mergers, asset sales, other forms of business combinations or other changes in control, may influence the timing and amount of payments that are received by an exchanging or selling principal under the TRA. For example, the earlier disposition of assets following an exchange or acquisition transaction will generally accelerate payments under the TRA and increase the present value of such payments, and the disposition of assets before an exchange or acquisition transaction will increase an existing owner's tax liability without giving rise to any rights of a principal to receive payments under the TRA.

Were the IRS to successfully challenge the tax basis increases described above, Silvercrest would not be reimbursed for any payments previously made under the TRA. As a result, in certain circumstances, Silvercrest could make payments under the TRA in excess of its actual cash savings in income tax.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements include the accounts of Silvercrest and its wholly owned subsidiaries SLP, SAMG LLC, SFS, MCG, Silvercrest Investors LLC, Silvercrest Investors II LLC and Silvercrest Investors III LLC as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019. All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated.

The Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition at December 31, 2019 was derived from the audited Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition at that date but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. The results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 are not necessarily indicative of the operating results that may be expected for the full fiscal year ending December 31, 2020 and 2019 or any future period.

The Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company included herein are unaudited and have been prepared in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the interim financial position and results, have been made. The Company's Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and the related notes should be read together with the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and the related notes included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019.

The Company evaluates for consolidation those entities it controls through a majority voting interest or otherwise, including those Silvercrest Funds over which the general partner or equivalent is presumed to have control, e.g. by virtue of the limited partners not being able to remove the general partner. The initial step in the Company's determination of whether a fund for which SLP is the general partner is required to be consolidated is assessing whether the fund is a variable interest entity or a voting interest entity.

SLP then considers whether the fund is a voting interest entity ("VoIE") in which the unaffiliated limited partners have substantive "kick-out" rights that provide the ability to dissolve (liquidate) the limited partnership or otherwise remove the general partner without cause. SLP considers the "kick-out" rights to be substantive if the general partner for the fund can be removed by the vote of a simple majority of the unaffiliated limited partners and there are no significant barriers to the unaffiliated limited partners' ability to exercise these rights in that among other things, (1) there are no conditions or timing limits on when the rights can be exercised, (2) there are no financial or operational barriers associated with replacing the general partner, (3) there are a number of qualified replacement investment advisors that would accept appointment at the same fee level, (4) each fund's documents provide for the ability to call and conduct a vote, and (5) the information necessary to exercise the kick-out rights and related vote are available from the fund and its administrator.

If the fund is a variable interest entity, SLP then determines whether it has a variable interest in the fund, and if so, whether SLP is the primary beneficiary. In determining whether SLP is the primary beneficiary, SLP evaluates its control rights as well as economic interests in the entity held either directly or indirectly by SLP. The consolidation analysis can generally be performed qualitatively; however, if it is not readily apparent that SLP is not the primary beneficiary, a quantitative analysis may also be performed. Amendments to the governing documents of the respective Silvercrest Funds could affect an entity's status as a VIE or the determination of the primary beneficiary. At each reporting date, SLP assesses whether it is the primary beneficiary and will consolidate or deconsolidate accordingly.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, each fund is deemed to be a VoIE and neither SLP nor Silvercrest consolidated any of the Silvercrest Funds.

Non-controlling Interest

As of June 30, 2020, Silvercrest holds approximately 66.2% of the economic interests in SLP. Silvercrest is the sole general partner of SLP and, therefore, controls the management of SLP. As a result, Silvercrest consolidates the financial position and the results of operations of SLP and its subsidiaries, and records a non-controlling interest, as a separate component of equity on its Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition for the remaining economic interests in SLP. The non-controlling interest in the income or loss of SLP is included in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations as a reduction or addition to net income derived from SLP.

Segment Reporting

The Company views its operations as comprising one operating segment, the investment management industry. Each of the Company's acquired businesses has similar economic characteristics and has been or is in the process of being fully integrated. Furthermore, our chief operating decision maker, who is the Company's Chief Executive Officer, monitors and reviews financial information at a consolidated level for assessing operating results and the allocation of resources.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenses and other income reported in the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and the accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates and assumptions made by management include the fair value of acquired assets and liabilities, determination of equity-based compensation, accounting for income taxes, determination of the useful lives of long-lived assets and other matters that affect the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and related disclosures.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid securities with original maturities of 90 days or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Equity Method Investments

Entities and investments, the activities over which the Company exercises significant influence, but which do not meet the requirements for consolidation, are accounted for using the equity method of accounting, whereby the Company records its share of

the underlying income or losses of these entities. Intercompany profit arising from transactions with affiliates is eliminated to the extent of its beneficial interest. Equity in losses of equity method investments is not recognized after the carrying value of an investment, including advances and loans, has been reduced to zero, unless guarantees or other funding obligations exist.

The Company evaluates its equity method investments for impairment, whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts of such investments may not be recoverable. The difference between the carrying value of the equity method investment and its estimated fair value is recognized as an impairment when the loss in value is deemed other than temporary. The Company's equity method investments approximate their fair value at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019. The fair value of the equity method investments is estimated based on the Company's share of the fair value of the net assets of the equity method investee. No impairment charges related to equity method investments were recorded during the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 or 2019.

Receivables and Due from Silvercrest Funds

Receivables consist primarily of amounts for management and advisory fees, performance fees and allocations and family office service fees due from clients, and are stated as net realizable value. The Company maintains an allowance for doubtful receivables based on estimates of expected losses and specific identification of uncollectible accounts. The Company charges actual losses to the allowance when incurred.

Furniture, Equipment and Leasehold Improvements

Furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements consist primarily of furniture, fixtures and equipment, computer hardware and software and leasehold improvements and are recorded at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation and amortization are calculated using the straight-line method over the assets' estimated useful lives, which for leasehold improvements is the lesser of the lease term or the life of the asset, generally 10 years, and 3 to 7 years for other fixed assets.

Business Combinations

The Company accounts for business combinations using the acquisition method of accounting. The acquisition method of accounting requires that purchase price, including the fair value of contingent consideration, of the acquisition be allocated to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed using the fair values determined by management as of the acquisition date. The method for determining relative fair value varied depending on the type of asset or liability and involved management making significant estimates related to assumptions such as future growth rates used to produce financial projections and the selection of unobservable inputs and other assumptions. The inputs used in establishing the fair value are in most cases unobservable and reflect the Company's own judgments about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the assets acquired and liabilities assumed. Contingent consideration is recorded as part of the purchase price when such contingent consideration is not based on continuing employment of the selling shareholders. Contingent consideration that is related to continuing employment is recorded as compensation expense. Payments made for contingent consideration recorded as part of an acquisition's purchase price are reflected as financing activities in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

The Company remeasures the fair value of contingent consideration at each reporting period using a probability-adjusted discounted cash flow method based on significant inputs not observable in the market and any change in the fair value from either the passage of time or events occurring after the acquisition date, is recorded in earnings. Contingent consideration payments that exceed the acquisition date fair value of the contingent consideration are reflected as an operating activity in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

The excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired, including intangibles, and liabilities assumed is recorded as goodwill. The Company generally uses valuation specialists to perform appraisals and assist in the determination of the fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed. These valuations require management to make estimates and assumptions that are critical in determining the fair values of the assets and liabilities. During the measurement period, the Company may record adjustments to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed. Any adjustments to provisional amounts that are identified during the measurement period are recorded in the reporting period in which the adjustment amounts are determined. Upon the conclusion of the measurement period, any subsequent adjustments are recorded to earnings.

Goodwill and Intangible Assets

Goodwill consists of the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of identifiable net assets of businesses acquired. Goodwill is not amortized but is evaluated for impairment at least annually, on October 1st of each year, or whenever events or circumstances indicate that impairment may have occurred.

The Company accounts for Goodwill under Accounting Standard Codification ("ASC") No. 350, "Intangibles - Goodwill and Other," which provides an entity the option to first perform a qualitative assessment of whether a reporting unit's fair value is more likely than

not less than its carrying value, including goodwill. In performing its qualitative assessment, an entity considers the extent to which adverse events or circumstances identified, such as changes in economic conditions, industry and market conditions or entity specific events, could affect the comparison of the reporting unit's fair value with its carrying amount. If an entity concludes that the fair value of a reporting unit is more likely than not less than its carrying amount, the entity is required to perform the currently prescribed two-step goodwill impairment test to identify potential goodwill impairment and, accordingly, measure the amount, if any, of goodwill impairment loss to be recognized for that reporting unit. The Company utilized this option when performing its annual impairment assessment in 2019 and 2018 and concluded that its single reporting unit's fair value was more likely than not greater than its carrying value, including goodwill.

The Company has one reporting unit at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019. No goodwill impairment charges were recorded during the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019.

Intangible assets of the Company are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the net carrying amount of the asset may not be recoverable. In connection with such review, the Company also re-evaluates the periods of amortization for these assets. Recoverability of assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset to undiscounted future net cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized is measured by the amount by which the carrying amount of the assets exceed their fair value.

Identifiable finite-lived intangible assets are amortized over their estimated useful lives ranging from 3 to 20 years. The method of amortization is based on the pattern over which the economic benefits, generally expected undiscounted cash flows, of the intangible asset are consumed. Intangible assets for which no pattern can be reliably determined are amortized using the straight-line method. Intangible assets consist primarily of the contractual right to future management and advisory fees and performance fees and allocations from customer contracts or relationships.

Long-lived Assets

Long-lived assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the net carrying amount of the asset may not be recoverable. In connection with such review, the Company also reevaluates the periods of depreciation and amortization for these assets. Recoverability of assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset to undiscounted future net cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized is measured by the amount by which the carrying amount of the assets exceeds their fair value.

Partner Distributions

Partner incentive allocations, which are determined by the general partner, can be formula-based or discretionary. Partner incentive allocations are treated as compensation expense and recognized in the period in which they are earned. In the event there is insufficient distributable cash flow to make incentive distributions, the general partner in its sole and absolute discretion may determine not to make any distributions called for under the partnership agreement. The remaining net income or loss after partner incentive allocations is generally allocated to unit holders based on their pro rata ownership.

Redeemable Partnership Units

If a principal of SLP is terminated for cause, SLP has the right to redeem all of the vested Class B units collectively held by the principal and his or her permitted transferees for a purchase price equal to the lesser of (i) the aggregate capital account balance in SLP of the principal and his or her permitted transferees or (ii) the purchase price paid by the terminated principal to first acquire the Class B units.

SLP also makes distributions to its partners of various nature including incentive payments, profit distributions and tax distributions. The profit distributions and tax distributions are accounted for as equity transactions.

Class A Common Stock

The Company's Class A stockholders are entitled to one vote for each share held of record on all matters submitted to a vote of the Company's stockholders. Also, Class A stockholders are entitled to receive dividends, when and if declared by the Company's board of directors, out of funds legally available therefor, subject to any statutory or contractual restrictions on the payment of dividends and to any restrictions on the payment of dividends imposed by the terms of any outstanding preferred stock. Dividends consisting of shares of Class A common stock may be paid only as follows: (i) shares of Class A common stock may be paid only to holders of shares of Class A common stock and (ii) shares will be paid proportionately with respect to each outstanding share of the Company's Class A common stock. Upon the Company's liquidation, dissolution or winding-up, or the sale of all, or substantially all, of the Company's assets, after payment in full of all amounts required to be paid to creditors and to holders of preferred stock having a liquidation preference, if any, the Class A stockholders will be entitled to share ratably in the Company's remaining assets available for distribution to Class A stockholders. Class B units of SLP held by principals will be exchangeable for shares of the Company's Class A common stock, on a one-for-one basis, subject to customary adjustments for share splits, dividends and reclassifications.

Class B Common Stock

Shares of the Company's Class B common stock are issuable only in connection with the issuance of Class B units of SLP. When a vested or unvested Class B unit is issued by SLP, the Company will issue the holder one share of its Class B common stock in exchange for the payment of its par value. Each share of the Company's Class B common stock will be redeemed for its par value and cancelled by the Company if the holder of the corresponding Class B unit exchanges or forfeits its Class B unit pursuant to the terms of the Second Amended and Restated Limited Partnership Agreement of SLP and the terms of the Silvercrest Asset Management Group Inc. 2012 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2012 Equity Incentive Plan"). The Company's Class B stockholders will be entitled to one vote for each share held of record on all matters submitted to a vote of the Company's stockholders. The Company's Class B stockholders will not participate in any dividends declared by the Company's board of directors. Upon the Company's liquidation, dissolution or winding-up, or the sale of all, or substantially all, of its assets, Class B stockholders only will be entitled to receive the par value of the Company's Class B common stock.

Revenue Recognition

The Company generates revenue from management and advisory fees, performance fees and allocations, and family office services fees. Management and advisory fees and performance fees and allocations are generated by managing assets on behalf of separate accounts and acting as investment adviser for various investment funds. Performance fees and allocations also relate to assets managed in external investment strategies in which the Company has a revenue sharing arrangement and in funds in which the Company has no partnership interest. Management and advisory fees and family office services fees income is recognized through the course of the period in which these services are provided. Income from performance fees and allocations is recorded at the conclusion of the contractual performance period when all contingencies are resolved. In certain arrangements, the Company is only entitled to receive performance fees and allocations when the return on assets under management exceeds certain benchmark returns or other performance targets.

The discretionary investment management agreements for the Company's separately managed accounts do not have a specified term. Rather, each agreement may be terminated by either party at any time, unless otherwise agreed with the client, upon written notice of termination to the other party. The investment management agreements for the Company's private funds are generally in effect from year to year, and may be terminated at the end of any year (or, in certain cases, on the anniversary of execution of the agreement) (i) by the Company upon 30 or 90 days' prior written notice and (ii) after receiving the affirmative vote of a simple majority of the investors in the private fund that are not affiliated with the Company, by the private fund on 60 or 90 days' prior written notice. The investment management agreements for the private funds may also generally be terminated effective immediately by either party where the non-terminating party (i) commits a material breach of the terms subject, in certain cases, to a cure period, (ii) is found to have committed fraud, gross negligence or willful misconduct or (iii) terminates, becomes bankrupt, becomes insolvent or dissolves. Each of the Company's investment management agreements contains customary indemnification obligations from the Company to their clients.

The management and advisory fees are primarily driven by the level of the Company's assets under management. The assets under management increase or decrease based on the net inflows or outflows of funds into the Company's various investment strategies and the investment performance of its clients' accounts. In order to increase the Company's assets under management and expand its business, the Company must develop and market investment strategies that suit the investment needs of its target clients and provide attractive returns over the long term. The Company's ability to continue to attract clients will depend on a variety of factors including, among others:

- the ability to educate the Company's target clients about the Company's classic value investment strategies and provide them with exceptional client service;

- the relative investment performance of the Company's investment strategies, as compared to competing products and market indices;
- competitive conditions in the investment management and broader financial services sectors;
- investor sentiment and confidence; and
- the decision to close strategies when the Company deems it to be in the best interests of its clients.

The majority of management and advisory fees that the Company earns on separately-managed accounts are based on the value of assets under management on the last day of each calendar quarter. Most of the management and advisory fees are billed quarterly in advance on the first day of each calendar quarter. The Company's basic annual fee schedule for management of clients' assets in separately managed accounts is generally: (i) for managed equity or balanced portfolios, 1% of the first \$10 million and 0.60% on the balance, (ii) for managed fixed income only portfolios, 0.40% on the first \$10 million and 0.30% on the balance, (iii) for the municipal value strategy, 0.65%, (iv) for Cortina equity portfolios, 1.0% on the first \$25 million, 0.90% on the next \$25 million and 0.80% on the balance and (v) for outsourced chief investment officer portfolios, 0.40% on the first \$50 million, 0.32% of the next \$50 million and 0.24% on the balance. The Company's fee for monitoring non-discretionary assets can range from 0.05% to 0.01%, but can also be incorporated into an agreed-upon fixed family office service fee. The majority of the Company's clients pay a blended fee rate since they are invested in multiple strategies.

Management fees earned on investment funds that the Company advises are calculated primarily based on the net assets of the funds. Some funds calculate investment fees based on the net assets of the funds as of the last business day of each calendar quarter, whereas other funds calculate investment fees based on the value of net assets on the first business day of the month. Depending on the investment fund, fees are paid either quarterly in advance or quarterly in arrears. For the Company's private fund clients, the fees range from 0.25% to 1.5% annually. Certain management fees earned on investment funds for which the Company performs risk management and due diligence services are based on flat fee agreements customized for each engagement.

The Company's management and advisory fees may fluctuate based on a number of factors, including the following:

- changes in assets under management due to appreciation or depreciation of its investment portfolios, and the levels of the contribution and withdrawal of assets by new and existing clients;
- allocation of assets under management among its investment strategies, which have different fee schedules;
- allocation of assets under management between separately managed accounts and advised funds, for which the Company generally earns lower overall management and advisory fees; and
- the level of their performance with respect to accounts and funds on which the Company is paid incentive fees.

The Company's performance fees and allocations may fluctuate based on performance with respect to accounts and funds on which the Company is paid incentive fees and allocations.

The Company's family office services capabilities enable us to provide comprehensive and integrated services to its clients. The Company's dedicated group of tax and financial planning professionals provide financial planning, tax planning and preparation, partnership accounting and fund administration and consolidated wealth reporting among other services. Family office services income fluctuates based on both the number of clients for whom the Company performs these services and the level of agreed-upon fees, most of which are flat fees. Therefore, non-discretionary assets under management, which are associated with family office services, do not typically serve as the basis for the amount of family office services revenue that is recognized. Family office services fees are also typically billed quarterly in advance at the beginning of the quarter or in arrears after the end of the quarter based on a contractual percentage of the assets managed or upon a contractually agreed-upon flat fee arrangement. Revenue is recognized on a ratable basis over the period in which services are performed.

The Company accounts for performance-based revenue in accordance with ASC 606 by recognizing performance fees and allocations as revenue only when it is certain that the fee income is earned and payable pursuant to the relevant agreements. In certain arrangements, the Company is only entitled to receive performance fees and allocations when the return on assets under management exceeds certain benchmark returns or other performance targets. The Company records performance fees and allocations as a component of revenue once the performance fee or allocation, as applicable, has crystallized. As a result, there is no estimate or variability in the consideration when revenue is recorded.

Equity-Based Compensation

Equity-based compensation cost relating to the issuance of share-based awards to employees is based on the fair value of the award at the date of grant, which is expensed ratably over the requisite service period, net of estimated forfeitures. The forfeiture assumption is

ultimately adjusted to the actual forfeiture rate. Therefore, changes in the forfeiture assumptions may affect the timing of the total amount of expense recognized over the vesting period. The service period is the period over which the employee performs the related services, which is normally the same as the vesting period. Equity-based awards that do not require future service are expensed immediately. Equity-based awards that have the potential to be settled in cash at the election of the employee or prior to the reorganization related to redeemable partnership units are classified as liabilities (“Liability Awards”) and are adjusted to fair value at the end of each reporting period.

Leases

The Company accounts for leases under ASU No. 2016-02, “Topic 842, Leases” (“ASC 842”), which requires lessees to recognize leases on-balance sheet and disclose key information about leasing arrangements. ASC 842 established a right-of-use model (“ROU”) that requires a lessee to recognize a ROU asset and lease liability on the balance sheet for all leases with a term longer than 12 months. Leases are classified as finance or operating, with classification affecting the pattern and classification of expense recognition in the consolidated statement of operations.

Income Taxes

Silvercrest and SFS are subject to federal and state corporate income tax, which requires an asset and liability approach to the financial accounting and reporting of income taxes. SLP is not subject to federal and state income taxes, since all income, gains and losses are passed through to its partners. SLP is, however, subject to New York City unincorporated business tax. With respect to the Company’s incorporated entities, the annual tax rate is based on the income, statutory tax rates and tax planning opportunities available in the various jurisdictions in which the Company operates. Tax laws are complex and subject to different interpretations by the taxpayer and respective governmental taxing authorities. Judgment is required in determining the tax expense and in evaluating tax positions. The tax effects of any uncertain tax position (“UTP”) taken or expected to be taken in income tax returns are recognized only if it is “more likely-than-not” to be sustained on examination by the taxing authorities, based on its technical merits as of the reporting date. The tax benefits recognized in the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements from such a position are measured based on the largest benefit that has a greater than fifty percent likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement. The Company recognizes estimated accrued interest and penalties related to UTPs in income tax expense.

The Company recognizes the benefit of a UTP in the period when it is effectively settled. Previously recognized tax positions are derecognized in the first period in which it is no longer more likely than not that the tax position would be sustained upon examination.

Recent Accounting Developments

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, “Accounting for Credit Losses” which amends the Board’s guidance on the impairment of financial instruments. The ASU adds to U.S. GAAP an impairment model (known as the current expected credit loss (CECL) model) that is based on expected losses rather than incurred losses. Under the new guidance, an entity recognizes as an allowance its estimate of expected credit losses, which the FASB believes will result in more timely recognition of such losses. This amendment became effective for the Company on January 1, 2020. The adoption of this ASU did not have a material effect on the Company’s Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-04, “Intangibles – Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment”. ASU 2017-04 simplifies the subsequent measurement of goodwill by eliminating Step 2 from the goodwill impairment testing. An entity will no longer determine goodwill impairment by calculating the implied fair value of goodwill by assigning the fair value of a reporting unit to all of its assets and liabilities as if that reporting unit had been acquired in a business combination. Instead, an entity should perform its annual, or interim, goodwill impairment test by comparing the fair value of a reporting unit with its carrying amount and recognize an impairment charge for the amount by which the carrying amount exceeds the reporting unit’s fair value. The loss recognized should not exceed the total amount of goodwill allocated to that reporting unit. An entity has the option to perform the qualitative assessment for a reporting unit to determine if the quantitative impairment test is necessary. ASU 2017-04 will be effective for the Company in fiscal year 2021 and interim reporting periods within that year. Early adoption is permitted for interim or annual goodwill impairment tests performed on testing dates after January 1, 2017. The adoption of this ASU did not have a material effect on the Company’s Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-15, “Customer’s Accounting for Implementation Costs Incurred in a Cloud Computing Arrangement that is a Service Contract.” The ASU provides guidance for entities to evaluate the accounting for fees paid by a customer in a cloud computing arrangement which includes a software license. ASU 2018-15 became effective for the Company on January 1, 2020. The adoption of this ASU did not have a material effect on the Company’s Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

In March 2020, the FASB issued ASU 2020-04, "Facilitation of the Effects of Reference Rate Reform on Financial Reporting" which applies to all entities, subject to meeting certain criteria, that have contracts, hedging relationships, and other transactions that reference LIBOR or another reference rate expected to be discontinued because of reference rate reform. This ASU is effective for all public entities beginning March 12, 2020 through December 31, 2022. The Company expects the adoption of this guidance will not have a material effect on the Company's Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

3. ACQUISITIONS

Cortina:

On April 12, 2019, SAMG LLC and SLP entered into an Asset Purchase Agreement (the "Purchase Agreement") with Cortina Asset Management, LLC, a Wisconsin limited liability company ("Cortina"), and certain interest holders of Cortina (together, the "Principals of Cortina") to acquire, directly or through a designated affiliate, substantially all of the assets of Cortina relating to Cortina's business of providing investment management, investment advisory, and related services (the "Cortina Acquisition").

Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the Purchase Agreement, SAMG LLC agreed to pay to Cortina an aggregate maximum amount of \$14,937, 80% of which was agreed to be paid in cash at closing by SAMG LLC, and 20% of which was agreed to be paid by SLP in the form of issuance and delivery to certain Principals of Cortina at closing of Class B Units in SLP, in each case subject to certain adjustments as described in the Purchase Agreement.

On July 1, 2019, the acquisition was completed pursuant to the Purchase Agreement. At closing, SAMG LLC paid to Cortina an aggregate principal amount of \$3,577 in cash, and SLP paid an additional \$8,952, in the form of issuance and delivery to certain Principals of Cortina of 662,713 Class B Units in SLP. The \$33,577 paid in cash represented \$35,072 in consideration, partially offset by net closing credits due to SAMG LLC for reimbursable expenses from Cortina.

In addition, the Purchase Agreement provides for up to an additional \$26,209 to be paid 80% in cash with certain Principals of Cortina receiving the remaining 20% in the form of Class B Units of SLP in potential earn-out payments over the next four years. SAMG LLC determined that the preliminary fair value of contingent consideration pursuant to the terms of the Purchase Agreement whereby the sellers of Cortina are potentially entitled to two retention payments and one growth payment contingent upon the achievement of various revenue targets is \$13,800. The estimated fair value of contingent consideration is recognized at the date of acquisition, and adjusted for changes in facts and circumstances until the ultimate resolution of the contingency. Changes in the fair value of contingent consideration are reflected as a component of general and administrative expenses in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations. The income approach was used to determine the fair value of these payments, by estimating a range of likely expected outcomes and payouts given these outcomes. The potential payouts were estimated using a Monte Carlo simulation and discounted back to their present values using a risk-free discount rate adjusted to account for SAMG LLC's credit or counterparty risk to arrive at the present value of the contingent consideration payments. The discount rate for the contingent consideration payments was based on the revenue cost of capital for Cortina's revenue.

The first retention payment, due if revenue for the 12-month period from July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021 is greater than or equal to 95% of the acquired revenue of \$3,027 which represents Cortina's annual revenue run-rate as of closing ("Acquired Revenue"), is equal to \$3,370. If revenue for the period is equal to 75% or less of the Acquired Revenue, there is no first retention payment, and if revenue for the period is between 75% and 95%, the first retention payment will be determined using linear interpolation between \$0 and \$3,370.

The second retention payment is based on revenue for the 12-month period from July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022, with a revenue threshold between 85% and 105% of Acquired Revenue and a maximum retention payment of \$5,617. If revenue for the period is equal to 85% or less of the Acquired Revenue, there is no second retention payment, and if revenue for the period is between 85% and 105%, the second retention payment will be determined using linear interpolation between \$0 and \$5,617.

The growth payment is based on revenue for the 12-month period from July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023, with a revenue threshold between 95% and 140% of Acquired Revenue and a maximum payment of \$17,222. If revenue for the period is equal to 95% or less of the Acquired Revenue, there is no growth payment, and if revenue for the period is between 95% and 140%, the growth payment will be determined using linear interpolation between \$0 and \$17,222.

A fair value adjustment to contingent purchase price consideration of \$3,800 and (\$2,200) was recorded during the three and six months ended June 30, 2020, respectively, and is included in general and administrative expense in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations for the quarter then ended. SAMG LLC has a liability of \$11,800 and \$14,000 as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively, related to earnout payments to be made in conjunction with the Cortina Acquisition which is included in accounts payable and accrued expenses in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition for contingent consideration.

In connection with their receipt of the equity consideration, the Principals of Cortina became subject to the rights and obligations set forth in the limited partnership agreement of SLP and are entitled to distributions consistent with SLP's distribution policy. In addition, the Principals of Cortina became parties to the exchange agreement between the Company and its principals, which governs the exchange of Class B Units for Class A common stock of the Company (the "Exchange Agreement"), the resale and registration rights agreement between the Company and its principals, which provides the Principals of Cortina with liquidity with respect to shares of Class A common stock of the Company received in exchange for Class B Units (the "Resale and Registration Rights Agreement"), and the TRA of the Company, which entitles the Principals of Cortina to share in a portion of the tax benefit received by the Company upon the exchange of Class B Units for Class A common stock of the Company.

The Purchase Agreement includes customary representations, warranties and covenants.

The strategic acquisition of Cortina, a long-standing innovative and high-caliber growth equity asset management firm, establishes a growth equity capability for the Company. Furthermore, the Company gains investment professionals that have significant experience and knowledge of the industry and establishes a presence in the Midwest.

Cortina revenue and income before provision for income taxes for the three months ended June 30, 2020 that are included in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations are \$2,555 and \$977, respectively. Cortina revenue and income before provision for income taxes for the six months ended June 30, 2020 that are included in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations are \$5,406 and \$2,073, respectively.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2020, the Company incurred \$13 and \$85, respectively, in costs related to the Cortina Acquisition, and has included these in general, administrative and other in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations.

Cash paid on date of acquisition	\$	17,072
Term loan with City National Bank drawdown		18,000
Units issued		8,952
Contingent consideration		13,800
Total purchase consideration	\$	<u>57,824</u>

The Company accounted for the acquisition under the acquisition method of accounting for business combinations. Accordingly, the purchase price was allocated to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on their respective fair values. The method for determining relative fair value varied depending on the type of asset or liability and involved management making significant estimates related to assumptions such as future growth rates used to produce financial projections for Cortina and the selection of unobservable inputs and other assumptions. The inputs used in establishing the fair value are in most cases unobservable and reflect the Company's own judgments about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

The following table summarizes the amounts allocated to acquired assets and assumed liabilities. The excess of the purchase price over the fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed was allocated to goodwill and intangible assets.

Total fair value of tangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed	\$	—
Goodwill		36,324
Customer relationships (15 years)		21,500
Total purchase consideration	\$	<u>57,824</u>

The purchase price allocations were finalized as of December 31, 2019.

The Company believes the recorded goodwill is supported by the anticipated revenues and expected synergies of integrating the operations of Cortina into the Company. Most of the goodwill is expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

The pro forma information below represents consolidated results of operations as if the acquisition of Cortina occurred on January 1, 2019. The pro forma information has been included for comparative purposes and is not indicative of results of operations of the Company had the acquisitions occurred as of January 1, 2019, nor is it necessarily indicative of future results.

Pro Forma
Six Months Ended
June 30, 2019

Revenue	\$ 52,662
Net Income	\$ 6,974

Neosho:

On December 13, 2018, the Company executed an Asset Purchase Agreement (the “Asset Purchase Agreement”) by and among the Company, SLP, SAMG LLC (the “Buyer”) and Neosho Capital LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (“Neosho” or the “Seller”), and Christopher K. Richey, Alphonse I. Chan, Robert K. Choi and Vincent G. Pandes, each such individual a principal of Neosho (together, the “Principals of Neosho”), to acquire certain assets of Neosho. The transaction contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement closed on January 15, 2019 and is referred to herein as the “Neosho Acquisition”.

Pursuant to the terms of the Asset Purchase Agreement, SAMG LLC acquired substantially all of the business and assets of the Seller, a provider of investment management and advisory services, including goodwill and the benefit of the amortization of goodwill related to such assets. In consideration of the purchased assets and goodwill, SAMG LLC paid to the Seller and the Principal an aggregate purchase price consisting of (1) a cash payment of \$399 (net of cash acquired) and (2) Class B units of SLP issued to the Principals of Neosho with a value equal to \$20 and an equal number of shares of Class B common stock of the Company, having voting rights but no economic interest. The Company determined that the acquisition-date fair value of the contingent consideration was \$1,686, based on the likelihood that the financial and performance targets described in the Asset Purchase Agreement will be achieved. SAMG LLC will make a payment of \$300 to the Principals of Neosho on the first anniversary of the closing date. SAMG LLC will make earnout payments to the Principals of Neosho as soon as practicable following December 31, 2020, 2021, 2022 and 2023, in an amount equal to the greater of (i) \$100 and (ii) the product obtained by multiplying (x) 50% by (y) the revenue of Neosho as of such payment date less the revenue of Neosho as of the immediately preceding payment date for the prior year. Earnout payments will be paid 75% in cash and 25% in equity. The estimated fair value of contingent consideration is recognized at the date of acquisition, and adjusted for changes in facts and circumstances until the ultimate resolution of the contingency. Changes in the fair value of contingent consideration are reflected as a component of general and administrative expenses in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations. The fair value of the contingent consideration was based on discounted cash flow models using projected revenue for each earnout period. The discount rate applied to the projected revenue was determined based on the weighted average cost of capital for the Company and took into account that the overall risk associated with the payments was similar to the overall risks of the Company as there is no target, floor or cap associated the contingent payments.

The Company has a liability of \$1,103 and \$1,403 related to earnout payments to be made in conjunction with the Neosho Acquisition which is included in accounts payable and accrued expenses in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively, for contingent consideration. During the six months ended June 30, 2020, the Company made contingent purchase price payments to Neosho of \$300.

Cappicille:

On December 15, 2015, the Company executed an Asset Purchase Agreement (the “Asset Purchase Agreement”) by and among the Company, SLP, SAMG LLC (the “Buyer”) and Cappicille & Company, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (“Cappicille” or the “Seller”), and Michael Cappicille (the “Principal”), to acquire certain assets of Cappicille. The transaction contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement closed on January 11, 2016 and is referred to herein as the “Cappicille Acquisition”.

Pursuant to the terms of the Asset Purchase Agreement, SAMG LLC acquired (i) substantially all of the business and assets of the Seller, a provider of tax services, including goodwill and the benefit of the amortization of goodwill related to such assets, and (ii) the personal goodwill of the Principal. In consideration of the purchased assets and goodwill, SAMG LLC paid to the Seller and the Principal an aggregate purchase price consisting of a cash payment of \$148. The Company determined that the acquisition-date fair value of the contingent consideration was \$354, based on the likelihood that the financial and performance targets described in the Asset Purchase Agreement will be achieved. SAMG LLC will make earnout payments to the Principal as soon as practicable following December 31, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, and during 2020, in an amount equal to 19% of the revenue attributable to the business and assets of Cappicille, based on revenue gained or lost post-transaction during the twelve months ended on the applicable determination date, except that the earnout payment for 2016 shall be equal to 19% of the revenue attributable to the Cappicille for the period between the closing date of the Cappicille Acquisition and December 31, 2016 and the earnout payment for 2020 shall be equal to 19% of the revenue attributable to the Cappicille Acquisition for the period between January 1, 2020 and the fifth anniversary of the closing date of the Cappicille Acquisition. The estimated fair value of contingent consideration is recognized at the date of acquisition, and adjusted for changes in facts and circumstances until the ultimate resolution of the contingency. Changes in the fair value of contingent consideration are reflected as a component of general and administrative expenses in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations. The fair value of the contingent consideration was based on discounted cash flow models using projected revenue for each earnout period. The discount rate applied to the projected revenue was determined based on the

weighted average cost of capital for the Company and took into account that the overall risk associated with the payments was similar to the overall risks of the Company as there is no target, floor or cap associated the contingent payments.

A fair value adjustment to contingent purchase price consideration of \$0 and \$83 was recorded during the three and six months ended June 30, 2020, respectively, and is included in general and administrative expense in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations for the quarter then ended. The Company has a liability of \$70 and \$101 related to earnout payments to be made in conjunction with the Cappicille Acquisition which is included in accounts payable and accrued expenses in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively, for contingent consideration. During the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Company made contingent purchase price payments to Cappicille of \$113 and \$105, respectively.

Jamison:

On March 30, 2015, the Company executed an Asset Purchase Agreement (the "Asset Purchase Agreement") by and among the Company, SLP, SAMG LLC (the "Buyer") and Jamison Eaton & Wood, Inc., a New Jersey corporation ("Jamison" or the "Seller"), and Keith Wood, Ernest Cruikshank, III, William F. Gadsden and Frederick E. Thalmann, Jr., each such individual a principal of Jamison (together, the "Principals of Jamison"), to acquire certain assets of Jamison. The transaction contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement closed on June 30, 2015 and is referred to herein as the "Jamison Acquisition".

Pursuant to the terms of the Asset Purchase Agreement, SAMG LLC acquired (i) substantially all of the business and assets of the Seller, an investment adviser, including goodwill and the benefit of the amortization of goodwill related to such assets, and (ii) the personal goodwill of the Principals of Jamison. In consideration of the purchased assets and goodwill, SAMG LLC paid to the Seller and the Principals of Jamison an aggregate purchase price consisting of (1) cash payments in the aggregate amount of \$3,550 (the "Closing Cash Payment"), (2) a promissory note issued to the Seller in the principal amount of \$394, with an interest rate of 5% per annum (the "Seller Note"), (3) promissory notes in varying amounts issued to each of the Principals of Jamison for an aggregated total amount of \$1,771, each with an interest rate of 5% per annum (together, the "Principals of Jamison Notes") and (4) Class B units of SLP (the "Class B Units") issued to the Principals of Jamison with a value equal to \$3,562 and an equal number of shares of Class B common stock of the Company, having voting rights but no economic interest (together, the "Equity Consideration"). The Company determined that the acquisition-date fair value of the contingent consideration was \$1,429, based on the likelihood that the financial and performance targets described in the Asset Purchase Agreement will be achieved. SAMG LLC will make earnout payments to the Principals of Jamison as soon as practicable following December 31, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019 and during 2020, in an amount equal to 20% of the EBITDA attributable to the business and assets of Jamison (the "Jamison Business"), based on revenue gained or lost post-transaction during the twelve months ended on the applicable determination date, except that the earnout payment for 2015 shall be equal to 20% of the EBITDA attributable to the Jamison Business for the period between the closing date of the Jamison Acquisition and December 31, 2015 and the earnout payment for 2020 shall be equal to 20% of the EBITDA attributable to the Jamison Business for the period between January 1, 2020 and the fifth anniversary of the closing date of the Jamison Acquisition. The estimated fair value of contingent consideration is recognized at the date of acquisition, and adjusted for changes in facts and circumstances until the ultimate resolution of the contingency. Changes in the fair value of contingent consideration are reflected as a component of general and administrative expenses in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations. The fair value of the contingent consideration was based on discounted cash flow models using projected EBITDA for each earnout period. The discount rate applied to the projected EBITDA was determined based on the weighted average cost of capital for the Company and took into account that the overall risk associated with the payments was similar to the overall risks of the Company as there is no target, floor or cap associated the contingent payments.

A fair value adjustment to contingent purchase price consideration of \$70 was recorded during the three and six months ended June 30, 2020, respectively, and is included in general and administrative expense in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations for the quarter then ended. The Company has a liability of \$160 and \$418 as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively, related to earnout payments to be made in conjunction with the Jamison Acquisition which is included in accounts payable and accrued expenses in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition for contingent consideration. During the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Company made contingent purchase price payments to Jamison of \$328 and \$320, respectively. The six months ended June 30, 2020 represents the final measurement period of the Jamison contingent purchase price consideration.

In connection with their receipt of the Equity Consideration, the Principals of Jamison became subject to the rights and obligations set forth in the limited partnership agreement of SLP and are entitled to distributions consistent with SLP's distribution policy. In addition, the Principals of Jamison became parties to the Exchange Agreement, which governs the exchange of Class B Units for Class A common stock of the Company, the Resale and Registration Rights Agreement, which provides the Principals of Jamison with liquidity with respect to shares of Class A common stock of the Company received in exchange for Class B Units, and the TRA of the Company, which entitles the Principals of Jamison to share in a portion of the tax benefit received by the Company upon the exchange of Class B Units for Class A common stock of the Company.

The Asset Purchase Agreement includes customary representations, warranties and covenants.

The strategic acquisition of Jamison, a long-standing and highly regarded investment boutique, strengthened the Company's presence in the greater New York market and the Company gained investment managers that have significant experience and knowledge of the industry. Jamison's clients gained access to the Company's complete investment management, wealth planning and reporting capabilities, including proprietary value equity and fixed income disciplines and alternative investment advisory services.

The Company believes the recorded goodwill is supported by the anticipated revenues and expected synergies of integrating the operations of Jamison into the Company. The goodwill is expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

4. INVESTMENTS AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Investments

Investments include \$777 and \$1,781 as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively, representing the Company's interests in the Silvercrest Funds which have been established and managed by the Company and its affiliates. The Company's financial interest in these funds can range in amounts up to 2% of the net assets of the funds. Despite the Company's insignificant financial interest, the Company applies the equity method to account for its interests in affiliated investment funds because it exercises significant influence over these funds as the Company typically serves as the general partner, managing member or equivalent for these funds. During 2007, the Silvercrest Funds granted rights to the unaffiliated investors in each respective fund to provide that a simple majority of the fund's unaffiliated investors will have the right, without cause, to remove the general partner or equivalent of that fund or to accelerate the liquidation date of that fund in accordance with certain procedures. At June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the Company determined that none of the Silvercrest Funds were required to be consolidated. The Company's involvement with these entities began on the dates that they were formed, which range from July 2003 to July 2014.

Fair Value Measurements

GAAP establishes a hierarchal disclosure framework which prioritizes and ranks the level of market price observability used in measuring investments at fair value. Market price observability is affected by a number of factors, including the type of investment, the characteristics specific to the investment and the state of the marketplace including the existence and transparency of transactions between market participants. Investments with readily available active quoted prices or for which fair value can be measured from actively quoted prices in an orderly market generally will have a higher degree of market price observability and a lesser degree of judgment used in measuring fair value.

- Level I: Quoted prices are available in active markets for identical investments as of the reporting date. The type of investments in Level I include listed equities and listed derivatives.
- Level II: Pricing inputs are other than quoted prices in active markets, which are either directly or indirectly observable as of the reporting date, and fair value is determined through the use of models or other valuation methodologies. Investments which are generally included in Level II include corporate bonds and loans, less liquid and restricted equity securities, certain over-the-counter derivatives, and certain fund of hedge funds investments in which the Company has the ability to redeem its investment at net asset value at, or within three months of, the reporting date.
- Level III: Pricing inputs are unobservable for the investment and includes situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the investment. The inputs into the determination of fair value require significant management judgment or estimation. Investments that are included in Level III generally include general and limited partnership interests in private equity and real estate funds, credit-oriented funds, certain over-the-counter derivatives, funds of hedge funds which use net asset value per share to determine fair value in which the Company may not have the ability to redeem its investment at net asset value at, or within three months of, the reporting date, distressed debt and non-investment grade residual interests in securitizations and collateralized debt obligations.

In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, the determination of which category within the fair value hierarchy is appropriate for any given investment is based on the lowest level of

input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The Company's assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to the investment.

At June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the Company did not have any financial assets or liabilities that are recorded at fair value on a recurring basis, with the exception of the contingent consideration related to the acquisition earnouts.

At June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, financial instruments that are not held at fair value are categorized in the table below:

	June 30, 2020		December 31, 2019		Fair Value Hierarchy
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	
<i>Financial Assets:</i>					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 37,679	\$ 37,679	\$ 52,832	\$ 52,832	Level 1 (1)
Investments	\$ 777	\$ 777	\$ 1,781	\$ 1,781	N/A(2)
<i>Financial liabilities:</i>					
Borrowings under credit facility	\$ 14,400	\$ 14,400	\$ 16,200	\$ 16,200	Level 2(3)

- (1) Includes \$1,397 and \$1,392 of cash equivalents at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively, that fall under Level 1 in the fair value hierarchy.
- (2) Investments consist of the Company's equity method investments in affiliated investment funds which have been established and managed by the Company and its affiliates. Fair value of investments is based on the net asset value of the affiliated investment funds which is a practical expedient for fair value, which is not included in the fair value hierarchy under GAAP.
- (3) The carrying value of borrowings under the revolving credit agreement and the contingent consideration related to acquisition earnouts approximate fair value, which is determined based on interest rates currently available to the Company for similar debt and the weighted average cost of capital of the Company.

5. RECEIVABLES, NET

The following is a summary of receivables as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019:

	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Management and advisory fees receivable	\$ 4,229	\$ 4,981
Unbilled receivables	5,068	4,596
Other receivables	2	2
Receivables	9,299	9,579
Allowance for doubtful receivables	(548)	(621)
Receivables, net	\$ 8,751	\$ 8,958

6. FURNITURE, EQUIPMENT AND LEASEHOLD IMPROVEMENTS, NET

The following is a summary of furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements, net as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019:

	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Leasehold improvements	\$ 7,879	\$ 7,783
Furniture and equipment	6,804	6,541
Artwork	502	502
Total cost	15,185	14,826
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(9,369)	(8,811)
Furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements, net	\$ 5,816	\$ 6,015

Depreciation expense for the three months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 was \$287 and \$385, respectively. Depreciation expense for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 was \$559 and \$548, respectively.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Company wrote off leased assets of \$31 and \$310, with accumulated depreciation of \$102 and \$310, respectively.

7. GOODWILL

The following is a summary of the changes to the carrying amount of goodwill for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and the year ended December 31, 2019:

	<u>June 30, 2020</u>	<u>December 31, 2019</u>
Beginning		
Gross balance	\$ 81,090	\$ 42,583
Accumulated impairment losses	<u>(17,415)</u>	<u>(17,415)</u>
Net balance	63,675	25,168
Acquisition of Neosho	—	2,183
Acquisition of Cortina	—	36,324
Ending		
Gross balance	81,090	81,090
Accumulated impairment losses	<u>(17,415)</u>	<u>(17,415)</u>
Net balance	<u>\$ 63,675</u>	<u>\$ 63,675</u>

8. INTANGIBLE ASSETS, NET

The following is a summary of intangible assets as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019:

	<u>Customer Relationships</u>	<u>Other Intangible Assets</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cost			
Balance, January 1, 2020	\$ 44,060	\$ 2,467	\$ 46,527
Disposal	—	(6)	(6)
Balance, June 30, 2020	<u>44,060</u>	<u>2,461</u>	<u>46,521</u>
Useful lives	10-20 years	3-5 years	
Accumulated amortization			
Balance, January 1, 2020	(14,833)	(2,408)	(17,241)
Amortization expense	(1,347)	(58)	(1,405)
Disposal	—	5	5
Balance, June 30, 2020	<u>(16,180)</u>	<u>(2,461)</u>	<u>(18,641)</u>
Net book value	<u>\$ 27,880</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 27,880</u>
Cost			
Balance, January 1, 2019	\$ 22,560	\$ 2,467	\$ 25,027
Acquisition of Cortina	21,500	—	21,500
Balance, December 31, 2019	<u>44,060</u>	<u>2,467</u>	<u>46,527</u>
Useful lives	10-20 years	3-5 years	
Accumulated amortization			
Balance, January 1, 2019	(12,887)	(2,247)	(15,134)
Amortization expense	(1,946)	(161)	(2,107)
Balance, December 31, 2019	<u>(14,833)</u>	<u>(2,408)</u>	<u>(17,241)</u>
Net Book Value	<u>\$ 29,227</u>	<u>\$ 59</u>	<u>\$ 29,286</u>

Amortization expense related to intangible assets was \$702 and \$347 for the three months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Amortization expense related to intangible assets was \$1,405 and \$695 for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

During the six months ended June 30, 2020, the Company wrote off other intangible assets related to a non-compete agreement with one of the principals of Jamison which was no longer in effect at June 30, 2020 with a cost of \$6 and the related accumulated amortization of \$5.

Amortization related to the Company's finite life intangible assets is scheduled to be expensed over the next five years and thereafter as follows:

2020 (remainder of)	\$	1,327
2021		2,629
2022		2,575
2023		2,416
2024		2,289
Thereafter		16,644
Total	\$	<u>27,880</u>

9. DEBT

Credit Facility

On June 24, 2013, the subsidiaries of Silvercrest L.P. entered into a \$15.0 million credit facility with City National Bank. The subsidiaries of Silvercrest L.P. are the borrowers under such facility and Silvercrest L.P. guarantees the obligations of its subsidiaries under the credit facility. The credit facility is secured by certain assets of Silvercrest L.P. and its subsidiaries. The credit facility consisted of a \$7.5 million delayed draw term loan that was scheduled to mature on June 24, 2025 and a \$7.5 million revolving credit facility that was scheduled to mature on June 21, 2019. On July 1, 2019, the credit facility was amended to increase the term loan by \$18.0 million to \$25.5 million, extend the draw date on the term loan facility to July 1, 2024, extend the maturity date of the term loan to July 1, 2026 and increase the revolving credit facility by \$2.5 million to \$10.0 million. On June 19, 2020, the revolving credit facility was further amended to extend the maturity date to June 19, 2021. The loan bears interest at either (a) the higher of the prime rate plus a margin of 0.25 percentage points and 2.5% or (b) the LIBOR rate plus 2.75 percentage points, at the borrowers' option. Borrowings under the term loan on or prior to June 30, 2021 are payable in 20 equal quarterly installments. Borrowings under the term loan after June 30, 2021 will be payable in equal quarterly installments through the maturity date. The credit facility contains restrictions on, among other things, (i) incurrence of additional debt, (ii) creating liens on certain assets, (iii) making certain investments, (iv) consolidating, merging or otherwise disposing of substantially all of our assets, (v) the sale of certain assets, and (vi) entering into transactions with affiliates. In addition, the credit facility contains certain financial covenants including a test on discretionary assets under management, maximum debt to EBITDA and a fixed charge coverage ratio. The credit facility contains customary events of default, including the occurrence of a change in control which includes a person or group of persons acting together acquiring more than 30% of the total voting securities of Silvercrest. The Company was in compliance with the covenants under the credit facility as of June 30, 2020.

As of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the Company did not have any outstanding borrowings under the revolving credit facility. As of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the Company had \$14,400 and \$16,200, respectively, outstanding under the term loan. There was no accrued but unpaid interest as of June 30, 2020 or December 31, 2019.

Interest expense, which also includes amortization of deferred financing fees, incurred on the revolving credit facility and term loan for the three months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 was \$131 and \$6, respectively. Interest expense, which also includes amortization of deferred financing fees, incurred on the revolving credit facility and term loan for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 was \$320 and \$13, respectively.

10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Lease Commitments

The Company leases office space pursuant to operating leases that are subject to specific escalation clauses. Rent expense charged to operations for the three months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 amounted to \$1,585 and \$1,529, respectively. The Company received sub-lease income from sub-tenants during the three months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 of \$38 and \$38, respectively. Therefore, for the three months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, net rent expense amounted to \$,547 and \$1,491, respectively, and is included in general and administrative expenses in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

The Company leases office space pursuant to operating leases that are subject to specific escalation clauses. Rent expense charged to operations for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 amounted to \$3,181 and \$3,058, respectively. The Company received sub-lease income from sub-tenants during the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 of \$77 and \$70, respectively. Therefore, for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, net rent expense amounted to \$,104 and \$2,988, respectively, and is included in general and administrative expenses in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

As security for performance under the leases, the Company is required to maintain letters of credit in favor of the landlord totaling \$06 as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019. Furthermore, the Company maintains an \$80 letter of credit in favor of its Boston landlord. Both are collateralized by the Company's revolving credit facility with City National Bank.

In March 2014, the Company entered into a lease agreement for additional office space in Richmond, VA. The lease commenced on May 1, 2014 and expired July 31, 2019. The lease is subject to escalation clauses and provides for a rent-free period of three months. Monthly rent expense is \$5. The Company paid a refundable security deposit of \$3. In September 2016, the Company entered into Lease Amendment Number One ("Amendment Number One") to expand its space and extend its lease. This expansion was to occur on or about October 1, 2017, and the lease was extended to November 30, 2024. The lease was further amended on January 16, 2018 ("Amendment Number Two") to update the expansion date to January 12, 2018 and to extend the term of the lease to November 30, 2028. The amended lease provides for a rent credit of \$40. Monthly rent expense under the amended lease is \$10.

In June 2015, the Company entered into a lease agreement for office space in Charlottesville, VA. The lease commenced on June 30, 2015 and expired on June 30, 2018. On June 6, 2019, the Company extended this lease for three years, with the new term beginning on July 1, 2019 and expiring on June 30, 2022. Monthly rent expense is \$2. The Company paid a refundable security deposit of \$2.

In connection with the Jamison Acquisition, the Company assumed lease agreements for office space in Bedminster and Princeton, NJ. The Bedminster lease, as extended, expires on March 31, 2022. Monthly rent expense on this lease is \$11. The Princeton lease, as extended, expired on April 30, 2016. Monthly rent expense on this lease was \$5. Both leases are subject to escalation clauses, and the Bedminster lease provided for a rent-free period of four months.

In December 2015, the Company extended its lease related to its New York City office space. The amended lease commenced on October 1, 2017 and expires on September 30, 2028. The lease is subject to escalation clauses, and provided for a rent-free period of twelve months and for tenant improvements of up to \$2,080. Monthly rent under this extension is \$446.

In January 2016, the Company entered into a lease agreement for office space in Princeton, NJ. The lease commenced April 23, 2016 and expires on August 31, 2022. This lease replaces the Princeton lease discussed above that expired on April 30, 2016. Monthly rent expense on this lease is \$6. The lease is subject to escalation clauses, and provides for a rent-free period of five months.

With the Cappicille Acquisition, the Company assumed a lease agreement for office space in Livingston, NJ. The lease was month-to-month. Monthly rent expense was \$2. This lease was terminated in January 2019.

In January 2018, the Company extended its lease related to its Boston, MA office space. The amended lease commenced on January 1, 2018 and expires on April 30, 2023. The lease provides for a rent-free period of one month. Monthly rent under this extension is \$33.

With the Neosho Acquisition, the Company assumed a lease agreement for office space in La Jolla, CA. The lease expired on January 31, 2020. Monthly rent expense was \$3. On November 5, 2019, the Company entered into a lease agreement for office space in San Diego, CA. The lease commenced on February 1, 2020 and expires on June 30, 2025. The lease is subject to escalation clauses and provides for a rent-free period of four months and for tenant improvements of up to \$27. Monthly rent expense under this lease is \$12.

With the Cortina Acquisition, the Company assumed a lease agreement for office space in Milwaukee, WI. The lease was extended on June 17, 2020 and expires December 31, 2022. Monthly rent expense is \$12.

The components of lease expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 were as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Operating Lease Cost	\$ 1,532	\$ 1,469	\$ 3,055	\$ 2,936
Financing Lease Cost:				
Amortization of ROU assets	31	17	62	48
Interest on lease liabilities	2	1	4	3
Total	33	18	66	51

Future minimum lease payments and rentals under lease agreements for office space are as follows:

	Operating Leases	Non-cancellable Subleases	Operating Lease Liabilities
Remainder of 2020	\$ 3,237	\$ (77)	\$ 3,160
2021	6,370	(35)	6,335
2022	6,244	(35)	6,209
2023	5,928	(6)	5,922
2024	6,008	—	6,008
Thereafter	22,067	—	22,067
Total	\$ 49,854	\$ (153)	\$ 49,701
Weighted-average remaining lease term – operating leases (months)			94.5
Weighted-average discount rate			4.3%

The Company has finance leases for the following office equipment: (i) a five-year finance lease agreement for two copiers totaling \$152 with monthly minimum lease payments of \$3, which began on February 1, 2017 and continue through January 31, 2022, (ii) a three-year lease agreement for four copiers totaling \$72 with monthly minimum payments of \$2, which began on July 1, 2017 and continue through June 30, 2020, (iii) a three-year lease agreement for one copier totaling \$11 with monthly minimum payments of \$0.3, which began on March 1, 2018 and continue through February 28, 2021, (iv) a three-year lease agreement for one copier totaling \$13 with monthly minimum payments of \$0.4, which began on March 1, 2019 and continue through February 28, 2022, (v) a 39-month lease agreement for one copier totaling \$12 with monthly minimum lease payments of \$0.4, which began on March 1, 2019 and continue through May 31, 2022, (vi) a lease agreement for one copier that was assumed as part of the Cortina Acquisition with monthly minimum lease payments of \$1, which began on July 1, 2019 and continue through November 30, 2021, (vii) a three year lease agreement for two copiers totaling \$51 with monthly minimum lease payments of \$1, which began on August 1, 2019 and continue through July 31, 2022, (viii) a five year lease agreement for a copier totaling \$82 with monthly minimum lease payments of \$1, which began on May 1, 2020 and continue through April 30, 2025 and (ix) a three year lease agreement for a copier totaling \$59 with minimum monthly lease payments of \$2, which began on June 1, 2020 and continue through May 31, 2023. The aggregate principal balance of finance leases was \$233 and \$196 as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively.

The assets relating to finance leases that are included in equipment as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 are as follows:

	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Finance lease assets included in furniture and equipment	\$ 679	\$ 679
Finance lease assets included in software	—	—
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(446)	(481)
	\$ 233	\$ 198

Depreciation expense relating to finance lease assets was \$31 and \$22 for the three months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Depreciation expense relating to finance lease assets was \$62 and \$53 for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Company wrote off leased assets of \$31 and \$310, with accumulated depreciation of \$102 and \$310, respectively.

Future minimum lease payments under finance leases are as follows:

	Future Minimum Lease Commitments
Remainder of 2020	\$ 56
2021	99
2022	53
2023	25
2024	16
Thereafter	5
Total	\$ 254
Weighted-average remaining lease term – finance leases (months)	36.0
Weighted-average discount rate	4.2 %

11. EQUITY

SLP historically made, and will continue to make, distributions of its net income to the holders of its partnership units for income tax purposes as required under the terms of its Second Amended and Restated Limited Partnership Agreement and also made, and will continue to make, additional distributions of net income under the terms of its Second Amended and Restated Limited Partnership Agreement. Partnership distributions totaled \$2,798 and \$3,474, for the three months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Partnership distributions totaled \$5,024 and \$5,759, for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Pursuant to SLP's Second Amended and Restated Limited Partnership Agreement, partner incentive allocations are treated as distributions of net income. The remaining net income or loss after partner incentive allocations was generally allocated to the partners based on their pro rata ownership. Net income allocation is subject to the recovery of the allocated losses of prior periods. Distributions of partner incentive allocations of net income for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 amounted to \$27,240 and \$27,199, respectively. The distributions are included in non-controlling interests in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition and Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019. The Company treats SLP's partner incentive allocations as compensation expense and accrues such amounts when earned. During the three months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, SLP accrued partner incentive allocations of \$5,557 and \$6,261, respectively. During the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, SLP accrued partner incentive allocations of \$12,934 and \$11,651, respectively.

Silvercrest—Equity

Silvercrest has the following authorized and outstanding equity:

	Shares at June 30, 2020			Economic Rights
	Authorized	Outstanding	Voting Rights	
Common shares				
Class A, par value \$0.01 per share	50,000,000	9,520,416	1 vote per share (1), (2)	All (1), (2)
Class B, par value \$0.01 per share	25,000,000	4,851,922	1 vote per share (3), (4)	None (3), (4)
Preferred shares				
Preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share	10,000,000	—	See footnote (5) below	See footnote (5) below

- (1) Each share of Class A common stock is entitled to one vote per share. Class A common stockholders have 100% of the rights of all classes of Silvercrest's capital stock to receive dividends.
- (2) During 2020 and 2016 Silvercrest granted 8,242 and 10,582 restricted stock units, respectively, which will vest and settle in the form of Class A shares of Silvercrest, of which 8,242 remain unvested as of June 30, 2020.
- (3) Each share of Class B common stock is entitled to one vote per share.
- (4) Each Class B unit of SLP held by a principal is exchangeable for one share of the Company's Class A common stock. The principals collectively hold 4,851,922 Class B units, which represent the right to receive their proportionate share of the distributions made by SLP, and 74,906 restricted stock units which will vest and settle in the form of Class B units of SLP. The 74,906 restricted stock units which have been issued to our principals entitle the holders thereof to participate in distributions from SLP as if the underlying Class B units are outstanding and thus are taken into account to determine the economic interest of each holder of units in SLP. However, because the Class B units underlying the restricted stock units have not been issued and are not deemed outstanding, the holders of restricted stock units have no voting rights with respect to those Class B units. Silvercrest will not issue shares of Class B common stock in respect of restricted stock units of SLP until such time that the underlying Class B units are issued.

- (5) Silvercrest's board of directors has the authority to issue preferred stock in one or more classes or series and to fix the rights, preferences, privileges and related restrictions, including dividend rights, dividend rates, conversion rights, voting rights, terms of redemption, redemption prices, liquidation preferences and the number of shares constituting any class or series, or the designation of the class or series, without the approval of its stockholders.

Silvercrest is dependent on cash generated by SLP to fund any dividends. Generally, SLP will distribute its profits to all of its partners, including Silvercrest, based on the proportionate ownership each holds in SLP. Silvercrest will fund dividends to its stockholders from its proportionate share of those distributions after provision for its income taxes and other obligations.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2020, Silvercrest issued the following shares:

Class A Common Stock

	<u>Transaction Date</u>	<u># of Shares</u>
Class A common stock outstanding - January 1, 2020		9,329,879
Issuance of Class A common stock upon conversion of Class B units to Class A common stock	February 2020	155,224
Issuance of Class A common stock upon conversion of Class B units to Class A common stock	March 2020	20,662
Issuance of Class A common stock upon conversion of Class B units to Class A common stock	May 2020	7,355
Issuance of Class A common stock upon vesting of restricted stock units	May 2020	1,896
Issuance of Class A common stock upon conversion of Class B units to Class A common stock	June 2020	5,400
Class A common shares outstanding – June 30, 2020		<u>9,520,416</u>

Class B Common Stock

	<u>Transaction Date</u>	<u># of Shares</u>
Class B common stock outstanding - January 1, 2020		5,031,017
Issuance of Class B common stock in connection with the Neosho Acquisition		
Cancellation of Class B common stock upon conversion of Class B units to Class A common stock	February 2020	(155,224)
Cancellation of Class B common stock upon conversion of Class B units to Class A common stock	March 2020	(20,662)
Cancellation of Class B common stock upon conversion of Class B units to Class A common stock	May 2020	(7,355)
Issuance of Class B common stock upon vesting of restricted stock units	May 2020	9,546
Cancellation of Class B common stock upon conversion of Class B units to Class A common stock	June 2020	(5,400)
Class B common shares outstanding – June 30, 2020		<u>4,851,922</u>

In February 2020, the Company redeemed from certain existing partners 155,224 shares of Class B common stock in connection with the exchange of a like number of Class B units to Class A common stock pursuant to the Resale and Registration Rights Agreement between the Company and its principals.

In March 2020, the Company redeemed from certain existing partners 20,662 shares of Class B common stock in connection with the exchange of a like number of Class B units to Class A common stock pursuant to the Resale and Registration Rights Agreement between the Company and its principals.

In May 2020, the Company redeemed from certain existing partners 7,355 shares of Class B common stock in connection with the exchange of a like number of Class B units to Class A common stock pursuant to the Resale and Registration Rights Agreement between the Company and its principals.

In May 2020, the Company issued 1,896 shares of Class A common stock and 9,546 shares of Class B common stock upon the vesting of restricted stock units.

In June 2020, the Company redeemed from certain existing partners 5,400 shares of Class B common stock in connection with the exchange of a like number of Class B units to Class A common stock pursuant to the Resale and Registration Rights Agreement between the Company and its principals.

The total amount of shares of Class B common stock outstanding and held by principals equals the number of Class B units those individuals hold in SLP. Shares of Silvercrest's Class B common stock are issuable only in connection with the issuance of Class B units of SLP. When a vested or unvested Class B unit is issued by SLP, Silvercrest will issue to the holder one share of its Class B common stock in exchange for the payment of its par value. Each share of Silvercrest's Class B common stock will be redeemed for its par value and cancelled by Silvercrest if the holder of the corresponding Class B unit exchanges or forfeits its Class B unit pursuant to the terms of the Second Amended and Restated Limited Partnership Agreement of SLP, the terms of the 2012 Equity Incentive Plan of Silvercrest, or otherwise.

12. NOTES RECEIVABLE FROM PARTNERS

Partner contributions to SLP are made in cash, in the form of five or six year interest-bearing promissory notes and/or in the form of nine year interest-bearing limited recourse promissory notes. Limited recourse promissory notes were issued in January 2008 and August 2009 with interest rates of 8.53% and 2.77%, respectively. The recourse limitation includes a stated percentage of the initial principal amount of the limited recourse note plus a stated percentage of the accreted principal amount as of the date upon which all amounts due are paid in full plus all costs and expenses required to be paid by the borrower and all amounts required to be paid pursuant to a pledge agreement associated with each note issued. Certain notes receivable are payable in annual installments and are collateralized by SLP's units that are purchased with the note. Notes receivable from partners are reflected as a reduction of non-controlling interests in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition.

Notes receivable from partners are as follows for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and the year ended December 31, 2019:

	<u>June 30, 2020</u>	<u>December 31, 2019</u>
Beginning balance	\$ 645	\$ 924
Repayment of notes	(300)	(291)
Interest accrued and capitalized on notes receivable	4	12
Ending balance	<u>\$ 349</u>	<u>\$ 645</u>

Full recourse notes receivable from partners as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 are \$49 and \$645, respectively. There were no limited recourse notes receivable from partners as of June 30, 2020 or December 31, 2019. There is no allowance for credit losses on notes receivable from partners as of June 30, 2020 or December 31, 2019.

13. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the first six months of 2020 and 2019, the Company provided services to the following, which operate as feeder funds investing through master-feeder or mini-master feeder structures:

- the domesticated Silvercrest Hedged Equity Fund, L.P. (formed in 2011 and formerly Silvercrest Hedged Equity Fund),
- Silvercrest Hedged Equity Fund (International), Ltd. (which invests through Silvercrest Hedged Equity Fund, L.P.),
- the domesticated Silvercrest Emerging Markets Fund, L.P. (formed in 2011 and formerly Silvercrest Emerging Markets Fund),
- Silvercrest Market Neutral Fund (currently in liquidation),
- Silvercrest Market Neutral Fund (International) (currently in liquidation),
- Silvercrest Municipal Advantage Master Fund LLC,
- Silvercrest Municipal Advantage Portfolio A LLC,
- Silvercrest Municipal Advantage Portfolio P LLC,
- Silvercrest Municipal Advantage Portfolio S LLC (formed in 2015),

- the Silvercrest Jefferson Fund, L.P. (formed in 2014),
- the Silvercrest Jefferson Fund, Ltd. (the Company took over as investment manager in 2014, formerly known as the Jefferson Global Growth Fund, Ltd.), which invests in Silvercrest Jefferson Master Fund, L.P. (formed in 2014).

The Company also provides services to the following, which operate and invest separately as stand-alone funds:

- the Silvercrest Global Opportunities Fund, L.P. (currently in liquidation),
- Silvercrest Global Opportunities Fund (International), Ltd. (currently in liquidation),
- Silvercrest Municipal Special Situations Fund LLC (merged into Silvercrest Municipal Advantage Portfolio S LLC in 2015),
- Silvercrest Municipal Special Situations Fund II LLC (merged into Silvercrest Municipal Advantage Portfolio S LLC in 2015),
- Silvercrest International Fund, L.P. (previously known as Silvercrest Global Fund, L.P.),
- Silvercrest Special Situations Fund, L.P.,
- Silvercrest Commodity Strategies Fund, L.P. (liquidated as of December 31, 2017).

Pursuant to agreements with the above entities, the Company provides investment advisory services and receives an annual management fee of 0% to 1.75% of assets under management and a performance fee or allocation of 0% to 10% of the above entities' net appreciation over a high-water mark.

For the three months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Company earned from the above activities management fee income, which is included in "Management and advisory fees" in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations, of \$1,103 and \$1,305, respectively. For the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Company earned from the above activities management fee income, which is included in "Management and advisory fees" in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations, of \$2,321 and \$2,568, respectively. As of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the Company was owed \$1,098 and \$831, respectively, from its various funds, which is included in Due from Silvercrest Funds on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition.

For the three months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Company earned management and advisory fees of \$299 and \$384, respectively, from assets managed on behalf of certain of its employees. For the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Company earned management and advisory fees of \$665 and \$675, respectively, from assets managed on behalf of certain of its employees. As of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the Company is owed approximately \$14 and \$137, respectively, from certain of its employees, which is included in Receivables, net on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition.

14. INCOME TAXES

As of June 30, 2020, the Company had net deferred tax assets of \$1,407, which is recorded as a deferred tax asset of \$1,694 specific to Silvercrest which consists primarily of assets related to temporary differences between the financial statement and tax bases of intangible assets related to its acquisition of partnership units of SLP, a deferred tax liability of \$223 specific to SLP which consists primarily of assets related to deferred rent expenses offset in part by amounts for differences in the financial statement and tax bases of intangible assets and a deferred tax liability of \$64 related to the corporate activity of SFS which is primarily related to temporary differences between the financial statement and tax bases of intangible assets. Of the total net deferred taxes at June 30, 2020, \$98 of the net deferred tax liabilities relate to non-controlling interests. These amounts are included in prepaid expenses and other assets and deferred tax and other liabilities on the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition, respectively.

As of December 31, 2019, the Company had a net deferred tax asset of \$13,103, which is recorded as a net deferred tax asset of \$13,190 specific to Silvercrest, which consists primarily of net assets related to temporary differences between the financial statement and tax bases of intangibles related to its acquisition of partnership units of SLP, a net deferred tax liability of \$14 specific to SLP which consists primarily of liabilities related to differences between the financial statement and tax bases of intangible assets, and a net deferred tax liability of \$73 related to the corporate activity of SFS which is primarily related to temporary differences between the financial statement and tax bases of intangible assets.

The current tax expense was \$801 and \$408 for the three months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Of the amount for the three months ended June 30, 2020, \$425 relates to Silvercrest's corporate tax expense, \$375 relates to SLP's state and local liability and \$1 relates to SFS's corporate tax expense. The deferred tax expense for the three months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 was (\$348) and \$750, respectively. When combined with current tax expense, the total income tax provision for the three months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 is \$453 and \$1,158, respectively. The discrete tax expense for the three months ended June 30, 2020, was

(\$800). This represents a reduction to tax expense associated with an unfavorable fair value adjustment to contingent purchase price consideration related to earnout payments to be made in conjunction with the Cortina Acquisition. There was no material discrete tax expense for the six months ended June 30, 2019.

The current tax expense was \$1,241 and \$1,021 for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Of the amount for the six months ended June 30, 2020, \$35 relates to Silvercrest's corporate tax expense, \$805 relates to SLP's state and local liability and \$1 relates to SFS's corporate tax expense. The deferred tax expense for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 was \$1,958 and \$1,160, respectively. When combined with current tax expense, the total income tax provision for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 is \$3,199 and \$2,181, respectively. The discrete tax expense for the six months ended June 30, 2020, was \$96. This represents additional tax expense associated with a favorable fair value adjustment to contingent purchase price consideration related to earnout payments to be made in conjunction with the Cortina Acquisition. There was no material discrete tax expense for the six months ended June 30, 2019.

The current tax expense increased from the comparable period in 2019 mainly due to increased profitability.

Of the total current tax expense for the three months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, \$127 and \$152, respectively, relates to non-controlling interests. Of the deferred tax expense for the three months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, (\$36) and \$28, respectively, relates to non-controlling interests. When combined with current tax expense, the total income tax provision for the three months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 related to non-controlling interests is \$91 and \$180, respectively.

Of the total current tax expense for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, \$277 and \$315, respectively, relates to non-controlling interests. Of the deferred tax expense for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, \$69 and \$21, respectively, relates to non-controlling interests. When combined with current tax expense, the total income tax provision for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 related to non-controlling interests is \$346 and \$336, respectively.

On March 27, 2020, the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act ("CARES Act") was enacted and signed into law in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. The assistance includes tax relief and government loans, grants and investments for entities in affected industries. Key income tax provisions of the CARES Act include (i) business tax provisions which would eliminate the taxable income limit for certain net operating losses ("NOL") and allow businesses to carry back NOLs arising in 2018, 2019, and 2020 to the five prior tax years; (ii) generally loosen the business interest limitation under section 163(j) from 30 percent to 50 percent; and (iii) fix the 'retail glitch' for qualified improvement property to allow for 100% bonus depreciation. As a result of the change to qualified improvement property, the Company will receive accelerated tax deductions upon filing its 2019 tax return and current benefit of approximately \$700 thousand has been recorded, along with a corresponding deferred tax liability. There were no other material adjustments recorded.

In the normal course of business, the Company is subject to examination by federal, state, and local tax regulators. As of June 30, 2020, the Company's U.S. federal income tax returns for the years 2016 through 2020 are open under the normal three-year statute of limitations and therefore subject to examination.

The guidance for accounting for uncertainty in income taxes prescribes a recognition threshold and a measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of tax positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. For those benefits to be recognized, a tax position must be more likely than not to be sustained upon examination by taxing authorities. The amount recognized is measured as the largest amount of benefit that is greater than 50% likely of being realized upon ultimate settlement. The Company does not believe that it has any tax positions for which it is reasonably possible that the total amounts of unrecognized tax benefits will significantly increase or decrease within the next twelve months. Furthermore, the Company does not have any material uncertain tax positions at June 30, 2020 and 2019.

15. REDEEMABLE PARTNERSHIP UNITS

If a principal of SLP is terminated for cause, SLP would have the right to redeem all of the vested Class B units collectively held by the principal and his or her permitted transferees for a purchase price equal to the lesser of (i) the aggregate capital account balance in SLP of the principal and his or her permitted transferees and (ii) the purchase price paid by the terminated principal to first acquire the Class B units.

16. EQUITY-BASED COMPENSATION

Restricted Stock Units and Stock Options

On November 2, 2012, the Company's board of directors adopted the 2012 Equity Incentive Plan.

A total of 1,687,500 shares were originally reserved and available for issuance under the 2012 Equity Incentive Plan. As of June 30, 2020, 345,428 shares are available for grant. The equity interests may be issued in the form of shares of the Company's Class A common stock and Class B units of SLP. (All references to units or interests of SLP refer to Class B units of SLP and accompanying shares of Class B common stock of Silvercrest).

The purposes of the 2012 Equity Incentive Plan are to (i) align the long-term financial interests of our employees, directors, consultants and advisers with those of our stockholders; (ii) attract and retain those individuals by providing compensation opportunities that are consistent with our compensation philosophy; and (iii) provide incentives to those individuals who contribute significantly to our long-term performance and growth. To accomplish these purposes, the 2012 Equity Incentive Plan provides for the grant of units of SLP. The 2012 Equity Incentive Plan also provides for the grant of stock options, stock appreciation rights, or SARs, restricted stock awards, restricted stock units, performance-based stock awards and other stock-based awards (collectively, stock awards) based on our Class A common stock. Awards may be granted to employees, including officers, members, limited partners or partners who are engaged in the business of one or more of our subsidiaries, as well as non-employee directors and consultants.

The Compensation Committee may impose vesting conditions and awards may be forfeited if the vesting conditions are not met. During the period that any vesting restrictions apply, unless otherwise determined by the Compensation Committee, the recipient of awards that vest in the form of units of SLP will be eligible to participate in distributions of income from SLP. In addition, before the vesting conditions have been satisfied, the transferability of such units is generally prohibited and such units will not be eligible to be exchanged for cash or shares of our Class A common stock.

In August 2015, the Company granted 966,510 restricted stock units ("RSUs") under the 2012 Equity Incentive Plan at a fair value of \$3.23 per share to existing Class B unit holders. These RSUs will vest and settle in the form of Class B units of SLP. Twenty-five percent of the RSUs granted vest and settle on each of the first, second, third and fourth anniversaries of the grant date.

In May 2016, the Company granted 3,791 RSUs under the 2012 Equity Incentive Plan at a fair value of \$3.19 per share to existing Class B unit holders. These RSUs will vest and settle in the form of Class B units of SLP. Twenty-five percent of the RSUs granted vest and settle on each of the first, second, third and fourth anniversaries of the grant date.

In May 2016, the Company granted 3,000 RSUs under the 2012 Equity Incentive Plan at a fair value of \$3.19 per share to certain members of the Board of Directors. These RSUs vested and settled in the form of Class A shares of Silvercrest. One hundred percent of the RSUs granted vested and settled on the first anniversary of the grant date.

In May 2016, the Company granted 7,582 RSUs under the 2012 Equity Incentive Plan at a fair value of \$3.19 per share to an employee. These RSUs will vest and settle in the form of Class A shares of Silvercrest. Twenty-five percent of the RSUs granted vest and settle on each of the first, second, third and fourth anniversaries of the grant date.

In October 2018, the Company granted 105,398 non-qualified stock options ("NQOs") under the 2012 Equity Incentive Plan to an existing Class B unit holder. The fair value of the NQOs has been derived using the Black-Scholes method with the following assumptions: Strike price of \$13.97, Risk Free rate of 2.94% (5-year treasury rate), expiration of 5 years and volatility of 32.7%. Additionally, the calculation of the compensation expense assumes a forfeiture rate of 1.0%, based on historical experience. These NQOs will vest and become exercisable into of Class B units of SLP. One third of the NQOs will vest and become exercisable on each of the first, second and third anniversaries of the grant date.

In May 2019, the Company granted 60,742 NQOs under the 2012 Equity Incentive Plan to an existing Class B unit holder. The fair value of the NQOs has been derived using the Black-Scholes method with the following assumptions: Strike price of \$14.54, Risk Free rate of 2.32% (5-year treasury rate), expiration of 5 years and volatility of 34.2%. Additionally, the calculation of the compensation expense assumes a forfeiture rate of 1.0%, based on historical experience. These NQOs will vest and become exercisable into of Class B units of SLP. One third of the NQOs will vest and become exercisable on each of the first, second and third anniversaries of the grant date.

In May 2019, the Company granted 34,388 RSUs under the 2012 Equity Incentive Plan at a fair value of \$4.54 per share to an existing Class B unit holder. These RSUs will vest and settle in the form of Class B shares of SLP. Twenty-five percent of the RSUs granted vest and settle on each of the first, second, third and fourth anniversaries of the grant date.

In March 2020, the Company granted 8,242 RSUs under the 2012 Equity Incentive Plan at a fair value of \$1.83 per share to a Board member. These RSUs will vest and settle in the form of Class A shares of Silvercrest. All of the RSUs granted vest on the third anniversary of the grant date.

In May 2020, the Company granted 86,764 NQOs under the 2012 Equity Incentive Plan to an existing Class B unit holder. The fair value of the NQOs has been derived using the Black-Scholes method with the following assumptions: Strike price of \$10.18, Risk Free rate of 0.64% (10-year treasury rate), expiration of 10 years and volatility of 48.0%. Additionally, the calculation of the

compensation expense assumes a forfeiture rate of 1.0%, based on historical experience. These NQOs will vest and become exercisable into of Class B units of SLP. Onethird of the NQOs will vest and become exercisable on each of the first, second and third anniversaries of the grant date.

In May 2020, the Company granted 49,116 RSUs under the 2012 Equity Incentive Plan at a fair value of \$10.11 per share to an existing Class B unit holder. These RSUs will vest and settle in the form of Class B shares of SLP. Twenty-five percent of the RSUs granted vest and settle on each of the first, second, third and fourth anniversaries of the grant date.

For the three months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Company recorded compensation expense related to such RSUs and NQOs of \$55 and \$879, respectively, as part of total compensation expense in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the period then ended. For the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Company recorded compensation expense related to such RSUs and NQOs of \$263 and \$1,721, respectively, as part of total compensation expense in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the period then ended. As of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, there was \$1,766 and \$945, respectively, of unrecognized compensation expense related to unvested awards. As of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the unrecognized compensation expense related to unvested awards is expected to be recognized over a period of 2.54 and 1.62 years, respectively.

A summary of the RSU grants by the Company as of June 30, 2020 and 2019 is presented below:

	Restricted Stock Units	
	Granted	
	Units	Fair Value per unit
Total granted at January 1, 2020		
Granted	37,234	\$ 13.19 – 14.54
Vested	57,358	10.18 – 11.83
	(11,443)	13.19 – 14.54
Total granted at June 30, 2020	83,149	\$ 10.18 – 14.54
Total granted at January 1, 2019	247,316	\$ 13.19 – 13.23
Granted	34,388	14.54
Vested	(2,843)	13.19
Total granted at June 30, 2019	278,861	\$ 13.19 – 14.54

A summary of the NQO grants by the Company as of June 30, 2020 and 2019 is presented below:

	Non-Qualified Options	
	Granted	
	Units	Fair Value per unit
Total granted at January 1, 2020		
Granted	166,140	\$ 13.19 – 14.54
	86,764	10.18
Total granted at June 30, 2020	252,904	\$ 10.18 – 14.54
Total granted at January 1, 2019	105,398	\$ 13.97
Granted	60,742	14.54
Total granted at June 30, 2019	166,140	\$ 13.97 – 14.54

17. DEFINED CONTRIBUTION AND DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS

SAMG LLC has a defined contribution 401(k) savings plan (the “Plan”) for all eligible employees who meet the minimum age and service requirements as defined in the Plan. The Plan is designed to be a qualified plan under sections 401(a) and 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. For employees who qualify under the terms of the Plan, on an annual basis Silvercrest matches dollar for dollar an employee’s contributions up to the first 4% of compensation. For the three months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, Silvercrest made matching contributions of \$22 and \$22, respectively, for the benefit of employees. For the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, Silvercrest made matching contributions of \$44 and \$44, respectively, for the benefit of employees

18. SOFT DOLLAR ARRANGEMENTS

The Company obtains research and other services through “soft dollar” arrangements. The Company receives credits from broker-dealers whereby technology-based research, market quotation and/or market survey services are effectively paid for in whole or in part by “soft dollar” brokerage arrangements. Section 28(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, provides a “safe harbor” to an investment adviser against claims that it breached its fiduciary duty under state or federal law (including ERISA) solely because the adviser caused its clients’ accounts to pay more than the lowest available commission for executing a securities trade in return for brokerage and research services. To rely on the safe harbor offered by Section 28(e), (i) the Company must make a good-faith

determination that the amount of commissions is reasonable in relation to the value of the brokerage and research services being received and (ii) the brokerage and research services must provide lawful and appropriate assistance to the Company in carrying out its investment decision-making responsibilities. If the use of soft dollars is limited or prohibited in the future by regulation, the Company may have to bear the costs of such research and other services. For the three months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Company utilized “soft dollar” credits of \$272 and \$152, respectively. For the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Company utilized “soft dollar” credits of \$427 and \$345, respectively.

Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Forward-Looking Statements

This report contains forward-looking statements relating to present or future trends or factors that are subject to risks and uncertainties. These risks include, but are not limited to: specific and overall impacts of the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic on our financial condition and results of operations; our ability to achieve our business objectives; our ability to successfully achieve the anticipated results of strategic transactions, including the integration of the operations of acquired assets and businesses; the retention and development of clients and other business relationships; disruptions or delays in our business operations, including without limitation disruptions or delays arising from political unrest, war, labor strikes, natural disasters, public health crises such as the coronavirus pandemic, and other events and circumstances beyond our control; our ability to control costs; general economic conditions; fluctuation in operating results; changes in the securities markets; our ability to maintain compliance with the terms of our credit facility; the availability, integration and effective operation of information systems and other technology, and the potential interruption of such systems or technology; risks related to data security of privacy breaches; and other risks detailed from time to time in our filings with the SEC. Our future financial performance could differ materially from the expectations of management contained herein. Additionally, many of these risks and uncertainties are currently elevated by and may or will continue to be elevated by the COVID-19 pandemic. It is not possible to predict or identify all such risks, but may become material in the future. We undertake no obligation to release revisions to these forward-looking statements after the date of this report.

Overview

We are a full-service wealth management firm focused on providing financial advisory and related family office services to ultra-high net worth individuals and institutional investors. In addition to a wide range of investment capabilities, we offer a full suite of complementary and customized family office services for families seeking a comprehensive oversight of their financial affairs. During the three months ended June 30, 2020, our assets under management increased by 15.5% from \$20.6 billion to \$23.8 billion. During the six months ended June 30, 2020, our assets under management decreased by 5.2% from \$25.1 billion to \$23.8 billion. On July 1, 2019, we acquired \$1.7 billion of assets under management in connection with the acquisition of Cortina Asset Management LLC (“Cortina” and the “Cortina Acquisition”).

The business includes the management of funds of funds, and other investment funds, collectively referred to as the “Silvercrest Funds”. As of June 30, 2020, Silvercrest L.P. has issued Restricted Stock Units exercisable for 74,907 Class B units which entitle the holders thereof to receive distributions from Silvercrest L.P. to the same extent as if the underlying Class B units were outstanding. Net profits and net losses of Silvercrest L.P. will be allocated, and distributions from Silvercrest L.P. will be made, to its current partners pro rata in accordance with their respective partnership units (and assuming the Class B units underlying all restricted stock units are outstanding).

The historical results of operations discussed in this Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations include those of Silvercrest L.P. and its subsidiaries. As the general partner of Silvercrest L.P., we control its business and affairs and, therefore, consolidate its financial results with ours. The interests of the limited partners’ collective 33.8% partnership interest in Silvercrest L.P. as of June 30, 2020 are reflected in non-controlling interests in our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

COVID-19 Pandemic

The emergence of the coronavirus (COVID-19) around the world, and particularly in the United States, presents significant risks to us, not all of which we are able to fully evaluate or foresee at the current time. While the COVID-19 pandemic did not materially affect our financial results and business operations in the first fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2020, economic and health conditions in the United States and across most of the globe changed rapidly since the end of the first quarter and into the second fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2020. Demand for our services continues despite the current capital markets and overall economic environment. Such current demand may not continue and/or demand may decrease from historical levels depending on the duration and severity of the COVID-19 pandemic, the length of time it takes for normal economic and operating conditions to resume, additional governmental actions that may be taken and/or extensions of time for restrictions that have been imposed to date, and numerous other uncertainties.

The COVID-19 pandemic affected our operations in the second quarter ended June 30, 2020, continues to affect our operations in the third quarter of 2020, and may continue to do so indefinitely thereafter. All of these factors may have far reaching impacts on our business, operations, and financial results and conditions, directly and indirectly, including without limitation impacts on the health of our management and employees, client behavior, and on the overall economy. The scope and nature of these impacts, most of which are beyond our control, continue to evolve, and the outcomes of these impacts are uncertain.

Our revenue is highly correlated to securities markets. As a result, we expect that our assets under management and revenue levels will be negatively impacted, on an incremental basis, by the effect of the COVID-19 pandemic on securities markets. The

decrease in assets under management for the three months ended March 31, 2020 had an impact on our revenue for the second quarter ended June 30, 2020 because most of our revenue is billed in advance based on the value of assets under management on the last day of the preceding calendar quarter. We continue to fully operate with our management and employees working remotely and we have had business continuity plans in place which we were able to seamlessly activate upon actions taken by various governmental authorities suggesting that businesses recommend that their employees work from home as a result of the pandemic.

Due to the above circumstances and as described generally in this Form 10-Q, the Company's results of operations for the three month period ended March 31, 2020 and for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2020 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full fiscal year. Management cannot predict the full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the Company's earnings and operations nor to economic conditions generally. The ultimate extent of the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic on the Company is highly uncertain and will depend on future developments, and such effects could exist for an extended period of time even after the pandemic might end.

Key Performance Indicators

When we review our performance, we focus on the indicators described below:

(in thousands except as indicated)	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		For the Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Revenue	\$ 24,021	\$ 23,897	\$ 52,386	\$ 46,469
Income before other income (expense), net	\$ 1,357	\$ 4,430	\$ 13,971	\$ 8,429
Net income	\$ 782	\$ 3,351	\$ 10,472	\$ 6,396
Net income margin	3.3%	14.0%	20.0%	13.8%
Net income attributable to Silvercrest	\$ 490	\$ 1,864	\$ 6,022	\$ 3,573
Adjusted EBITDA (1)	\$ 6,654	\$ 6,566	\$ 14,880	\$ 12,319
Adjusted EBITDA margin (2)	27.7%	27.5%	28.4%	26.5%
Assets under management at period end (billions)	\$ 23.8	\$ 21.7	\$ 23.8	\$ 21.7
Average assets under management (billions) (3)	\$ 22.2	\$ 21.3	\$ 24.5	\$ 20.4

- (1) EBITDA, a non-GAAP measure of earnings, represents net income before provision for income taxes, interest income, interest expense, depreciation and amortization. We define Adjusted EBITDA as EBITDA without giving effect to items including, but not limited to, professional fees associated with acquisitions or financing transactions, gains on extinguishment of debt or other obligations related to acquisitions, losses on disposals or abandonment of assets and leaseholds, severance and other similar expenses, but including partner incentive allocations, prior to our initial public offering, as an expense. We use this non-GAAP financial measure to assess the strength of our business. These adjustments and the non-GAAP financial measures that are derived from them provide supplemental information to analyze our business from period to period. Investors should consider these non-GAAP financial measures in addition to, and not as a substitute for, financial measures in accordance with GAAP. See "Supplemental Non-GAAP Financial Information" for a reconciliation of non-GAAP financial measures.
- (2) Adjusted EBITDA margin, a non-GAAP measure of earnings, is calculated by dividing Adjusted EBITDA by total revenue.
- (3) We have computed average assets under management by averaging assets under management at the beginning of the applicable period and assets under management at the end of the applicable period.

Revenue

We generate revenue from management and advisory fees, performance fees and allocations, and family office services fees. Our management and advisory fees are generated by managing assets on behalf of separate accounts and acting as investment adviser for various investment funds. Our performance fees and allocations relate to assets managed in external investment strategies in which we have a revenue sharing arrangement and in funds in which we have no partnership interest. Our management and advisory fees and family office services fees income is recognized through the course of the period in which these services are provided. Income from performance fees and allocations is recorded at the conclusion of the contractual performance period when all contingencies are resolved. In certain arrangements, we are only entitled to receive performance fees and allocations when the return on assets under management exceeds certain benchmark returns or other performance targets.

The discretionary investment management agreements for our separately managed accounts do not have a specified term. Rather, each agreement may be terminated by either party at any time, unless otherwise agreed with the client, upon written notice of termination to the other party. The investment management agreements for our private funds are generally in effect from year to year, and may be terminated at the end of any year (or, in certain cases, on the anniversary of execution of the agreement) (i) by us upon 30 or 90 days' prior written notice and (ii) after receiving the affirmative vote of a specified percentage of the investors in the private fund that are not affiliated with us, by the private fund on 60 or 90 days' prior written notice. The investment management agreements for our private funds may also generally be terminated effective immediately by either party where the non-terminating party (i) commits a material breach of the terms subject, in certain cases, to a cure period, (ii) is found to have committed fraud, gross negligence or willful misconduct or (iii) terminates, becomes bankrupt, becomes insolvent or dissolves. Each of our investment management agreements contains customary indemnification obligations from us to our clients. The tables below set forth the amount of assets under management, the percentage of management and advisory fees revenues, the amount of revenue recognized, and the average assets under management for discretionary managed accounts and for private funds for each period presented.

Discretionary Managed Accounts

(in billions)	As of and for the Three Months Ended June 30,		As of and for the Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	AUM concentrated in Discretionary Managed Accounts	\$ 16.9	\$ 15.3	\$ 16.9
Average AUM For Discretionary Managed Accounts	\$ 15.7	\$ 15.0	\$ 17.6	\$ 14.5
Discretionary Managed Accounts Revenue (in millions)	\$ 21.9	\$ 21.6	\$ 48.1	\$ 41.9
Percentage of management and advisory fees revenue	95%	94%	95%	94%

Private Funds

(in billions)	As of and for the Three Months Ended June 30,		As of and for the Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	AUM concentrated in Private Funds	\$ 0.4	\$ 0.7	\$ 0.4
Average AUM For Private Funds	\$ 0.4	\$ 0.7	\$ 0.5	\$ 0.6
Private Funds Revenue (in millions)	\$ 1.1	\$ 1.3	\$ 2.3	\$ 2.6
Percentage of management and advisory fees revenue	5%	6%	5%	6%

Our management and advisory fees are primarily driven by the level of our assets under management. Our assets under management increase or decrease based on the net inflows or outflows of funds into our various investment strategies and the investment performance of our clients' accounts. In order to increase our assets under management and expand our business, we must develop and market investment strategies that suit the investment needs of our target clients and provide attractive returns over the long term. Our ability to continue to attract clients will depend on a variety of factors including, among others:

- our ability to educate our target clients about our classic value investment strategies and provide them with exceptional client service;
- the relative investment performance of our investment strategies, as compared to competing products and market indices;
- competitive conditions in the investment management and broader financial services sectors;
- investor sentiment and confidence; and
- our decision to close strategies when we deem it to be in the best interests of our clients.

The majority of management and advisory fees that we earn on separately-managed accounts are based on the value of assets under management on the last day of each calendar quarter. Most of our management and advisory fees are billed quarterly in advance on the first day of each calendar quarter. Our basic annual fee schedule for management of clients' assets in separately managed accounts is: (i) for managed equity or balanced portfolios, 1% of the first \$10 million and 0.60% on the balance, (ii) for managed fixed income only portfolios, 0.40% on the first \$10 million and 0.30% on the balance, (iii) for the municipal value strategy, 0.65%, (iv) for Cortina's equity portfolios, 1% on the first \$25 million, 0.90% on the next \$50 million and 0.80% on the balance and (v) for outsourced chief investment officer portfolios, 0.40% on the first \$50 million, 0.32% on the next \$50 million and 0.24% on the balance. Our fee for monitoring non-discretionary assets can range from 0.05% to 0.01%, but can also be incorporated into an agreed-upon fixed family office service fee. The majority of our client relationships pay a blended fee rate since they are invested in multiple strategies.

Management fees earned on investment funds that we advise are calculated primarily based on the net assets of the funds. Some funds calculate investment fees based on the net assets of the funds as of the last business day of each calendar quarter, whereas other funds calculate investment fees based on the value of net assets on the first business day of the month. Depending on the investment fund, fees are paid either quarterly in advance or quarterly in arrears. For our private funds, the fees range from 0.25% to 1.5% annually. Certain management fees earned on investment funds for which we perform risk management and due diligence services are based on flat fee agreements customized for each engagement.

Average annual management fee is calculated by dividing our actual annualized revenue earned over a period by our average assets under management during the same period (which is calculated by averaging quarter-end assets under management for the applicable period). Our average annual management fee was 0.43% and 0.45% for the three months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Our average annual management fee was 0.43% and 0.46% for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Changes in our total average management fee rates are typically the result of changes in the mix of our assets under management and the concentration in our equities strategies whose fee rates are higher than those of other investment strategies. Management and advisory fees are also adjusted for any cash flows into or out of a portfolio, where the cash flow represents greater than 10% of the previous quarter-end market value of the portfolio. These cash flow-related adjustments were insignificant for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019. Silvercrest L.P. has authority to take fees directly from external custodian accounts of its separately managed accounts.

Our management and advisory fees may fluctuate based on a number of factors, including the following:

- changes in assets under management due to appreciation or depreciation of our investment portfolios, and the levels of the contribution and withdrawal of assets by new and existing clients;
- allocation of assets under management among our investment strategies, which have different fee schedules;
- allocation of assets under management between separately managed accounts and advised funds, for which we generally earn lower overall management and advisory fees; and
- the level of our performance with respect to accounts and funds on which we are paid performance fees and allocations.

Our family office services capabilities enable us to provide comprehensive and integrated services to our clients. Our dedicated group of tax and financial planning professionals provide financial planning, tax planning and preparation, partnership accounting and fund administration and consolidated wealth reporting among other services. Family office services income fluctuates based on both the number of clients for whom we perform these services and the level of agreed-upon fees, most of which are flat fees. Therefore, non-discretionary assets under management, which are associated with family office services, do not typically serve as the basis for the amount of family office services revenue that is recognized.

Expenses

Our expenses consist primarily of compensation and benefits expenses, as well as general and administrative expense including rent, professional services fees, data-related costs and sub-advisory fees. These expenses may fluctuate due to a number of factors, including the following:

- variations in the level of total compensation expense due to, among other things, bonuses, awards of equity to our employees and partners of Silvercrest L.P., changes in our employee count and mix, and competitive factors; and
- the level of management fees from funds that utilize sub-advisors will affect the amount of sub-advisory fees.

Compensation and Benefits Expense

Our largest expense is compensation and benefits, which includes the salaries, bonuses, equity-based compensation and related benefits and payroll costs attributable to our principals and employees. Our compensation methodology is intended to meet the following objectives: (i) support our overall business strategy; (ii) attract, retain and motivate top-tier professionals within the

investment management industry; and (iii) align our employees' interests with those of our equity owners. We have experienced, and expect to continue to experience, a general rise in compensation and benefits expense commensurate with growth in headcount and with the need to maintain competitive compensation levels.

The components of our compensation expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 are as follows:

(in thousands)	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		For the Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Cash compensation and benefits (1)	\$ 13,212	\$ 13,139	\$ 28,812	\$ 25,660
Non-cash equity-based compensation expense	155	879	263	1,721
Total compensation expense	<u>\$ 13,367</u>	<u>\$ 14,018</u>	<u>\$ 29,075</u>	<u>\$ 27,381</u>

- (1) For the three months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, \$5,557 and \$6,261, respectively, of partner incentive payments were included in cash compensation and benefits expense in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations. For the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, \$12,934 and \$11,651, respectively, of partner incentive payments were included in cash compensation and benefits expense in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

During 2020 and 2019, Silvercrest L.P. granted restricted stock units ("RSU") to existing Class B unit holders. During 2020 and 2019, Silvercrest L.P. granted non-qualified options ("NQO") to an existing Class B unit holder. Information regarding restricted stock units and stock options can be found in Note 16. "Equity Based Compensation" in the "Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" in "Item 1. Financial Statements" of this filing.

General and Administrative Expenses

General and administrative expenses include occupancy-related costs, professional and outside services fees, office expenses, depreciation and amortization, sub-advisory fees and the costs associated with operating and maintaining our research, trading and portfolio accounting systems. Our costs associated with operating and maintaining our research, trading and portfolio accounting systems and professional services expenses generally increase or decrease in relative proportion to the number of employees retained by us and the overall size and scale of our business operations. Sub-advisory fees will fluctuate based on the level of management fees from funds that utilize sub-advisors.

Other Income

Other income is derived primarily from investment income arising from our investments in various private investment funds that were established as part of our investment strategies. We expect the investment components of other income, in the aggregate, to fluctuate based on market conditions and the success of our investment strategies. Performance fees and allocations earned from those investment funds in which we have a partnership interest have been earned over the past few years as a result of the achievement of various high-water marks depending on the investment fund. These performance fees and allocations are recorded based on the equity method of accounting. The majority of our performance fees and allocations over the past few years have been earned from our fixed income-related funds.

Non-Controlling Interests

We are the general partner of Silvercrest L.P. and control its business and affairs and, therefore, consolidate its financial results with ours. In light of the limited partners' interest in Silvercrest L.P., we reflect their partnership interests as non-controlling interests in our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Provision for Income Tax

We are subject to taxes applicable to C-corporations. Our effective tax rate, and the absolute dollar amount of our tax expense will be offset by the benefits of the tax receivable agreement entered into with our Class B stockholders.

Acquisitions

On April 12, 2019, we entered into an Asset Purchase Agreement (the "Purchase Agreement") with Cortina Asset Management, LLC, a Wisconsin limited liability company ("Cortina"), and certain interest holders of Cortina (the "Principals of Cortina") to acquire, directly or through a designated affiliate, substantially all of the assets of Cortina relating to Cortina's business of providing investment management, investment advisory, and related services.

Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the Purchase Agreement, we agreed to pay to Cortina an aggregate maximum amount of \$44.9 million, 80% of which was agreed to be paid in cash at closing by us, and 20% of which was agreed to be paid by us

in the form of issuance and delivery to certain Principals of Cortina at closing of Class B Units in Silvercrest L.P., in each case subject to certain adjustments as described in the Purchase Agreement. In addition, the Purchase Agreement provides for up to an additional \$26.2 million to be paid 80% in cash with certain Principals of Cortina receiving the remaining 20% in the form of Class B Units of Silvercrest L.P. in potential earn-out payments over the next four years.

On July 1, 2019, the acquisition was completed pursuant to the Purchase Agreement. At closing, the Company paid to Cortina an aggregate principal amount of \$33.6 million in cash, and Silvercrest L.P. paid an additional \$9.0 million in the form of issuance and delivery to certain Principals of Cortina of 662,713 Class B Units in Silvercrest L.P. Of the \$33.6 million paid in cash, \$35.1 million represented consideration, partially offset by net closing credits due to the Company for reimbursable expenses from Cortina.

In addition, the Purchase Agreement provides for up to an additional \$26.2 million to be paid 80% in cash with certain Principals of Cortina receiving the remaining 20% in the form of Class B Units of Silvercrest L.P. in potential earn-out payments over the next four years.

The foregoing description of the Purchase Agreement is only a summary, does not purport to be complete, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the full text of the Purchase Agreement, which is attached as Exhibit 2.1 to the Form 8-K filed by Silvercrest on April 15, 2019.

On December 13, 2018, we executed an Asset Purchase Agreement (the “Neosho Asset Purchase Agreement”) by and among the Company, Silvercrest L.P. (“SLP”), Silvercrest Asset Management Group LLC (“SAMG LLC”) and Neosho Capital LLC (“Neosho” or the “Seller”), and Christopher K. Richey, Alphonse I. Chan, Robert K. Choi and Vincent G. Pandes, each such individual a principal of Neosho, to acquire certain assets of Neosho. The transaction contemplated by the Neosho Asset Purchase Agreement closed on January 15, 2019 and is referred to herein as the “Neosho Acquisition”.

Information regarding the Cortina and Neosho Acquisitions can be found in Note 3. “Acquisitions” in the “Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements” in “Item 1. Financial Statements” of this filing.

Operating Results

Revenue

Our revenues for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 are set forth below:

(in thousands)	For the Three Months Ended June 30,			
	2020	2019	2020 vs. 2019 (\$)	2020 vs. 2019 (%)
Management and advisory fees	\$ 23,018	\$ 22,879	\$ 139	0.6%
Family office services	1,003	1,018	(15)	(1.5)%
Total revenue	<u>\$ 24,021</u>	<u>\$ 23,897</u>	<u>\$ 124</u>	0.5%

(in thousands)	For the Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2020	2019	2020 vs. 2019 (\$)	2020 vs. 2019 (%)
Management and advisory fees	\$ 50,406	\$ 44,468	\$ 5,938	13.4%
Family office services	1,980	2,001	(21)	(1.0)%
Total revenue	<u>\$ 52,386</u>	<u>\$ 46,469</u>	<u>\$ 5,917</u>	12.7%

The growth in our assets under management during the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 is described below:

(in billions)	Assets Under Management		
	Discretionary	Non-Discretionary	Total
As of March 31, 2019	\$ 15.3	\$ 5.5	\$ 20.8
Gross client inflows	2.2	—	2.2
Gross client outflows	(2.0)	(0.1)	(2.1)
Market appreciation	0.5	0.3	0.8
As of June 30, 2019	<u>\$ 16.0</u>	<u>\$ 5.7</u>	<u>\$ 21.7</u> (1)
As of March 31, 2020	\$ 14.9	\$ 5.7	\$ 20.6
Gross client inflows	0.9	0.2	1.1
Gross client outflows	(0.7)	(0.1)	(0.8)
Market appreciation	2.2	0.7	2.9
As of June 30, 2020	<u>\$ 17.3</u>	<u>\$ 6.5</u>	<u>\$ 23.8</u> (1)
As of January 1, 2019	\$ 14.2	\$ 4.8	\$ 19.0
Gross client inflows	4.2	0.2	4.4
Gross client outflows	(4.2)	(0.1)	(4.3)
Market appreciation	1.8	0.8	2.6
As of June 30, 2019	<u>\$ 16.0</u>	<u>\$ 5.7</u>	<u>\$ 21.7</u> (1)
As of January 1, 2020	\$ 18.8	\$ 6.3	\$ 25.1
Gross client inflows	1.8	0.2	2.0
Gross client outflows	(1.5)	(0.1)	(1.6)
Market (depreciation)/appreciation	(1.8)	0.1	(1.7)
As of June 30, 2020	<u>\$ 17.3</u>	<u>\$ 6.5</u>	<u>\$ 23.8</u> (1)

(1) Less than 5% of assets under management generate performance fees or allocations.

The following chart summarizes the performance ^{1, 2} of each of our principal equity strategies relative to their appropriate benchmarks since inception:

PROPRIETARY EQUITY PERFORMANCE

as of June 30, 2020

	ANNUALIZED PERFORMANCE					
	INCEPTION	1-YEAR	3-YEAR	5-YEAR	7-YEAR	INCEPTION
Large Cap Value Composite	4/1/02	- 1.8	8.3	9.6	10.8	8.5
Russell 1000 Value Index		- 8.8	1.8	4.6	7.1	6.4
Small Cap Value Composite	4/1/02	-12.2	- 1.9	3.4	6.6	9.2
Russell 2000 Value Index		-17.5	- 4.4	1.3	4.0	6.2
Smid Cap Value Composite	10/1/05	-11.6	0.5	5.7	7.9	8.3
Russell 2500 Value Index		-15.5	- 2.6	1.9	4.7	5.6
Multi Cap Value Composite	7/1/02	- 3.0	5.4	7.7	9.8	8.9
Russell 3000 Value Index		- 9.4	1.4	4.4	6.9	7.0
Equity Income Composite	12/1/03	- 9.9	4.4	8.1	9.7	10.5
Russell 3000 Value Index		- 9.4	1.4	4.4	6.9	7.0
Focused Value Composite	9/1/04	- 8.5	3.2	7.2	9.4	9.6
Russell 3000 Value Index		- 9.4	1.4	4.4	6.9	6.7
Small Cap Opportunity Composite	7/1/04	- 3.2	5.6	7.8	9.5	10.2
Russell 2000 Index		- 6.6	2.0	4.3	7.2	7.2
Small Cap Growth Composite	7/1/04	10.7	12.1	11.9	10.8	10.4
Russell 2000 Growth Index		3.5	7.9	6.9	10.0	8.6
Smid Cap Growth Composite	1/1/06	27.9	19.7	14.5	13.3	11.4
Russell 2500 Growth Index		9.2	12.1	9.6	12.1	9.8

1 Returns are based upon a time weighted rate of return of various fully discretionary equity portfolios with similar investment objectives, strategies and policies and other relevant criteria managed by SAMG LLC, a subsidiary of Silvercrest. Performance results are gross of fees and net of commission charges. An investor's actual return will be reduced by the management and advisory fees and any other expenses it may incur in the management of the investment advisory account. SAMG LLC's standard management and advisory fees are described in Part 2 of its Form ADV. Actual fees and expenses will vary depending on a variety of factors, including the size of a particular account. Returns greater than one year are shown as annualized compounded returns and include gains and accrued income and reinvestment of distributions. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. This report contains no recommendations to buy or sell securities or a solicitation of an offer to buy or sell securities or investment services or adopt any investment position. This report is not intended to constitute investment advice and is based upon conditions in place during the period noted. Market and economic views are subject to change without notice and may be untimely when presented here. Readers are advised not to infer or assume that any securities, sectors or markets described were or will be profitable. SAMG LLC is an independent investment advisory and financial services firm created to meet the investment and administrative needs of individuals with substantial assets and select institutional investors. SAMG LLC claims compliance with the Global Investment Performance Standards (GIPS®).

2 The market indices used to compare to the performance of our strategies are as follows:

The Russell 1000 Index is a capitalization-weighted, unmanaged index that measures the 1000 largest companies in the Russell 3000. The Russell 1000 Value Index is a capitalization-weighted, unmanaged index that includes those Russell 1000 Index companies with lower price-to-book ratios and lower expected growth values.

The Russell 2000 Index is a capitalization-weighted, unmanaged index that measures the 2000 smallest companies in the Russell 3000. The Russell 2000 Value Index is a capitalization-weighted, unmanaged index that includes those Russell 2000 Index companies with lower price-to-book ratios and lower expected growth values. The Russell 2000 Growth Index is a capitalization-weighted, unmanaged index that includes those Russell 2000 Index companies with higher price-to-book ratios and higher forecasted growth.

The Russell 2500 Index is a capitalization-weighted, unmanaged index that measures the 2500 smallest companies in the Russell 3000. The Russell 2500 Value Index is a capitalization-weighted, unmanaged index that includes those Russell 2000 Index companies with lower price-to-book ratios and lower expected growth values. The Russell 2500 Growth Index is a capitalization-weighted, unmanaged index that includes those Russell 2500 Index companies with higher price-to-book ratios and higher forecasted growth.

The Russell 3000 Value Index is a capitalization-weighted, unmanaged index that measures those Russell 3000 Index companies with lower price-to-book ratios and lower forecasted growth.

Three Months Ended June 30, 2020 versus Three Months Ended June 30, 2019

Our total revenue increased by \$0.1 million, or 0.5%, to \$24.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020, from \$23.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2019. This increase was driven by net client inflows in discretionary assets under management, including \$1.7 billion in assets under management acquired on July 1, 2019 in connection with the Cortina Acquisition, partially offset by net client outflows and market depreciation during the quarter ended March 31, 2020. Cortina revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2020 was \$2.6 million. Revenue for the quarter ended June 30, 2020 is primarily based on market values as of March 31, 2020, and as such was affected by declines in the financial markets caused by COVID-19 during the quarter ended March 31, 2020.

Total assets under management increased by \$2.1 billion, or 9.7%, to \$23.8 billion at June 30, 2020 from \$21.7 billion at June 30, 2019. Compared to the three months ended June 30, 2019, there was an increase in market appreciation of \$2.3 billion and a decrease of \$1.2 billion in client outflows, partially offset by a decrease of \$1.2 billion in client inflows. During the three months ended June 30, 2020, from March 31, 2020, there was an increase of \$2.4 billion in discretionary assets under management while non-discretionary assets under management increased by \$0.8 billion. These increases in assets under management as of June 30, 2020 as compared to March 31, 2020 were primarily due to market appreciation during the quarter ended June 30, 2020. Sub-advised fund management revenue remained flat at \$0.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020 as compared to the same period in the prior year. Proprietary fund management revenue decreased by \$0.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020 as compared to the same period in the prior year as a result of market fluctuations and client redemptions. With respect to our discretionary assets under management, equity assets experienced an increase of 20.3% during the three months ended June 30, 2020 and fixed income assets increased by 1.9% during the same period. For the three months ended June 30, 2020, most of the increase in equity assets came from our smid growth, small cap growth and master limited partnership strategies with composite returns of 47.3%, 43.8% and 28.2%, respectively. As of June 30, 2020, the composition of our assets under management was 73% in discretionary assets, which includes both separately managed accounts and proprietary and sub-advised funds, and 27% in non-discretionary assets which represent assets on which we provide portfolio reporting but do not have investment discretion.

The following table represents a further breakdown of our assets under management as of the three months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019:

	Three Months Ended	
	June 30,	
	2020	2019
Total AUM as of March 31,	\$ 20.6	\$ 20.8
Discretionary AUM:		
Total Discretionary AUM as of March 31,	14.9	15.3
New client accounts/assets (1)	0.2	0.3
Closed accounts (2)	(0.1)	—
Net cash inflow/(outflow) (3)	0.1	(0.1)
Non-discretionary to Discretionary AUM (4)	—	—
Market appreciation	2.2	0.5
Change to Discretionary AUM	2.4	0.7
Total Discretionary AUM at June 30,	17.3	16.0
Change to Non-Discretionary AUM (5)	0.8	0.2
Total AUM as of June 30,	\$ 23.8	\$ 21.7

- (1) Represents new account flows from both new and existing client relationships.
- (2) Represents closed accounts of existing client relationships and those that terminated.
- (3) Represents periodic cash flows related to existing accounts.
- (4) Represents client assets that converted to Discretionary AUM from Non-Discretionary AUM.
- (5) Represents the net change to Non-Discretionary AUM.

Six Months Ended June 30, 2020 versus Six Months Ended June 30, 2019

Our total revenue increased by \$5.9 million, or 12.7%, to \$52.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020, from \$46.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019. This increase was driven by net client inflows in discretionary assets under management, including \$1.7 billion in assets under management acquired on July 1, 2019 in connection with the Cortina Acquisition, partially offset by net client outflows and market depreciation during the quarter ended March 31, 2020. Cortina revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2020 was \$5.4 million. Revenue for the first two quarters of 2020 is primarily based on market values as of the end of the respective prior quarter, and as such was partially affected by declines in the financial markets caused by COVID-19 during the quarter ended March 31, 2020.

Total assets under management increased by \$2.1 billion, or 9.7%, to \$23.8 billion at June 30, 2020 from \$21.7 billion at June 30, 2019. Compared to the six months ended June 30, 2019, there was a decrease in market appreciation of \$4.3 billion and a decrease in client inflows of \$2.5 billion, partially offset by a decrease in client outflows of \$2.8 billion. During the six months ended June 30, 2020, from December 31, 2019, there was a decrease of \$1.5 billion in discretionary assets under management and an increase of \$0.2 billion in non-discretionary assets under management. These decreases in assets under management during the six months ended June 30, 2020 as compared to December 31, 2019 were primarily due to the effects of COVID-19 on financial markets during the quarter ended March 31, 2020. Sub-advised fund management revenue remained flat at \$0.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020 as compared to the same period in the prior year. Proprietary fund management revenue decreased by \$0.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020 as compared to the same period in the prior year, as a result of market depreciation. With respect to our discretionary assets under management, equity assets experienced a decrease of 11.3% during the six months ended June 30, 2020 and fixed income assets decreased by 1.1% during the same period. For the six months ended June 30, 2020, most of the decrease in equity assets came from our master limited partnership, emerging markets ADR and international small cap value strategies with composite returns of (31.0)%, (28.9)% and (25.9)%, respectively. As of June 30, 2020, the composition of our assets under management was 73% in discretionary assets, which includes both separately managed accounts and proprietary and sub-advised funds, and 27% in non-discretionary assets which represent assets on which we provide portfolio reporting but do not have investment discretion.

The following table represents a further breakdown of our assets under management as of the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019:

	Six Months Ended	
	June 30,	
	2020	2019
Total AUM as of January 1,	\$ 25.1	\$ 19.0
Discretionary AUM:		
Total Discretionary AUM as of January 1,	18.8	14.2
New client accounts/assets (1)	0.3	0.5
Closed accounts (2)	(0.1)	(0.4)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) (3)	0.1	(0.1)
Market (depreciation) appreciation	(1.8)	1.8
Change to Discretionary AUM	(1.5)	1.8
Total Discretionary AUM at June 30,	17.3	16.0
Change to Non-Discretionary AUM (5)	0.2	0.9
Total AUM as of June 30,	\$ 23.8	\$ 21.7

- (1) Represents new account flows from both new and existing client relationships.
- (2) Represents closed accounts of existing client relationships and those that terminated.
- (3) Represents periodic cash flows related to existing accounts.
- (4) Represents client assets that converted to Discretionary AUM from Non-Discretionary AUM.
- (5) Represents the net change to Non-Discretionary AUM.

Expenses

Our expenses for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 are set forth below:

(in thousands)	For the Three Months Ended June 30,			
	2020	2019	2020 vs. 2019 (\$)	2020 vs. 2019 (%)
Compensation and benefits (1)	\$ 13,367	\$ 14,018	\$ (651)	(4.6)%
General, administrative and other	9,297	5,449	3,848	70.6%
Total expenses	<u>\$ 22,664</u>	<u>\$ 19,467</u>	<u>\$ 3,197</u>	16.4%

(in thousands)	For the Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2020	2019	2020 vs. 2019 (\$)	2020 vs. 2019 (%)
Compensation and benefits (1)	\$ 29,075	\$ 27,381	\$ 1,694	6.2%
General, administrative and other	9,340	10,659	(1,319)	(12.4)%
Total expenses	<u>\$ 38,415</u>	<u>\$ 38,040</u>	<u>\$ 375</u>	1.0%

- (1) For the three months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, \$5,557 and \$6,261, respectively, of partner incentive payments were included in cash compensation and benefits expense in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations. For the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, \$12,934 and \$11,651, respectively, of partner incentive payments were included in cash compensation and benefits expense in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Our expenses are driven primarily by our compensation costs. The table included in “—Expenses—Compensation and Benefits Expense” describes the components of our compensation expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019. Other expenses, such as rent, professional service fees, data-related costs, and sub-advisory fees incurred are included in our general and administrative expenses in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Three Months Ended June 30, 2020 versus Three Months Ended June 30, 2019

Total expenses increased by \$3.2 million, or 16.4%, to \$22.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020 from \$19.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2019. This decrease was attributable to a decrease in compensation and benefits expense of \$0.6 million partially offset by an increase in general, administrative and other expenses of \$3.8 million.

Compensation and benefits expense decreased by \$0.6 million, or 4.6%, to \$13.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020 from \$14.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2019. The decrease was primarily attributable to a decrease in the accrual for bonuses of \$0.8 million and a decrease in equity based compensation expense of \$0.7 million due to a decrease in the number of unvested restricted stock units and unvested non-qualified stock options outstanding, partially offset by an increase in salaries and benefits of \$0.9 million primarily as a result of merit-based increases and newly hired staff, including the addition of Cortina staff.

General and administrative expenses increased by \$3.8 million, or 70.6%, to \$9.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020 from \$5.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2019. This was primarily attributable to an increase in the fair value of contingent consideration related to the Cortina Acquisition of \$3.8 million, a decrease in travel and entertainment expenses of \$0.3 million and a decrease in storage and moving expenses of \$0.2 million, partially offset by an increase in portfolio and systems expenses of \$0.2 million and an increase in depreciation and amortization expense of \$0.3 million related mainly to the amortization of intangible assets related to the Cortina Acquisition and to the renovation of our office space in New York City.

Six Months Ended June 30, 2020 versus Six Months Ended June 30, 2019

Total expenses increased by \$0.4 million, or 1.0%, to \$38.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020 from \$38.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019. This increase was attributable to an increase in compensation and benefits expense of \$1.7 million partially offset by a decrease in general, administrative and other expenses of \$1.3 million.

Compensation and benefits expense increased by \$1.7 million, or 6.2%, to \$29.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020 from \$27.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019. The increase was primarily attributable to an increase in salaries and benefits expense of \$1.8 million primarily as a result of merit-based increases and newly hired staff, including the addition of Cortina staff and an increase in the accrual for bonuses of \$1.4 million, partially offset by a decrease in equity based compensation expense of \$1.5 million due to a decrease in the number of unvested restricted stock units and unvested non-qualified stock options outstanding.

General and administrative expenses decreased by \$1.3 million, or 12.4%, to \$9.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020 from \$10.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2019. The decrease was primarily attributable to a decrease in the fair value of contingent consideration related to the Cortina Acquisition of \$2.2 million, a decrease in travel and entertainment expenses of \$0.3 million and a decrease in storage and moving expenses of \$0.2 million partially offset by an increase in depreciation and amortization expense of \$0.8 million related mainly to the amortization of intangible assets related to the Cortina Acquisition and to the renovation of our office space in New York City, an increase in occupancy and related expenses of \$0.1 million, an increase in portfolio and systems expenses of \$0.3 million, an increase in the fair value of contingent consideration related to the Jamison Acquisition of \$0.1 million and an increase in the fair value of contingent consideration related to the Cappicille Acquisition of \$0.1 million.

Other Income (Expense), Net

(in thousands)	For the Three Months Ended June 30,			
	2020	2019	2020 vs. 2019 (\$)	2020 vs. 2019 (%)
Other income (expense), net	\$ 8	\$ 8	\$ —	—%
Interest income	4	79	(75)	(94.9)%
Interest expense	(134)	(8)	(126)	(1,575.0)%
Total other income (expense), net	<u>\$ (122)</u>	<u>\$ 79</u>	<u>\$ (201)</u>	<u>(254.4)%</u>

(in thousands)	For the Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2020	2019	2020 vs. 2019 (\$)	2020 vs. 2019 (%)
Other income (expense), net	\$ 15	\$ 15	\$ —	—%
Interest income	10	149	(139)	(93.3)%
Interest expense	(325)	(16)	(309)	(1,931.3)%
Total other income (expense), net	<u>\$ (300)</u>	<u>\$ 148</u>	<u>\$ (448)</u>	<u>(302.7)%</u>

NM – Not Meaningful

Three Months Ended June 30, 2020 versus Three Months Ended June 30, 2019

Total other income (expense) net decreased by \$201 thousand to other expense of \$122 thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2020 from other income of \$79 thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2019 due to an increase in interest expense as a result of borrowings under our credit facility and a decrease in interest income due to lower balances on notes receivable as a result of scheduled repayments.

Six Months Ended June 30, 2020 versus Six Months Ended June 30, 2019

Total other income (expense) net decreased by \$448 thousand to other expense of \$300 thousand for the six months ended June 30, 2020 from other income of \$148 thousand for the six months ended June 30, 2019 due to an increase in interest expense as a result of borrowings under our credit facility and a decrease in interest income due to lower balances on notes receivable as a result of scheduled repayments.

Provision for Income Taxes

Three Months Ended June 30, 2020 versus Three Months Ended June 30, 2019

The provision for income taxes was \$0.5 million and \$1.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The change was primarily the result of the tax effect of the decrease in the fair value of the contingent consideration related to the Cortina Acquisition, partially offset by increased profitability during the current period as compared to the prior year. Our provision for income taxes as a percentage of income before provision for income taxes for the three months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 was 36.7% and 25.7%, respectively.

Six Months Ended June 30, 2020 versus Six Months Ended June 30, 2019

The provision for income taxes was \$3.2 million and \$2.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The change was primarily the result of by increased profitability during the current period as compared to the prior year. Our provision for income taxes as a percentage of income before provision for income taxes for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 was 23.4% and 25.4%, respectively.

Supplemental Non-GAAP Financial Information

To provide investors with additional insight, promote transparency and allow for a more comprehensive understanding of the information used by management in its financial and operational decision-making, we supplement our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements presented on a basis consistent with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, or GAAP, with Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA margin, Adjusted Net Income, and Adjusted Earnings Per Share which are non-GAAP financial measures of earnings.

- EBITDA represents net income before provision for income taxes, interest income, interest expense, depreciation and amortization.
- We define Adjusted EBITDA as EBITDA without giving effect to the Delaware franchise tax, professional fees associated with acquisitions or financing transactions, gains on extinguishment of debt or other obligations related to acquisitions, impairment charges and losses on disposals or abandonment of assets and leaseholds, client reimbursements and fund redemption costs, severance and other similar expenses, but including partner incentive allocations, prior to our initial public offering, as an expense. We feel that it is important to management and investors to supplement our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements presented on a GAAP basis with Adjusted EBITDA, a non-GAAP financial measure of earnings, as this measure provides a perspective of recurring earnings of the Company, taking into account earnings attributable to both Class A and Class B shareholders.
- Adjusted EBITDA Margin is calculated by dividing Adjusted EBITDA by total revenue. We feel that it is important to management and investors to supplement our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements presented on a GAAP basis with Adjusted EBITDA Margin, a non-GAAP financial measure of earnings, as this measure provides a perspective of recurring profitability of the Company, taking into account profitability attributable to both Class A and Class B shareholders.
- Adjusted Net Income represents recurring net income without giving effect to professional fees associated with acquisitions or financing transactions, losses on forgiveness of notes receivable from our principals, gains on extinguishment of debt or other obligations related to acquisitions, impairment charges and losses on disposals or abandonment of assets and leaseholds, client reimbursements and fund redemption costs, severance and other similar expenses, but including partner incentive allocations, prior to our initial public offering, as an expense. Furthermore, Adjusted Net Income includes income tax expense assuming a blended corporate rate of 26%. We feel that it is important to management and investors to supplement our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements presented on a GAAP basis with Adjusted Net Income, a non-GAAP financial measure of earnings, as this measure provides a perspective of recurring income of the Company, taking into account income attributable to both Class A and Class B shareholders.
- Adjusted Earnings Per Share represents Adjusted Net Income divided by the actual Class A and Class B shares outstanding as of the end of the reporting period for basic Adjusted Earnings Per Share, and to the extent dilutive, we add unvested restricted stock units and non-qualified stock options to the total shares outstanding to compute diluted Adjusted Earnings Per Share. As a result of our structure, which includes a non-controlling interest, we feel that it is important to management and investors to supplement our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements presented on a GAAP basis with Adjusted Earnings Per Share, a non-GAAP financial measure of earnings, as this measure provides a perspective of recurring earnings per share of the Company as a whole as opposed to being limited to our Class A common stock.

These adjustments, and the non-GAAP financial measures that are derived from them, provide supplemental information to analyze our operations between periods and over time. Investors should consider our non-GAAP financial measure in addition to, and not as a substitute for, financial measures prepared in accordance with GAAP.

The following tables contain reconciliations of net income to Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted Net Income and Adjusted Earnings Per Share (amounts in thousands except per share amounts).

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Reconciliation of non-GAAP financial measure:				
Net income	\$ 782	\$ 3,351	\$ 10,472	\$ 6,396
GAAP Provision for income taxes	453	1,158	3,199	2,181
Delaware Franchise Tax	50	50	100	100
Interest expense	134	8	325	16
Interest income	(4)	(79)	(10)	(149)
Depreciation and amortization	1,020	732	2,027	1,243
Equity-based compensation	155	879	263	1,721
Other adjustments (A)	4,064	467	(1,496)	811
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 6,654	\$ 6,566	\$ 14,880	\$ 12,319
Adjusted EBITDA Margin	27.7%	27.5%	28.4%	26.5%

Adjusted Net Income and Adjusted Earnings Per Share

Reconciliation of non-GAAP financial measure:				
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Net income	\$ 782	\$ 3,351	\$ 10,472	\$ 6,396
GAAP Provision for income taxes	453	1,158	3,199	2,181
Delaware Franchise Tax	50	50	100	100
Other adjustments (A)	4,064	467	(1,496)	811
Adjusted earnings before provision for income taxes	5,349	5,026	12,275	9,488
Adjusted provision for income taxes:				
Adjusted provision for income taxes (26% assumed tax rate)	(1,391)	(1,307)	(3,192)	(2,467)
Adjusted net income	\$ 3,958	\$ 3,719	\$ 9,083	\$ 7,021
GAAP net income per share (B):				
Basic and diluted	\$ 0.05	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.64	\$ 0.42
Adjusted earnings per share/unit (B):				
Basic	\$ 0.28	\$ 0.28	\$ 0.63	\$ 0.52
Diluted	\$ 0.27	\$ 0.27	\$ 0.62	\$ 0.51
Shares/units outstanding:				
Basic Class A shares outstanding	9,520	8,624	9,520	8,624
Basic Class B shares/units outstanding	4,852	4,833	4,852	4,833
Total basic shares/units outstanding	14,372	13,457	14,372	13,457
Diluted Class A shares outstanding (C)	9,528	8,626	9,528	8,626
Diluted Class B shares/units outstanding (D)	5,014	5,215	5,014	5,215
Total diluted shares/units outstanding	14,542	13,841	14,542	13,841

(A) Other adjustments consist of the following:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Non-acquisition expansion costs (a)	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 97
Acquisition costs (b)	23	232	280	370
Severance	—	—	—	13
Other (c)	4,041	235	(1,776)	331
Total other adjustments	\$ 4,064	\$ 467	\$ (1,496)	\$ 811

(a) For the six months June 30, 2020 and 2019, represents accrued earnout of \$0 and \$97, respectively, related to our Richmond, VA office expansion.

- (b) For the three months ended June 30, 2020, represents legal and other professional fees of \$12 and insurance costs of \$11 related to the acquisition of Cortina. For the six months ended June 30, 2020, represents legal and other professional fees of \$84, insurance costs of \$23 related to the acquisition of Cortina, and costs related to the integration of Cortina's operations of \$ 173. For the three months ended June 30, 2019, represents legal fees of \$ 38 related to the Neosho Acquisition and legal fees of \$ 194 related to the acquisition of Cortina. For the six months ended June 30, 2019, represents legal fees of \$156 related to the Neosho Acquisition and legal fees of \$214 related to the acquisition of Cortina.
- (c) For the three months ended June 30, 2020, represents an ASC 842 rent adjustment of \$48 related to the amortization of property lease incentives, a fair value adjustment to the Jamison contingent purchase price consideration of \$70, a fair value adjustment to the Cortina contingent purchase price consideration of \$3,800 and expenses related to the Coronavirus pandemic of \$123. For the six months ended June 30, 2020, represents expenses of \$18 related to office renovations, an ASC 842 rent adjustment of \$96 related to the amortization of property lease incentives, professional fees related to a new audit requirement of \$13, a fair value adjustment to the Cappicille contingent purchase price consideration of \$83, a fair value adjustment to the Cortina contingent purchase price consideration of \$(2,200), a fair value adjustment to the Jamison contingent purchase price consideration of \$70, and expenses related to the Coronavirus pandemic of \$144. For the three months ended June 30, 2019, represents moving expenses of \$187 related to office relocations and an ASC 842 rent adjustment of \$48 related to the amortization of property lease incentives. For the six months ended June 30, 2019, represents moving expenses of \$235 related to office relocations and an ASC 842 rent adjustment of \$96 related to the amortization of property lease incentives.
- (B) GAAP net income per share is strictly attributable to Class A shareholders. Adjusted earnings per share takes into account earnings attributable to both Class A and Class B shareholders.
- (C) Includes 8,242 and 1,897 unvested restricted stock units at June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.
- (D) Includes 74,907 and 276,963 unvested restricted stock units and 86,764 and 0 unvested non-qualified options at June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Historically, the working capital needs of our business have primarily been met through cash generated by our operations. We expect that our cash and liquidity requirements in the next twelve months will be met primarily through cash generated by our operations. The challenges posed by the COVID-19 pandemic and the impact on our business and cash flows are evolving rapidly and cannot be predicted at this time. Consequently, we will continue to evaluate our liquidity and financial position on an ongoing basis.

On June 24, 2013, the subsidiaries of Silvercrest L.P. entered into a \$15.0 million credit facility with City National Bank. The subsidiaries of Silvercrest L.P. are the borrowers under such facility and Silvercrest L.P. guarantees the obligations of its subsidiaries under the credit facility. The credit facility is secured by certain assets of Silvercrest L.P. and its subsidiaries. The credit facility consists of a \$7.5 million delayed draw term loan that matures on June 24, 2025 and a \$7.5 million revolving credit facility that was scheduled to mature on June 21, 2019. On July 1, 2019, the credit facility was amended to increase the term loan by \$18.0 million to \$25.5 million, extend the draw date on the term loan facility to July 1, 2024, extend the maturity date of the term loan to July 1, 2026 and increase the revolving credit facility by \$2.5 million to \$10.0 million. On June 19, 2020, the revolving credit facility was further amended to extend the maturity date to June 19, 2021. The loan bears interest at either (a) the higher of the prime rate plus a margin of 0.25 percentage points and 2.5% or (b) the LIBOR rate plus 2.75 percentage points, at the borrowers' option. Borrowings under the term loan on or prior to June 30, 2021 are payable in 20 equal quarterly installments. Borrowings under the term loan after June 30, 2021 will be payable in equal quarterly installments through the maturity date. The credit facility contains restrictions on, among other things, (i) incurrence of additional debt, (ii) creating liens on certain assets, (iii) making certain investments, (iv) consolidating, merging or otherwise disposing of substantially all of our assets, (v) the sale of certain assets, and (vi) entering into transactions with affiliates. In addition, the credit facility contains certain financial covenants including a test on discretionary assets under management, maximum debt to EBITDA and a fixed charge coverage ratio. The credit facility contains customary events of default, including the occurrence of a change in control which includes a person or group of persons acting together acquiring more than 30% of the total voting securities of Silvercrest. Any undrawn amounts under this facility would be available to fund future acquisitions or for working capital purposes, if needed. As of June 30, 2020, we had \$14.4 million outstanding under the term loan. As of June 30, 2020, there were no borrowings outstanding on the revolving credit facility. We were in compliance with the covenants under the credit facility as of June 30, 2020.

Our ongoing sources of cash will primarily consist of management fees and family office services fees, which are principally collected quarterly. We will primarily use cash flow from operations to pay compensation and related expenses, general and administrative expenses, income taxes, debt service, capital expenditures, distributions to Class B unit holders and dividends on shares of our Class A common stock.

Seasonality typically affects cash flow since the first quarter of each year includes, as a source of cash, payment of the prior year's annual performance fees and allocations, if any, from our various funds and external investment strategies and, as a use of cash, the prior fiscal year's incentive compensation. We believe that we have sufficient cash from our operations to fund our operations and commitments for the next twelve months.

The following table sets forth certain key financial data relating to our liquidity and capital resources as of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019.

(in thousands)	As of	
	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 37,679	\$ 52,832
Accounts receivable	\$ 8,751	\$ 8,958
Due from Silvercrest Funds	\$ 1,098	\$ 1,697

We anticipate that distributions to the limited partners of Silvercrest L.P. will continue to be a material use of our cash resources and will vary in amount and timing based on our operating results and dividend policy. We pay and intend to continue paying quarterly cash dividends to holders of our Class A common stock. We are a holding company and have no material assets other than our ownership of interests in Silvercrest L.P. As a result, we will depend upon distributions from Silvercrest L.P. to pay any dividends to our Class A stockholders. We expect to cause Silvercrest L.P. to make distributions to us in an amount sufficient to cover dividends, if any, declared by us. Our dividend policy has certain risks and limitations, particularly with respect to liquidity. Although we expect to pay dividends according to our dividend policy, we may not pay dividends according to our policy, or at all, if, among other things, we do not have the cash necessary to pay our intended dividends or our subsidiaries are prevented from making a distribution to us under the terms of our current credit facility or any future financing. To the extent we do not have cash on hand sufficient to pay dividends, we may decide not to pay dividends. By paying cash dividends rather than investing that cash in our future growth, we risk slowing the pace of our growth, or not having a sufficient amount of cash to fund our operations or unanticipated capital expenditures, should the need arise.

Our purchase of Class B units in Silvercrest L.P. that occurred concurrently with the consummation of our initial public offering, and the future exchanges of Class B units of Silvercrest L.P., are expected to result in increases in our share of the tax basis of the tangible and intangible assets of Silvercrest L.P. at the time of our acquisition and these future exchanges, which will increase the tax depreciation and amortization deductions that otherwise would not have been available to us. These increases in tax basis and tax depreciation and amortization deductions are expected to reduce the amount of tax that we would otherwise be required to pay in the future. We entered into a tax receivable agreement with the current principals of Silvercrest L.P. and any future employee-holders of Class B units pursuant to which we agreed to pay them 85% of the amount of cash savings, if any, in U.S. federal, state and local income tax that we actually realize as a result of these increases in tax basis and certain other tax benefits related to entering into the tax receivable agreement, including tax benefits attributable to payments thereunder. The timing of these payments is currently unknown. The payments to be made pursuant to the tax receivable agreement will be a liability of Silvercrest and not Silvercrest L.P., and thus this liability has been recorded as an "other liability" on our Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition. For purposes of the tax receivable agreement, cash savings in income tax will be computed by comparing our actual income tax liability to the amount of such taxes that we would have been required to pay had there been no increase in our share of the tax basis of the tangible and intangible assets of Silvercrest L.P.

The actual increase in tax basis, as well as the amount and timing of any payments under the tax receivable agreement, will vary depending upon a number of factors, including the timing of exchanges, the price of shares of our Class A common stock at the time of the exchange, the extent to which such exchanges are taxable, the amount and timing of our income and the tax rates then applicable. Nevertheless, we expect that as a result of the size of the increases in the tax basis of our tangible and intangible assets, the payments that we may make under the tax receivable agreement likely will be substantial. Assuming no material changes in the relevant tax law and that we earn sufficient taxable income to realize the full tax benefit of the increased depreciation and amortization of our assets, we expect that future payments to the selling principals of Silvercrest L.P. in respect of our purchase of Class B units from them will aggregate approximately \$9.9 million. Future payments to current principals of Silvercrest L.P. and future holders of Class B units in respect of subsequent exchanges would be in addition to these amounts and are expected to be substantial. We intend to fund required payments pursuant to the tax receivable agreement from the distributions received from Silvercrest L.P.

Cash Flows

The following table sets forth our cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019. Operating activities consist of net income subject to adjustments for changes in operating assets and liabilities, depreciation, and equity-based compensation expense. Investing activities consist primarily of acquiring and selling property and equipment, and cash paid as part of business acquisitions. Financing activities consist primarily of contributions from partners, distributions to partners, dividends paid on Class A common stock, the issuance and payments on partner notes, other financings, and earnout payments related to business acquisitions.

(in thousands)	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (4,426)	\$ (8,087)
Net cash used in investing activities	(360)	(3,215)
Net cash used in financing activities	(10,367)	(7,104)
Net change in cash	<u>\$ (15,153)</u>	<u>\$ (18,406)</u>

Operating Activities

Six Months Ended June 30, 2020 versus Six Months Ended June 30, 2019

For the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, operating activities used \$4.4 million and \$8.1 million, respectively. This difference is primarily the result of an increase in net income of \$4.1 million, decreased payouts of accrued compensation of \$0.4 million, a decrease in accounts receivable of \$1.4 million due to timing of payments received from clients, an increase in deferred tax expense of \$0.8 million, an increase in non-cash lease expense of \$1.3 million, an increase in depreciation and amortization expense of \$0.8 million primarily as a result of the Cortina Acquisition and the completion of renovations to our offices and an increase in prepaid expenses and other assets of \$0.2 million. This was partially offset by a decrease in equity-based compensation expense of \$1.5 million, a decrease in distributions received from investment in funds of \$0.5 million, a decrease in operating lease liabilities of \$1.5 million and a decrease in accounts payable and accrued expenses of \$2.0 million, primarily due to a decrease in the fair value of contingent consideration related to the Cortina Acquisition.

Investing Activities

Six Months Ended June 30, 2020 versus Six Months Ended June 30, 2019

For the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, investing activities used \$0.4 million and \$3.2 million, respectively. The primary use of cash during the six months ended June 30, 2020 was for the acquisition of furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements mostly related to the renovation of our office space in New York City. The primary use of cash during the six months ended June 30, 2019 was for cash paid at closing of the Neosho Acquisition and for the acquisition of furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements mostly related to the renovation of our office space in New York City.

Financing Activities

Six Months Ended June 30, 2020 versus Six Months Ended June 30, 2019

For the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, financing activities used \$10.4 million and \$7.1 million, respectively. During the six months ended June 30, 2020, the Company repaid \$1.8 million of principal on the term loan with City National Bank. Distributions to partners during the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 were \$5.0 million and \$5.8 million, respectively. During the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Company paid dividends of \$3.0 million and \$2.6 million, respectively, to Class A shareholders. During the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, we made earnout payments of \$0.7 million and \$0.4 million, respectively. During the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, we received payments from partners on notes receivable of \$0.3 million and \$0.3 million, respectively.

We anticipate that distributions to principals of Silvercrest L.P. will continue to be a material use of our cash resources, and will vary in amount and timing based on our operating results and dividend policy.

As of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, \$14.4 million and \$16.2, respectively, was outstanding under the term loan with City National Bank.

As of June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, nothing was outstanding on our revolving credit facility with City National Bank.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We did not have any significant off-balance sheet arrangements as of June 30, 2020 or December 31, 2019.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

There have been no changes to our critical accounting policies during the six months ended June 30, 2020 from those disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 5, 2020.

Revenue Recognition

Investment advisory fees are typically billed quarterly in advance at the beginning of the quarter or in arrears after the end of the quarter, based on a contractual percentage of the assets managed. Family office services fees are also typically billed quarterly in advance at the beginning of the quarter or in arrears after the end of the quarter based on a contractual percentage of the assets managed or upon a contractually agreed-upon flat fee arrangement. Revenue is recognized on a ratable basis over the period in which services are performed.

We account for performance-based revenue in accordance with ASC 606-10-32, Accounting for Management Fees Based on a Formula, by recognizing performance fees and allocations as revenue only when it is certain that the fee income is earned and payable pursuant to the relevant agreements. In certain arrangements, we are only entitled to receive performance fees and allocations when the return on assets under management exceeds certain benchmark returns or other performance targets. We record performance fees and allocations as a component of revenue.

Because the majority of our revenues are earned based on assets under management that have been determined using fair value methods and since market appreciation/depreciation has a significant impact on our revenue, we have presented our assets under management using the GAAP framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a three-level fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs based on company assumptions (Level 3). A financial instrument's categorization within the fair value hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the instrument's fair value measurement. The three levels within the fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

- Level 1—includes quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical instruments at the measurement date. The types of financial instruments included in Level 1 include unrestricted securities, including equities listed in active markets.
- Level 2—includes inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the instruments, including quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active, or inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the instruments. The type of financial instruments in this category include less liquid and restricted securities listed in active markets, securities traded in other than active markets, government and agency securities, and managed funds whose net asset value is based on observable inputs.
- Level 3—includes one or more significant unobservable inputs. Financial instruments that are included in this category include assets under management primarily comprised of investments in privately-held entities, limited partnerships, and other instruments where the fair value is based on unobservable inputs.

The table below summarizes the approximate amount of assets under management for the periods indicated for which fair value is measured based on Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 inputs.

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
			(in billions)	
June 30, 2020 AUM	\$ 17.2	\$ 4.1	\$ 2.5	\$ 23.8
December 31, 2019 AUM	\$ 18.6	\$ 4.0	\$ 2.5	\$ 25.1

As substantially all our assets under management are valued by independent pricing services based upon observable market prices or inputs, we believe market risk is the most significant risk underlying valuation of our assets under management, as discussed under the heading "Risk Factors" in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019 and Item 3. "— Qualitative and Quantitative Disclosures Regarding Market Risk."

The average value of our assets under management for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 was approximately \$22.2 billion and \$24.5 billion, respectively. Assuming a 10% increase or decrease in our average assets under management and the change being proportionately distributed over all our products, the value would increase or decrease by approximately \$2.2 billion and \$2.5 billion for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020, respectively, which would cause an annualized increase or decrease in revenues of approximately \$9.6 million and \$10.5 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020, respectively, at a weighted average fee rate for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 of 0.43% and 0.43%, respectively.

The average value of our assets under management for the year ended December 31, 2019 was approximately \$22.1 billion. Assuming a 10% increase or decrease in our average assets under management and the change being proportionately distributed over all our products, the value would increase or decrease by approximately \$2.2 billion for the year ended December 31, 2019, which would cause an annualized increase or decrease in revenues of approximately \$10.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2019, at a weighted average fee rate for the year ended December 31, 2019 of 0.46%.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

Information regarding recent accounting developments and their impact on the Company can be found in Note 2. “Summary of Significant Accounting Policies” in the “Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements” in this filing.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures Regarding Market Risk

Our exposure to market risk is directly related to our role as investment adviser for the separate accounts we manage and the funds for which we act as sub-investment adviser. Most of our revenue for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 was derived from advisory fees, which are typically based on the market value of assets under management. Accordingly, a decline in the prices of securities would cause our revenue and income to decline due to a decrease in the value of the assets we manage. In addition, such a decline could cause our clients to withdraw their funds in favor of investments offering higher returns or lower risk, which would cause our revenue and income to decline further. Due to the nature of our business, we believe that we do not face any material risk from inflation. Please see our discussion of market risks in “—Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates—Revenue Recognition” which is part of Item 2. “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.”

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) at June 30, 2020. Based on this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at June 30, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in the Company’s internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended June 30, 2020 that have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect our internal control over financial reporting. We have not experienced any material impact to our internal controls over financial reporting despite the fact that most of our employees are working remotely due to the COVID-19 pandemic. We are continually monitoring and assessing the COVID-19 pandemic situation on our internal controls to minimize the impact on their design and operating effectiveness.

PART II - Other Information

Item 1A. Risk Factors

The following risk factors are in addition to the risks described in the Company's Form 10-K under Item 1A, "Risk Factors" for its fiscal year ended December 31, 2019 and in its subsequent periodic reports filed with the SEC pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. The information included in the "Risk Factors" section of the First Quarter Form 10-Q is incorporated by reference herein. However, the risks and uncertainties that we face are not limited to those set forth in the 2019 Form 10-K, as supplemented and updated in the First Quarter Form 10-Q. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us or that we currently believe to be immaterial may also adversely affect our business and the trading price of our securities, particularly in light of the fast-changing nature of the COVID-19 pandemic, containment measures, the potential for future waves of outbreaks and the related impacts to economic and operating conditions. The effects of the events and circumstances described in the following risk factors may have the additional effect of heightening many of the risks contained in the Company's Form 10-K and other periodic reports.

The COVID-19 pandemic has had a negative impact on our revenue levels, which we expect to continue for the rest of the year.

Our revenue is highly correlated to securities markets, and we expect that our assets under management and revenue levels will be negatively impacted, on an incremental basis, by the effect of the COVID-19 pandemic on securities markets. While the COVID-19 pandemic did not materially affect the Company's financial results and business operations in the Company's first fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2020, economic and health conditions in the United States and across most of the globe have changed rapidly since the end of the first quarter, which has led to increased volatility and uncertainty in securities markets in the United States and across the globe. As a result, the COVID-19 pandemic affected our operations in the second quarter ended June 30, 2020, continues to affect our operations in the third quarter of 2020, and may continue to do so indefinitely thereafter. While demand for the Company's services continues given the current capital markets and overall economic environment, such demand may not continue and demand may decrease from historical levels depending on the duration and severity of the COVID-19 pandemic, the length of time it takes for normal economic and operating conditions to resume, additional governmental actions that may be taken and/or extensions of time for restrictions that have been imposed to date, and numerous other uncertainties. Such events may result in business disruption, reduced earnings and operations, any of which could materially affect our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

The transmission of COVID-19 and efforts to contain its spread have resulted in border closings and other travel restrictions and significant disruptions to business operations, supply chains and customer activity, including event cancellations and restrictions, service cancellations and wide-spread quarantines. These impacts and the uncertainty around the future impact of COVID-19, including the extent and duration of the impact on economies around the world, have caused significant volatility and declines in the global financial markets, which are expected to continue to result in business disruptions, reduced earnings and operations, which could materially affect our business, financial conditions and results of operations.

During the three months ended March 31, 2020, our revenues were not significantly impacted by the effects of COVID-19 on the financial markets primarily as a result of our advance billing structure; however, our revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2020 and subsequent periods have and will continue to be impacted by the effects of COVID-19 on the financial markets. See also Part I Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

The ability of the Company's employees to work may be significantly impacted by the coronavirus.

The Company's employees are being affected by the COVID-19 pandemic. The majority of our office and management personnel are working remotely. The health of the Company's workforce is of primary concern and the Company may need to enact further precautionary measures to help minimize the risk of our employees being exposed to the coronavirus. Further, our management team is focused on mitigating the adverse effects of the COVID-19 pandemic, which has required and will continue to require a large investment of time and resources across the entire Company, thereby diverting their attention from other priorities that existed prior to the outbreak of the pandemic. If these conditions worsen, or last for an extended period of time, the Company's ability to manage its business may be impaired, and operational risks, cybersecurity risks and other risks facing the Company even prior to the pandemic may be elevated.

The Company cannot predict the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on its client, vendors, and other business partners.

The COVID-19 pandemic is affecting the Company's clients, vendors, and other business partners, but the Company is not able to assess the full extent of the current impact nor predict the ultimate consequences that will result therefrom. We are working to obtain information about and maintain communications with our clients, vendors and business partners to coordinate efforts related to business continuity which may mitigate some, but not all, of the adverse effects resulting from the pandemic. If the Company's clients, vendors and business partners are impacted by the pandemic for an extended period of time, the Company's earnings and operations may be negatively impacted as well.

The full effects of the COVID-19 pandemic are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted.

The COVID-19 pandemic affected the Company's operations in the second quarter, is affecting the Company's operations in the third quarter, and may continue to do so indefinitely thereafter. The Company is continuously monitoring its own operations and intends to take appropriate actions to mitigate the risks arising from the COVID-19 pandemic to the best of its abilities, but there can be no assurances that the Company will be successful in doing so. Governmental action may further cause the Company to temporarily close its facilities and/or regional quarantines may result in labor shortages and work stoppages. All of these factors may have far reaching direct and indirect impacts on the Company's business, operations, and financial results and condition. The ultimate extent of the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic on the Company is highly uncertain and will depend on future developments which cannot be predicted.

Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit Number	Description
4.1	<u>Eighth Amendment to Credit Agreement, dated as of June 19, 2020, among Silvercrest Asset Management Group LLC, Silvercrest Investors LLC, Silvercrest Investors II LLC and Silvercrest Financial Services, Inc., as borrowers, City National Bank, a national banking association, and acknowledged by Silvercrest L.P., as guarantor, initially filed as exhibit 4.1 on Form 8-K with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 19, 2020 and incorporated herein by reference.</u>
10.1**	<u>Amendment to Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement among Silvercrest Asset Management Group Inc. and Brian D. Dunn, dated July 28, 2020.</u>
10.2**	<u>Employment agreement with J. Allen Gray dated July 29, 2020.</u>
31.1**	<u>Certification of the Company's Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Exchange Act Rules 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</u>
31.2**	<u>Certification of the Company's Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Exchange Act Rules 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</u>
32.1***	<u>Certification of the Company's Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</u>
32.2***	<u>Certification of the Company's Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</u>
101.INS**	Inline XBRL Instance Document – The instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because iXBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.
101.SCH**	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL**	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.LAB**	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE**	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
101.DEF**	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
104**	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)

** Filed herewith

*** Furnished herewith

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the city of New York, state of New York, on August 3, 2020.

Silvercrest Asset Management Group Inc.

Date: August 3, 2020

By: /s/ Richard R. Hough III
Richard R. Hough III
Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and President
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: August 3, 2020

/s/ Scott A. Gerard
Scott A. Gerard
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

AMENDMENT TO RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AWARD AGREEMENT

Participant: Brian D. Dunn
Number of Restricted Stock Units: 8,242
Grant Date: March 3, 2020

This Amendment (“Amendment”) is effective this 28th day of July, 2020 (the “Amendment Date”) and amends that certain Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement between the Participant and Silvercrest Asset Management Group Inc. (the “Company”) having the terms summarized above (the “RSU Agreement”). Capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined in this Amendment have the meaning given to such terms in the RSU Agreement. The RSU Agreement shall be amended as provided below.

1. Section 3(b) of the RSU Agreement shall be deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

“b. Accelerated Vesting Upon Certain Events or Change of Control. If the Participant incurs a “separation from service,” as defined in Section 409A of the Code and Treas. Reg. Section 1.409A-1(h) from the Company and its Affiliates (a “Separation from Service”) as a result of the Participant’s death or the Participant becoming “permanently and totally disabled” (within the meaning of Code Section 22(e)(3)), all Restricted Stock Units unvested as of such date shall become fully and immediately vested. In the event of a Change of Control that constitutes a “change in control event” within the meaning of Code Section 409A, then 100% of the Restricted Stock Units shall vest in full immediately prior to the consummation of such Change of Control, provided that the Participant has remained a member of the Board from the date hereof through to the consummation of such Change of Control.”

If the Participant incurs a Separation from Service during the calendar year 2020 for any reason other than death or permanent and total disability, as provided above, including a Separation from Service as a result of the Participant’s retirement or resignation, then the Restricted Stock Units unvested as of such date shall become immediately vested on a pro rata basis based on the number of days that have elapsed between the Grant Date and the effective date of the Participant’s Separation from Service and December 31, 2020, and any remaining Restricted Stock Units that remain unvested at such time shall be immediately forfeited and cancelled for no consideration and shall cease to be outstanding.”

2. Section 3(c) of the RSU Agreement shall be amended by removing the reference to Section 3(d) contained therein.
 3. Section 3(d) of the RSU Agreement shall be deleted in its entirety and replaced with the caption “Reserved.”
 4. Section 3(e) of the RSU Agreement shall be deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:
-

“e. Rights as a Stockholder. The Participant shall have no rights of a stockholder with respect to the Shares represented by the Restricted Stock Units, including, but not limited to, the right to vote and receive dividends, unless and until such Shares are transferred to the Participant to the Plan and this Agreement. Notwithstanding the following, the Participant shall be eligible to receive dividend equivalents with respect to the Restricted Stock Units pursuant to Section 3(h).”

5. Section 3(h) of the RSU Agreement shall be deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following:

“h. Right to Dividend Equivalents. If, after the Grant Date, any dividends or other distributions are paid with respect to the Shares while the Restricted Stock Units are outstanding, the dollar amount or fair market value of such dividends or distributions with respect to the number of Shares then underlying the Restricted Stock Units shall be credited to a bookkeeping account and held (without interest) by the Company for the account of the Participant. Such amounts shall be subject to the same vesting, forfeiture and payment provisions as the Restricted Stock Units to which they relate and shall be paid to the Participant on the date the Restricted Stock Units become vested. In the event that any Restricted Stock Units fail to vest for any reason, the Participant shall forfeit all right, title and interest in and to any dividends or other distributions being held for the Participant’s account with respect to the unvested Restricted Stock Units as of the date of the forfeiture of the unvested Restricted Stock Units, and such amounts shall revert to the Company without further consideration or any act or action by the Participant.”

6. The RSU Unit Agreement, as modified by the terms of this Amendment, shall continue in full force and effect from and after the date of the adoption of this Amendment.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have caused this Amendment to be duly executed and delivered on the day and year first above written.

SILVERCREST ASSET MANAGEMENT GROUP INC.

/s/ Richard R. Hough III

By: Richard R. Hough III

Its: Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

PARTICIPANT

/s/ Brian D. Dunn

Brian D. Dunn



July 29, 2020

Mr. J. Allen Gray
One Oak Glen Drive
Malvern, Pennsylvania 19355

Dear Allen:

Silvercrest Asset Management Group LLC ("**Silvercrest**") desires to continue to employ you and you desire to continue to be employed by Silvercrest under the terms and conditions set forth in this letter (the "**Agreement**").

1. **Effective Date.** This Agreement shall be effective July 30, 2020 (the "**Effective Date**"). On the Effective Date, this Agreement shall supersede any and all other employment agreements, arrangements, or understandings, written or oral, you may have regarding your employment with Silvercrest, other than the Silvercrest Asset Management Group Inc. Tax Receivable Agreement dated as of June 26, 2013 (the "**Silvercrest TRA**"), the Exchange Agreement dated June 26, 2013, the Resale and Registration Rights Agreement dated June 26, 2013, and the Second Amended and Restated Limited Partnership Agreement executed as of November 13, 2012 (the "**Silvercrest LPA**"). Unless expressly provided otherwise, all terms shall have the meanings given in the Silvercrest LPA.

2. **Term of Employment.** This Agreement shall commence on the Effective Date and shall expire on 5:00 p.m. E.S.T. on July 30, 2023 (the "**Initial Term**"), unless terminated earlier pursuant to the provisions of Section 5 hereof. The term of employment shall be renewed automatically for successive periods of one (1) year each (a "**Renewal Term**") after the expiration of the Initial Term, unless Silvercrest provides you, or you provide Silvercrest, with written notice to the contrary at least one hundred eighty (180) calendar days prior to the end of the Initial Term or any Renewal Term. The Initial Term and any Renewal Terms are collectively referred to herein as the "**Term**." You shall be an employee "at will" whose employment can be terminated at any time subject to this Agreement. If either Silvercrest or you elect not to renew the Term of this Agreement in accordance with this Section 2 and you thereafter continue in employment with Silvercrest or its affiliates, you shall continue to be employed on an at-will basis and the terms of such employment and any subsequent termination of employment shall be subject solely to Silvercrest's general employment practices and policies. In the event of a "**Change of Control**" (as such term is defined in the Silvercrest TRA) during the Term, the Term automatically will be

extended until the later of (i) the second anniversary of the Change of Control, or (ii) the scheduled expiration of the then-current Term.

3. Position and Duties. You shall have the title of Managing Director (“**MD**”), reporting directly to the Chief Executive Officer of Silvercrest Asset Management Group Inc. (the “**CEO**”). As a Silvercrest employee, you shall devote substantially all of your working time and attention and use your reasonable best efforts to faithfully and diligently perform your duties under this Agreement and shall at all times abide by Silvercrest’s Employee Guidelines and Code of Conduct and Ethics, copies of which have been delivered to you, as the same may be amended in writing delivered to you from time to time, provided that in the event of any direct conflict between such policies and the unambiguous terms of this Agreement, the terms of this Agreement shall govern and control. You will be located at Silvercrest’s principal headquarters, currently in New York City, subject to normal travel requirements.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, subject to the policies and procedures of Silvercrest, you may devote reasonable time to activities such as supervision of personal investments and activities involving professional, charitable, civic, educational, religious, and similar types of activities, and, subject to the firm’s pre-clearance requirements, may serve on the board of directors (or comparable governing body), including any board committees, of no more than two for-profit businesses that do not compete with Silvercrest, provided such activities do not interfere in any material way with the business of Silvercrest or violate Silvercrest’s policies.

4. Compensation.

(a) Annual Base Salary. You will continue to receive an annualized base salary of \$300,000, to be paid semi-monthly (the “**Base Salary**”). Your Base Salary shall be reviewed at least annually by the CEO. Based upon such reviews, your Base Salary may be increased, but shall not be decreased, unless by mutual consent or pursuant to an across-the-board decrease affecting all senior executives of the Company equally. The term “**Base Salary**” will refer to the Base Salary as so increased or decreased from time to time.

(b) Annual Bonus. During the Term, you will continue to be entitled to an annual cash bonus in an amount determined in accordance with Schedule 1 hereto.

(c) Equity and LTIP Grants. You will be eligible to receive grants under the Silvercrest Asset Management Group Inc. 2012 Equity Incentive Plan (the “**Equity Plan**”) Equity Plan (or any similar or successor plans established or maintained by Silvercrest), determined by the Chief Executive Officer, in such form as he or she determines, provided that, it is acknowledged that Chief Executive Officer shall have full discretion to determine the amount of equity grants, if any, and that the failure by the Chief Executive Officer to make a grant of any specific value in any year shall not be considered Good Reason for purposes of Section 5(d).

(d) Benefits. You will be entitled to participate in all benefit and perquisite plans provided to senior executive officers of Silvercrest, subject to and on a basis consistent with the terms, conditions, and overall administration of such plans, programs, and arrangements (collectively, the “**Benefits**”).

5. Termination of Employment.

(a) Termination by Silvercrest or by You. Silvercrest may terminate your employment during the Term: (i) without Cause (as defined in the Silvercrest LPA) by giving you sixty (60) calendar days' prior written notice, or (ii) for Cause by giving you written notice setting forth the grounds for the Cause termination. You may terminate your employment during the Term by giving Silvercrest sixty (60) calendar days' prior written notice; provided that, if you purport to terminate your employment during the Term for Good Reason (as defined below), you must give Silvercrest written notice of your intent to terminate for Good Reason within ninety (90) calendar days of the initial occurrence of the event or condition that allegedly constitutes Good Reason. In the event of termination by notice under the preceding sentence of this Section 5(a), Silvercrest in its discretion may elect a Termination Date (as defined below) that is earlier than the conclusion of the sixty (60) calendar day notice period, but the termination shall still be deemed a voluntary termination by you with Good Reason under this Section. Silvercrest shall have a right to cure the event alleged to constitute Good Reason for a period of thirty (30) calendar days after notice from you of your intention to terminate for Good Reason. If Silvercrest fails to cure the event or condition that constitutes Good Reason, your actual termination of employment must be within thirty (30) calendar days after the expiration of such thirty (30) day cure period. For purposes of this Agreement, "**Good Reason**" means the occurrence of any of the following events without your written consent: (i) a material diminution in your base compensation, except as provided in Section 4(a); (ii) a material diminution in your authority, duties, or responsibilities; (iii) a requirement that you report to a corporate officer or employee other than reporting directly to the CEO; (iv) a material diminution in the budget over which you retain authority; (v) a material change in the geographic location at which you must perform the services; and (vi) any other action or inaction that constitutes a material breach by Silvercrest of this Agreement.

(b) Termination of Employment for Any Reason. In the event of your termination of employment for any reason, in addition to any other amounts payable by Silvercrest hereunder, Silvercrest shall pay or provide to you (i) your Base Salary through the Termination Date, (ii) reimbursement of all previously incurred business expenses, properly submitted, according to Silvercrest's expense reimbursement policy, (iii) benefits payable under Silvercrest's employee benefit plans, not including any severance plans, and (iv) except in cases of termination for Cause, payment of earned but unpaid bonus for any completed fiscal year, which shall be payable at the time payment is made to other similarly situated executives of Silvercrest, but in no event later than two and a half (2½) months after the close of the calendar year of your Termination Date ((i), (ii), (iii) and (iv) collectively, the "**Accrued Amounts**").

(c) Automatic Termination. Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 2, your employment shall automatically terminate upon your death or Disability (as defined in the Silvercrest LPA). Subject to Section 6, if your employment is terminated during the Term by reason of your death or Disability, you or your estate, as the case may be, shall be entitled to the following: (i) payments of the Accrued Amounts, as soon as reasonably practicable following the date your employment with Silvercrest and its affiliates terminates (the "**Termination Date**"); (ii) payment of an amount equal to the average of the annual bonuses paid to you for the three fiscal years immediately preceding the year of your Termination Date (the "**Average Bonus**"), which shall be payable on the date on which you (or your beneficiary, in the event of your death) deliver to Silvercrest an executed and enforceable release as described in Section 6 and the period for

revocation of such release expires, (iii) full vesting of all time-based equity awards, and (iv) vesting of performance-based awards immediately upon termination based on actual performance.

(d) Termination Without Cause by Silvercrest or by You for Good Reason. Subject to Sections 6, 7, and 23, if during the Term, Silvercrest terminates your employment without Cause or you terminate your employment for Good Reason, you shall be entitled to the following payments and benefits:

(i) The Accrued Amounts, payable as soon as reasonably practicable following the Termination Date.

(ii) A pro rata portion of the amount of annual bonus, if any, you would have received under Section 4(b) for the year in which your employment terminated, as determined by the CEO, but not less than the Average Bonus, which shall be payable on the date on which you deliver to Silvercrest an executed and enforceable release as described in Section 6 and the date for revocation of such release expires, but in no event later than two and a half (2½) months after the close of the calendar year of your Termination Date.

(iii) A cash amount equal to two times the sum of (A) your Base Salary and (B) the Average Bonus, paid in substantially equal installments over twenty-four (24) months following your Termination Date; provided that, if Silvercrest or its successor terminates your employment without Cause or you terminate your employment for Good Reason, within one hundred eighty (180) calendar days prior to or two years after a Change of Control, the amount set forth in this Section 5(d)(iii) (or the remainder of such amount if installment payments have commenced) shall be paid to you in a single lump sum within ten (10) business days after the Change of Control, or, if later, the date on which you deliver to Silvercrest an executed and enforceable release as described in Section 6 and the date for revocation of such release expires, provided, that if the Change of Control does not constitute a "change in control event" as defined in Treasury Regulation § 1.409A-3(i)(5) (or any similar or successor provisions), only the portion of such amount that does not constitute deferred compensation subject to Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") shall be paid in a lump sum and the remainder shall be paid in installments in the same manner as if a Change of Control had not occurred.

(iv) Cash reimbursement of the Silvercrest portion of your COBRA premiums (or an amount equal to the Silvercrest portion of your COBRA premiums) (sufficient to cover full family health care) for a period of eighteen (18) months following the termination of your employment if you elect such COBRA coverage; provided, however, that any payments or reimbursements for such COBRA premiums that are subject to Section 409A of the Code of 1986 will be made in accordance with Treasury Regulation § 1.409A-3(i)(1)(iv) (or any similar or successor provisions). Notwithstanding the foregoing, Silvercrest's obligation to reimburse described in the preceding sentence shall cease on the date you become eligible for coverage under another group health plan offered by a new employer or covered under a group health plan of the

employer of your spouse. Nothing herein shall be construed to extend the period of time over which COBRA continuation coverage shall be provided to you or your dependents beyond that mandated by law.

(v) Cash reimbursement for the cost of six (6) months of senior executive level outplacement services using a provider selected by you, up to an aggregate cost of \$50,000.

(vi) Full vesting of all time-based equity awards as of your Termination Date.

(vii) Vesting of performance-based awards upon your Termination Date, based on actual performance.

Silvercrest's obligations under this Section 5 are subject to your compliance with Sections 6 and 7 of this Agreement.

(c) Expiration and Non-Renewal. Subject to Sections 6 and 7, if the Term of this Agreement expires due to Silvercrest electing not to renew the Term in accordance with Section 2, and Silvercrest does not offer you continued employment in the same or a substantially similar position as, or in a higher position than, your position on the date of the expiration of the Term, and at a compensation level that is the same or substantially similar to that in effect on the date of the expiration of the Term, you shall be entitled to resign from employment with Silvercrest as of the end of the Term by written notice given not later than the end of the Term, and such resignation shall be treated as a resignation for Good Reason under Section 5(d). If you elect not to resign at or before the end of the Term, and instead continue employment with Silvercrest after the end of the Term, and if, after the end of the Term, Silvercrest terminates your employment without Cause or you terminate your employment for Good Reason, you shall be entitled to a cash amount equal to the sum of your Base Salary and the Average Bonus, paid in substantially equal installments over twelve (12) months following your Termination Date, and subject to compliance with the terms and restrictions that would have applied under Sections 6 and 7 for a termination during the Term.

(f) Termination by You Without Good Reason or by Silvercrest for Cause. If, during the Term, you terminate employment without Good Reason or Silvercrest terminates your employment for Cause, you shall be entitled to no further compensation or other benefits under this Agreement except for the Accrued Amounts.

(g) No Further Obligations. You shall not be entitled to severance benefits under any other plan or policy of Silvercrest or its affiliates. Silvercrest shall have no obligations to you after your last day of employment following termination of employment under this Section, except as specifically set forth in this Agreement or under any applicable plans, programs, or arrangements of Silvercrest including, without limitation, the Certificate of Incorporation or By-Laws of Silvercrest Asset Management Group Inc., as either may be amended from time to time, and the Equity Plan and any agreements thereunder.

(h) No Mitigation or Offset. In the event of any termination of your employment under this Section 5, you shall be under no obligation to seek other employment or otherwise mitigate your damages, and there shall be no offset against amounts due to you under this Agreement on

account of any remuneration or benefit attributable to any subsequent employment obtained by you, except as provided in Section 5(d)(iv).

6. Release. Any and all amounts payable and benefits or additional rights provided pursuant to this Agreement beyond the Accrued Amounts shall only be payable if you deliver to Silvercrest an original, signed release of claims relating to your employment by Silvercrest or the termination of such employment occurring up to the release date, in a form substantially the same as Silvercrest uses for senior executive officers (the "**Release**"). Silvercrest shall deliver the Release to you within ten (10) calendar days of your Termination Date and you must deliver to Silvercrest an executed and enforceable Release, and the period for you to revoke the Release must have expired without your having revoked it, no later than sixty (60) calendar days after your Termination Date (the "**Release Deadline**"). Payment of the amounts described in Section 5 shall commence no earlier than the date on which you deliver to Silvercrest and do not revoke an executed and enforceable release as described herein. Payment of any severance or benefits that are not exempt from Code Section 409A shall be delayed until the Release Deadline, irrespective of when you execute the Release; provided, however, that where your Termination Date and the Release Deadline occur within the same calendar year, the payment may be made up to thirty (30) calendar days prior to the Release Deadline, and provided further that where your Termination Date and the Release Deadline occur in two separate calendar years, payment may not be made before the later of January 1 of the second year or the date that is thirty (30) calendar days prior to the Release Deadline. As part of the Release, you shall affirm that you (i) have advised Silvercrest, in writing, of any facts of which you are aware that constitute or might constitute a violation of any ethical, legal, or contractual standards or obligations of Silvercrest or any affiliate, and (ii) are not aware of any existing or threatened claims, charges, or lawsuits that you have not disclosed to Silvercrest. The Release shall not require you to release your claim to payments pursuant to Section 5, your right to indemnification and continued liability insurance coverage as described in Section 10, or your rights as a shareholder of Silvercrest Asset Management Group Inc. or as a limited partner of Silvercrest L.P., and shall not impose any restrictive covenants upon your activities after termination in excess of those set forth in this Agreement.

7. Non-Solicitation, Confidentiality. You acknowledge and agree that (i) Silvercrest's present and future business relationships with its clients, employees, vendors, suppliers, and lenders are and will continue to be of a type which normally continue unless interfered with by others, (ii) any statements or actions taken by you to induce any client, employee, vendor, supplier, or lender to terminate, reduce, or not renew any business arrangement with Silvercrest (unless Silvercrest determines that the termination, reduction, or non-renewal is in the best interest of Silvercrest) or to enter into any business arrangement within Silvercrest's line business with any Person (as defined on the Silvercrest TRA) other than Silvercrest would cause irreparable harm to Silvercrest; (iii) the services you are to render to Silvercrest are of a special character, with a value to Silvercrest the loss of which cannot adequately be compensated by damages or an action at law; (iv) if you were to become an employee, adviser, or equity owner of a competing organization, your new obligations and the products, services, and technology of the competing organization would be so similar or related to those contemplated by this Agreement that it would be very difficult for you not to rely on or use Silvercrest's Confidential Information. For purposes of this Section 7, any reference to Silvercrest shall be deemed to include all affiliates of Silvercrest.

(a) Non-Solicitation. Based on the foregoing, during your employment with Silvercrest and for twenty-four (24) months after your Termination Date, you will not, individually or through an agent, or on behalf of another, as an employee, director, owner, partner, member, sole proprietor, consultant, agent, representative, shareholder, or in any other manner or capacity whatsoever:

- (i) contact, directly or indirectly, any client of Silvercrest for the purpose of soliciting or inducing such client to terminate, reduce, or not renew its relationship with Silvercrest;
 - (ii) accept any business involving or relating to the business of Silvercrest from any client of Silvercrest, or enter into a business relationship involving or relating to the business of Silvercrest with any such client (unless approved by the Board in writing);
 - (iii) make any statement or take any action that may interfere with Silvercrest's business relationship with any client, vendor, supplier, or lender;
 - (iv) induce or solicit or attempt to induce or solicit any vendor, supplier, or lender of Silvercrest to terminate, reduce, or not renew its relationship with Silvercrest;
- or
- (v) solicit or induce any individual then employed by Silvercrest to terminate such employment, or hire or attempt to hire any individual who is, or was, within one year prior to your Termination Date, employed, by or associated with Silvercrest as an employee, independent contractor, or agent.

(b) Confidentiality. You agree that during your employment with Silvercrest and thereafter without limitation of time, you will keep confidential and will not disclose or divulge to any third party, or use for any purpose other than your performance of duties pursuant to this Agreement, any client data or information, or any other confidential, proprietary, or secret information of Silvercrest or its clients, including without limitation information concerning business plans, financial statements, operating practices and methods, expansion plans, strategic plans, marketing plans, contracts, client lists, or other business documents that Silvercrest treats as confidential, in any format whatsoever (including oral, written, electronic or any other form or medium) (collectively, "**Confidential Information**"), which you have access to and become acquainted with at Silvercrest in your capacity as an employee or otherwise. You acknowledge and agree that: (i) Silvercrest has invested, and continues to invest, substantial time, expense, and specialized knowledge in developing the Confidential Information; (ii) the Confidential Information provides Silvercrest with a competitive advantage over others in the marketplace; and (iii) Silvercrest would be irreparably harmed if the Confidential Information were disclosed to competitors or made available to the public. The following will not constitute Confidential Information for purposes of this Agreement: (x) information that is already in the public domain or later becomes publicly available through no fault of you; or (y) information that is, in your good faith judgment, requested or required to be disclosed pursuant to any order, law, rule, or regulation applicable to you (provided that you shall provide Silvercrest with reasonable prior notice of such potential disclosure so as to allow Silvercrest the opportunity to obtain a protective order), or is necessary to defend against or assert a claim in connection with this Agreement.

(c) Nondisparagement. During the Term and at all times thereafter, regardless of the reason for termination, you agree not to make, repeat, authorize, or permit any person under your control to make, directly or indirectly, any public statements (whether oral or written), comments, remarks, or publications of any type or of any nature, to anyone, including but not limited to the news media, investors, potential investors, industry analysts, competitors, strategic partners, vendors, employees (past and present), and customers, which would defame or disparage the business reputation, practices, or conduct of Silvercrest or its affiliates (including its products, services or its business decisions), or their employees, directors or officers, or any of them, at any time now or in the future. During the Term and at all times thereafter, regardless of the reason for termination, Silvercrest agrees that the members of the Board and senior executive officers will not, directly or indirectly, make, repeat, authorize or permit any person under its, his or her control to make any public statements (whether oral or written), comments, remarks, or publications of any type or of any nature to anyone, including but not limited to the news media, industry analysts, competitors, strategic partners, vendors, employees (past and present), and customers, which would defame or disparage your reputation at any time now or in the future. Nothing set forth in this Section 7(c) shall be interpreted to prohibit you, Silvercrest or its affiliates, or the directors, partners, officers and employees of Silvercrest or its affiliates from making truthful statements (i) when required by law, subpoena or court order and/or from responding to any inquiry by any regulatory or investigatory organization, or (ii) in direct rebuttal to a statement made in violation of this Section 7(c).

(d) Nothing in this agreement shall be construed to prohibit you from reporting violations of federal or state law or regulations to any governmental agency or self-regulatory organization, including the Securities and Exchange Commission, or making other disclosures that are protected under whistleblower or other provisions of any applicable federal or state law or regulations. Prior authorization of Silvercrest is not required to make any such reports or disclosures, and you are not required to notify Silvercrest that you have made such reports or disclosures.

8. Change of Control; No Gross-Up. If a Change of Control occurs and payments are made under this Agreement, and a final determination is made by legislation, regulation, or ruling directed to you or Silvercrest, by court decision, or by independent tax counsel, that the aggregate amount of any payments made to you under this Agreement and any other agreement, plan, program, or policy of Silvercrest in connection with, on account of, or as a result of, such Change of Control (the "**Total Payments**") will be subject to an excise tax under the provisions of Code Section 4999, or any successor section thereof ("**Excise Tax**"), the Total Payments shall be reduced (beginning with those that are exempt from Code Section 409A) so that the maximum amount of the Total Payments (after reduction) shall be one dollar (\$1.00) less than the amount that would cause the Total Payments to be subject to the Excise Tax; provided, however, that the Total Payments shall only be reduced to the extent that the after-tax value of amounts received by you after application of the above reduction would exceed the after-tax value of the Total Payments received by you without application of such reduction. For this purpose, the after-tax value of an amount shall be determined taking into account all federal, state, and local income, employment, and excise taxes applicable to such amount. In making any determination as to whether the Total Payments would be subject to an Excise Tax, consideration shall be given to whether any portion of the Total Payments could reasonably be considered, based on the relevant facts and circumstances, to be reasonable compensation for services rendered (whether before or after the consummation of the

applicable Change of Control). To the extent Total Payments must be reduced pursuant to this Section, the Total Payments will be reduced in the following order: (i) first, all cash payments, in the inverse order of payment; (ii) second, all performance-vested equity awards, the vesting of which was accelerated by the Change of Control; (iii) all time-vested equity awards, the vesting of which was accelerated by the Change of Control; and (iv) all other benefits.

(a) In the event that upon any audit by the Internal Revenue Service, or by a state or local taxing authority, of the Total Payments, a change is determined to be required in the amount of taxes paid by, or Total Payments made to, you, appropriate adjustments will be made under this Agreement such that the net amount that is payable to you after taking into account the provisions of Code Section 4999 will reflect the intent of the parties as expressed in Section 5(d) of this Agreement. You shall notify Silvercrest in writing of any claim by the Internal Revenue Service that, if successful, would require payment of an Excise Tax or an additional Excise Tax on the Total Payments (a "Claim"). Such notification shall be given as soon as practicable but no later than thirty (30) calendar days after you are informed in writing of such Claim and you shall apprise Silvercrest of the nature of such Claim and the date on which such Claim is requested to be paid. You shall not pay such Claim prior to the expiration of the thirty (30) calendar day period following the date on which you give such notice to Silvercrest (or such shorter period ending on the date that any payment of taxes with respect to such Claim is due). If Silvercrest notifies you in writing prior to the expiration of such period that it desires to contest such Claim, you shall: (i) give Silvercrest any information reasonably requested by Silvercrest relating to such Claim, (ii) take such action in connection with contesting such Claim as Silvercrest shall reasonably request in writing from time to time, including, without limitation, accepting legal representation with respect to such Claim by an attorney reasonably selected by Silvercrest, (iii) cooperate with Silvercrest in good faith in order to contest effectively such Claim, and (iv) permit Silvercrest to participate in any proceedings relating to such Claim; provided, however, that Silvercrest shall bear and pay directly all costs and expenses (including additional interest and penalties) incurred in connection with such contest and shall indemnify and hold you harmless for any Excise Tax, additional Excise Tax, or income tax (including interest and penalties with respect thereto) imposed as a result of such representation and payment of costs and expenses. Without limitation on the foregoing provisions of this Section 8(a), Silvercrest, at its sole option, may pursue or forgo any and all administrative appeals, proceedings, hearings, and conferences with the taxing authority in respect of such Claim and may, at its sole option, either direct you to pay the tax claimed and sue for a refund or contest the Claim in any permissible manner, and you agree to prosecute such contest to a determination before any administrative tribunal, in a court of initial jurisdiction and in one (1) or more appellate courts, as Silvercrest shall determine, provided, however, that if Silvercrest directs you to pay such Claim and sue for a refund, Silvercrest shall advance the amount of such payment to you on an interest-free basis or, if such an advance is not permissible thereunder, pay the amount of such payment to you as additional compensation, and shall indemnify and hold you harmless from any Excise Tax, additional Excise Tax, or income tax (including interest or penalties with respect thereto) imposed with respect to such advance or additional compensation. Silvercrest shall reimburse any fees and expenses provided for under this Section 8(a) on or before the last day of your taxable year following the taxable year in which the fee or expense was incurred, and in accordance with the other requirements of Code Section 409A and Treasury Regulation § 1.409A-3(i)(1)(v) (or any similar or successor provisions). If Silvercrest either elects not to contest the Claim, or is unsuccessful in contesting the Claim, Silvercrest shall indemnify and hold you harmless from any Excise Tax, additional Excise Tax, or

income tax (including interest or penalties with respect thereto) imposed with respect to such Claim.

(b) If, after the receipt by you of an amount advanced or paid by Silvercrest pursuant to Section 8(a) above, you become entitled to receive any refund with respect to such Claim, you shall (subject to Silvercrest's complying with the requirements of Section 8(a)) promptly pay to Silvercrest the amount of such refund (together with any interest paid or credited thereon after taxes applicable thereto). If, after the receipt by you of an amount advanced by Silvercrest pursuant to Section 8(a), a determination is made that you shall not be entitled to any refund with respect to such Claim and Silvercrest does not notify you in writing of its intent to contest such denial of refund prior to the expiration of sixty (60) calendar days after such determination, then such advance shall be forgiven and shall not be required to be repaid.

9. Compensation Recovery Policy. Notwithstanding any provision in this Agreement to the contrary, payments under this Agreement will be subject to any Compensation Recovery Policy established by Silvercrest and amended from time to time, provided that such Compensation Recovery Policy is either adopted by Silvercrest in compliance with any applicable law or regulations, or is applicable to all senior executives of Silvercrest.

10. Indemnification and Insurance. During the Term and at all times thereafter, regardless of the reason for termination, Silvercrest shall indemnify, protect, defend and save you harmless from and against any threatened, pending, contemplated or completed action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, in which you are made a party by reason of the fact that you are or were an officer, employee or agent of Silvercrest, or any judgment, amount paid in settlement (with the consent of Silvercrest), fine, loss, expense, cost, damage and reasonable attorneys' fees incurred by reason of the fact that you are or were an officer, employee or agent of Silvercrest; provided, however, that you acted in good faith and in a manner you reasonably believed to be in the best interests of Silvercrest, and with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, had no reasonable cause to believe your conduct was unlawful. You also shall be indemnified under the governing instruments of Silvercrest and its affiliates, including the Articles of Incorporation and By-Laws of Silvercrest Asset Management Group Inc., and covered by directors' and officers' liability insurance policies that are the same as or equivalent to those Silvercrest currently carries for its current directors and active senior executive officers.

11. Modification and Waiver of Breach. No waiver or modification of this Agreement shall be binding unless it is in writing, signed by the parties hereto. No waiver of a breach hereof shall be deemed to constitute a waiver of a further breach, whether of a similar or dissimilar nature.

12. Assignment. This Agreement is personal in nature and shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of any successor of Silvercrest and any such successor shall thereafter be deemed substituted for Silvercrest under the terms of this Agreement for all subsequent purposes, but this Agreement shall not otherwise be assignable by either party. As used herein, "successor" shall include any person, firm, corporation, or other business entity which at any time, whether by merger, liquidation, purchase, or otherwise, acquires substantially all of the business of Silvercrest, provided that such successor either expressly assumes, or by operation of law is bound by, all of the terms of this Agreement.

13. Notice. Any notice, request, demand, or other communication required or permitted to be given hereunder shall be in writing and personally delivered or sent by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, or by an electronic communication followed by a confirmation letter sent by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, addressed as follows:

To Silvercrest: Silvercrest Asset Management Group LLC
1330 Avenue of the Americas, 38th Floor
New York, NY 10019
Attention: Office of the General Counsel
Tel: 212-649-0623
generalcounsel@silvercrestgroup.com

To you: J. Allen Gray
521 Leopard Road
Berwyn, Pennsylvania 19312

(or by hand if you are still on Silvercrest premises).

Silvercrest or you may, at any time, by notice to the other parties, designate another address for service of notice on such party. When the letter, facsimile, or electronic communication is dispatched as provided for above, the notice shall be deemed to be made when the addressee receives the letter, facsimile, or electronic communication, or within three (3) business days after it is sent, whichever is earlier.

14. Partial Invalidity. If any provision of this Agreement is held invalid or unenforceable, either in its entirety or by virtue of its scope or application to given circumstances, such provision shall thereupon be deemed (i) modified only to the extent necessary to render it valid, or (ii) not applicable to given circumstances, or (iii) excised from this Agreement, as the situation may require, and this Agreement shall be construed and enforced as if such provision had been included herein as so modified in scope or application, or had not been included herein, as the case may be.

15. Construction of Agreement. This Agreement constitutes the entire understanding between the parties with respect to the subject matter hereof and thereof, superseding all negotiations, prior discussions, and preliminary agreements, written or oral, except that all terms and provisions of this Agreement are subject to the terms and provisions of the Silvercrest LPA, the Silvercrest TRA, the Exchange Agreement dated June 26, 2013, and the Resale and Registration Rights Agreement dated June 26, 2013. The language used in this Agreement shall be deemed to be the language chosen by the parties hereto to express their mutual intent, and no rule of strict construction shall be applied against any party. All references in this Agreement to the foregoing agreements shall refer to the terms of such agreements as in effect on the date of this Agreement, and shall not include any amendments to any of such agreements that are materially adverse to you unless consented to by you in writing.

16. Captions and Headings. The captions and paragraph headings used in this Agreement are for convenience of reference only, and shall not affect the construction or interpretation of this Agreement or any of the provisions hereof.

17. Governing Law. THIS AGREEMENT AND ALL ISSUES RELATING TO ITS VALIDITY, INTERPRETATION, PERFORMANCE, REMEDIATION, AND ENFORCEMENT SHALL BE GOVERNED BY AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DOMESTIC LAWS OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE, NOTWITHSTANDING ANY CHOICE-OF-LAWS DOCTRINES OF SUCH JURISDICTION OR ANY OTHER JURISDICTION WHICH ORDINARILY WOULD CAUSE THE SUBSTANTIVE LAW OF ANOTHER JURISDICTION TO APPLY, WITHOUT THE AID OF ANY CANON, CUSTOM, OR RULE OF LAW REQUIRING CONSTRUCTION AGAINST THE DRAFTSMAN.

18. Dispute Resolution. If a dispute arises between us in connection with this Agreement or a disagreement regarding the interpretation of any provision hereof or any document or instrument delivered in connection herewith (a "**Dispute**"), we shall use the procedure set forth herein in good faith prior to pursuing other available judicial or non-judicial remedies. A meeting shall be held between us within five business days after written notice of a Dispute from one of us to the other. The meeting shall be attended by a representative of each party having decision making authority regarding the Dispute to attempt in good faith to negotiate a resolution of the Dispute. If no such resolution is negotiated, the matter shall be resolved by arbitration in New York City before a single arbitrator under JAMS/Endispute's Comprehensive Arbitration Rules and Procedures in effect at the time of filing of the demand for arbitration. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the arbitrator shall, to the extent necessary, modify the applicable arbitration rules and procedures to provide for fair and adequate discovery to be permitted by the parties to the Dispute under the circumstances. Such award shall be final and binding upon the parties and may be entered in any court of competent jurisdiction. If at any time JAMS/Endispute or the applicable arbitration rules and procedures shall cease to exist, we shall negotiate in good faith to provide for appropriate substitutes and make any necessary modifications to this Section 18. The parties hereby waive their respective rights to trial by jury. Notwithstanding the foregoing, this Section 18 shall not preclude either party from pursuing a court action for the sole purpose of obtaining a temporary restraining order or a preliminary injunction in circumstances in which such relief is appropriate; provided that any other relief shall be pursued through an arbitration proceeding pursuant to this Section 18. Silvercrest and you agree to keep the outcome of, and all documents, meetings, and proceedings related to such arbitration or resolution strictly confidential, except to the extent required by law, subpoena or court order and/or from responding to any inquiry by any regulatory or investigatory organization.

19. Injunctive Relief. You hereby acknowledge that Silvercrest would suffer irreparable injury if the provisions of Section 7 hereof, which shall survive the termination of your employment, were breached and that Silvercrest's remedies at law or in Dispute resolution would be inadequate in the event of such breach. Accordingly, you hereby agree that any such breach or threatened breach may, in addition to any and all other available remedies, be preliminarily enjoined in any court of competent jurisdiction by Silvercrest without having to prove the inadequacy of the available remedies at law.

20. Costs. Silvercrest will be responsible for expenses it incurs and you will be responsible for expenses you incur in connection with any dispute pertaining to the provisions or the enforcement thereof; such expenses shall include, but not be limited to, legal and other professional fees and out-of-pocket disbursements. The expenses of arbitration, including filing fees and the fee and expenses of the arbitrator, shall be divided equally between us. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the

arbitrator shall have the authority, in his discretion, to award the prevailing party all or a portion of such party's expenses, including fees and disbursements of legal counsel.

21. Limited Partnership Agreement. Nothing in this Agreement shall diminish any of your obligations as Limited Partner thereunder.

22. Acceptance and Representations.

(a) You represent that you have been or have had the opportunity to be represented by counsel of your choice in connection with the negotiation and execution of this Agreement.

(b) You represent and warrant that, to the best of your knowledge, (i) you have not breached and will not, in furtherance of this Agreement, on behalf of Silvercrest or in the course of your employment by Silvercrest, breach any legal, regulatory, contractual, or other obligation to preserve the confidentiality of any information, client lists, trade secrets, or other confidential information, or refrain from competing or interfering with any prior employer's business, and (ii) that neither the execution of this agreement nor the performance by you of your obligations hereunder will conflict with, result in a breach of, or constitute a default under, any obligation to which you are a party or to which you may be subject, except any deferred compensation agreement(s) that may result in a forfeiture of deferred compensation. Further, you agree that in performing your obligations hereunder, you will not use or disclose any prior employer's or any other person or entity's (other than Silvercrest's) confidential information and will rely solely on your generalized knowledge and skill, the resources to be provided to you by Silvercrest, and information that is readily ascertainable by proper means, is generally known to others in the industry, or is otherwise unprotected by law.

23. Code Section 409A. This Agreement is intended to comply with Code Section 409A and the interpretative guidance thereunder, including the exceptions for short-term deferrals, separation pay arrangements, reimbursements, and in-kind distributions, and shall be administered accordingly. This Agreement shall be construed and interpreted with such intent. Each payment under Section 5 of this Agreement or any Benefit Plan is intended to be treated as one of a series of separate payments for purposes of Code Section 409A and Treasury Regulation § 1.409A-2(b)(2)(iii). Any payment under Section 5 that is subject to Code Section 409A will not be made before the date that is six (6) months after the Termination Date or, if earlier, the date of your death (the "**Six-Month Delay Rule**") if you are a Specified Employee (as defined below) as of your termination of employment. Payments to which you otherwise would be entitled during the first six months following your termination of employment (the "**Six-Month Delay**") will be accumulated and paid on the first day of the seventh month following your termination of employment. Notwithstanding the Six-Month Delay Rule, to the maximum extent permitted under Code Section 409A and Treasury Regulation § 1.409A-1(b)(9)(iii) (or any similar or successor provisions), during the Six-Month Delay and as soon as practicable after satisfaction of Section 13 of this Agreement, Silvercrest will pay you an amount equal to the lesser of (A) the total severance scheduled to be provided under Section 5 above, or (B) two times the lesser of (1) the maximum amount that may be taken into account under a qualified plan pursuant to Code Section 401(a)(17) for the year in which Your termination of employment occurs, and (2) the sum of your annualized compensation based upon the annual rate of pay for services provided to Silvercrest for the taxable year of preceding the taxable year in which your termination of employment occurs; provided that amounts paid under this sentence will count toward, and will not be in addition to, the total

payment amount required to be made to you by Silvercrest under Section 10 above. For purposes of this Agreement, the term "**Specified Employee**" has the meaning given to that term in Code Section 409A and Treasury Regulation § 1.409A-1(i) (or other similar or successor provisions). Silvercrest's "specified employee identification date" (as described in Treasury Regulation § 1.409A-1(i)(3) or any similar or successor provisions) will be December 31 of each year, and

Silvercrest's "specified employee effective date" (as described in Treasury Regulation § 1.409A-1(i)(4) or any similar or successor provisions) will be April 1 of each succeeding year. For purposes of this Agreement, your employment with Silvercrest and its affiliates shall be deemed to be terminated when you have a "separation from service" within the meaning of Code Section 409A, and references in this Agreement to Termination Date shall be deemed to refer to such a separation from service.

24. Survival. Sections 5(e), 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 17, 18, 19, and 23 of this Agreement shall survive the expiration or termination of this Agreement.

If the foregoing correctly sets forth our agreement with respect to the matters herein contained, kindly execute a copy of your letter agreement and return it to the undersigned whereupon it shall be a binding agreement among us.

SILVERCREST ASSET MANAGEMENT GROUP LLC

By: /s/ David J. Campbell

Name: David J. Campbell

Title: General Counsel

Agreed to as of the day and year first above written:

/s/ J. Allen Gray

J. Allen Gray

Schedule 1

Bonus.

Bonus periods will be the 12-month calendar years beginning with the date of this Agreement (each an "Annual Bonus Period"). At such time as bonuses are paid to Silvercrest's managing directors with respect to the prior year's performance an annual bonus (your "Annual Bonus") will be paid equal to (a) 15% of the actual net revenues (excluding performance fees) received during the applicable Annual Bonus Period from each New Institutional Client developed by you, PLUS (b) 10% of the actual net revenues (excluding performance fees) received during the applicable Annual Bonus Period from all other institutional clients developed by the employee. "New Institutional Client" refers to an institutional client during the first 12-months of its relationship with Silvercrest.

Consistent with current Silvercrest practice, your Annual Bonuses will be paid to you in full only if you are an employee of Silvercrest in good standing on the date such payments are to be made.

CERTIFICATION

I, Richard R. Hough III, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-Q of Silvercrest Asset Management Group Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ Richard R. Hough III
Richard R. Hough III
Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and President
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: August 3, 2020

CERTIFICATION

I, Scott A. Gerard, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-Q of Silvercrest Asset Management Group Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ Scott A. Gerard

Scott A. Gerard
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

Date: August 3, 2020

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Richard R. Hough III, the Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and President of Silvercrest Asset Management Group Inc. (the "Company"), hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to my knowledge:

- The Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Form 10-Q"), fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- The information contained in the Form 10-Q fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Richard R. Hough III

Richard R. Hough III
Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and President
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: August 3, 2020

The foregoing certification is being furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission as part of the accompanying report on Form 10-Q. A signed original of this statement has been provided to Silvercrest Asset Management Group Inc. and will be retained by Silvercrest Asset Management Group Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Scott A. Gerard, the Chief Financial Officer of Silvercrest Asset Management Group Inc. (the "Company"), hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to my knowledge:

- The Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the three and six months ended June 30, 2020 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Form 10-Q"), fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- The information contained in the Form 10-Q fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Scott A. Gerard

Scott A. Gerard
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

Date: August 3, 2020

The foregoing certification is being furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission as part of the accompanying report on Form 10-Q. A signed original of this statement has been provided to Silvercrest Asset Management Group Inc. and will be retained by Silvercrest Asset Management Group Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.